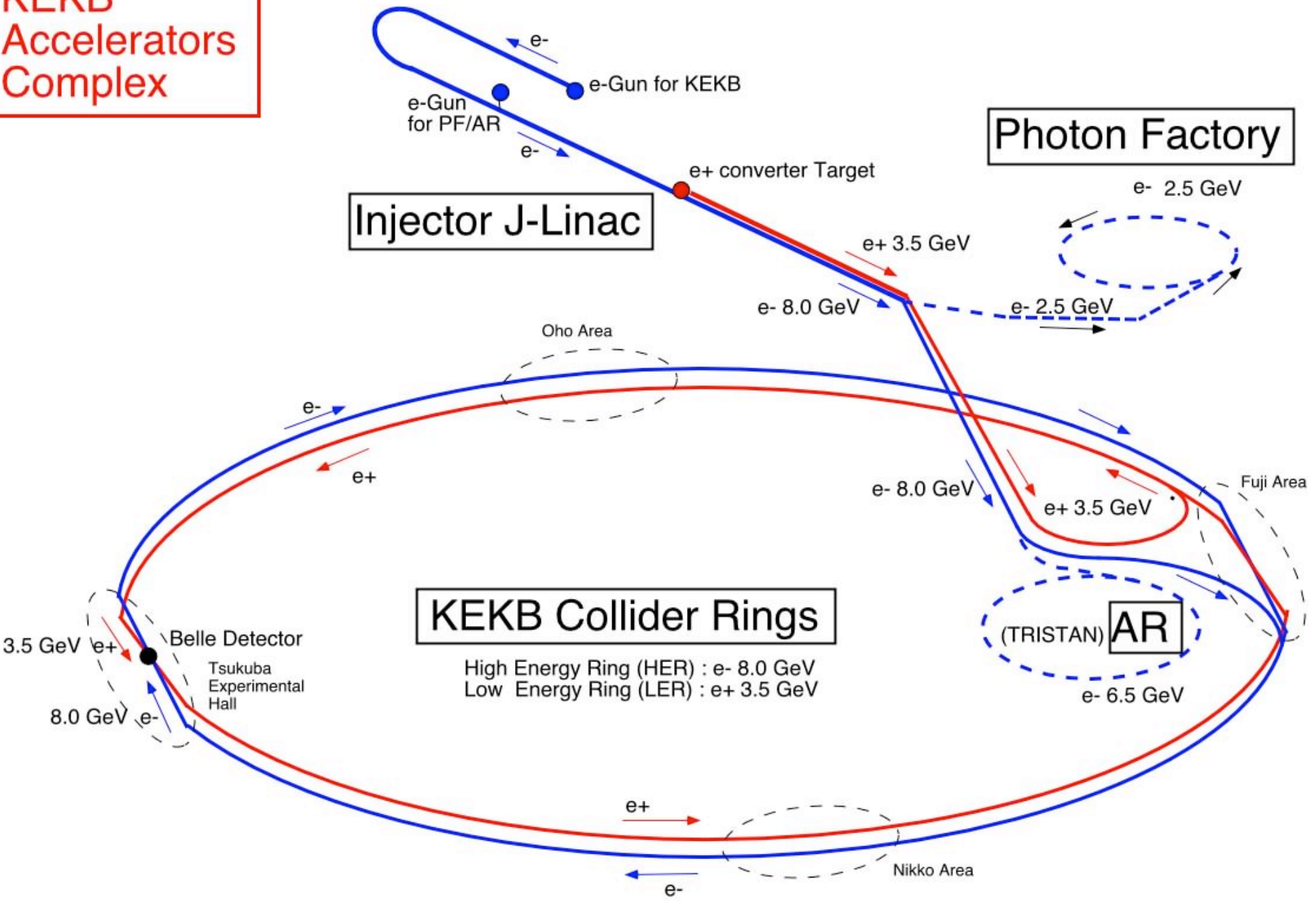


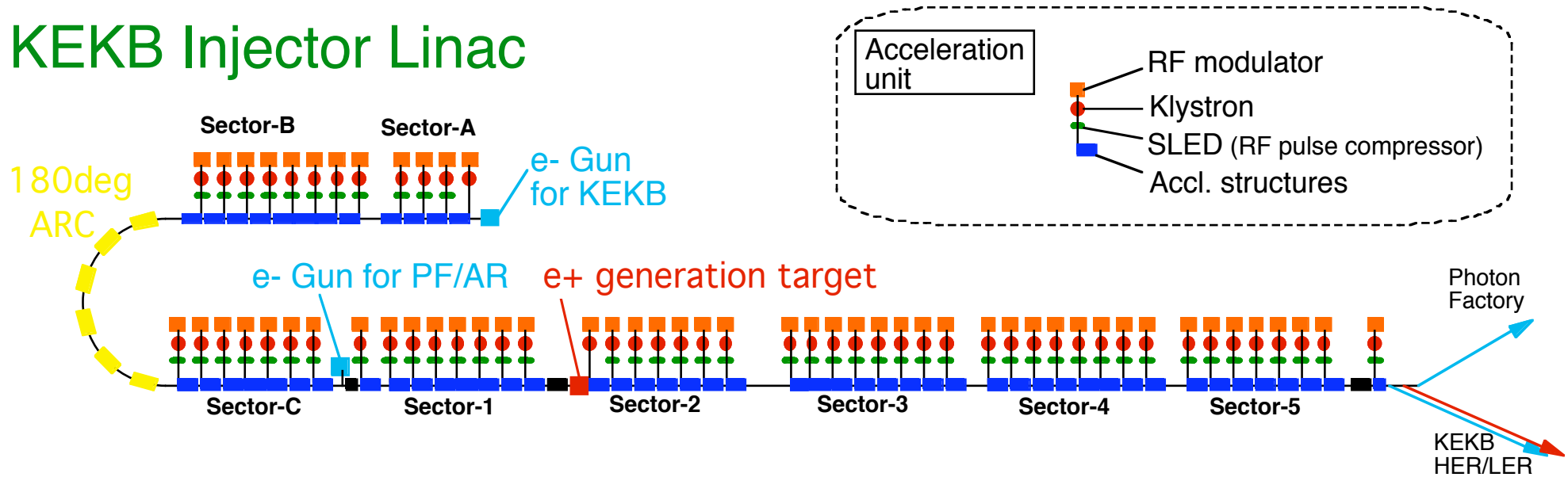
Injector Upgrade for SuperKEKB

Kamitani Takuya (KEK)

KEKB Accelerators Complex

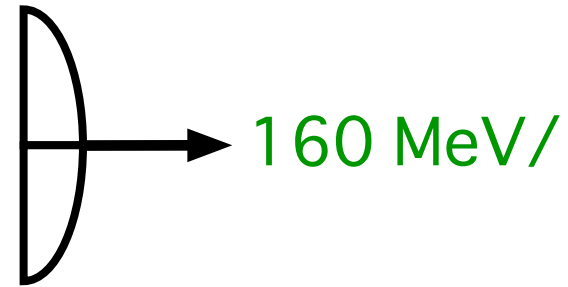


KEKB Injector Linac



Energy gain /

Acceleration field	21 MV/m
Accl. structure length	1.928 m
# of Accl. structures	4 /unit



Total Energy gain

potentiality:

e- to HER:	$(160 \text{ MeV/unit}) \times (55 \text{ accl. units}) = 8800 \text{ MeV}$
e+ to LER:	$(160 \text{ MeV/unit}) \times (29 \text{ accl. units}) = 4640 \text{ MeV}$
e- to Target:	$(160 \text{ MeV/unit}) \times (26 \text{ accl. units}) = 4160 \text{ MeV}$

KEKB Injector Linac Performance

	Electron (e ⁻)	Positron (e ⁺)
Beam Energy	8.0 GeV	3.5 GeV
Charge	1.0 nC/pulse (single bunch / pulse)	0.64 nC/pulse (single bunch / pulse)
Emittance (normalized)	800 mm.mrad	2500 mm.mrad
Energy spread (full width)	< 0.5%	0.5 %
Injection rate	3.0 mA/sec	1.5 mA/sec

SuperKEKB Requirements to Injector

	KEKB		SuperKEKB
Beam Energy (e-)	8.0 GeV	----->	3.5 GeV
(e+)	3.5 GeV	----->	8.0 GeV !!

NEED Energy upgrade for e+ !

	Feb. 2002		KEKB design		SuperKEKB
Stored current (e-)	0.9 A	--->	1.1 A	--->	9.4 A !!
(e+)	1.3 A	--->	2.6 A	--->	4.1 A !!

NEED Intensity upgrade for e-/e+ !

(1) Energy Upgrade

How to increase e^+ Energy ?

Two schemes under consideration

(A) Higher Acceleration Field scheme

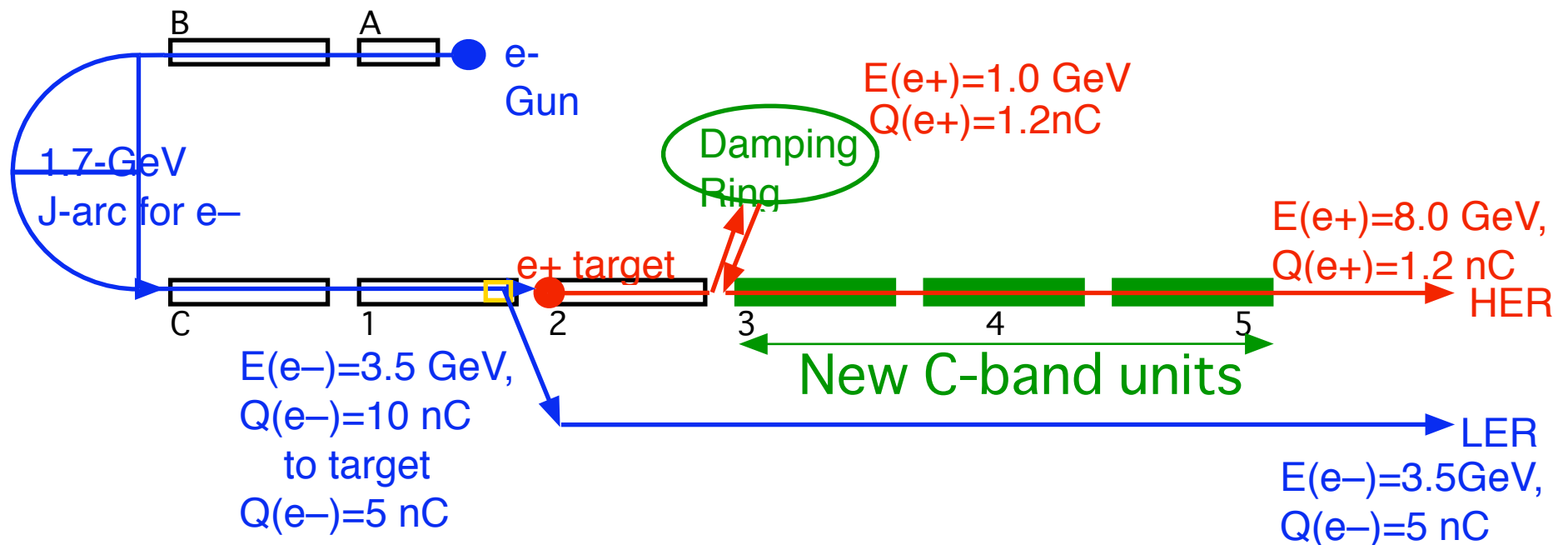
Doubling Acceleration Field (21 -> 42 MV/m)
with C-band system

(B) Beam Recirculation scheme

Recirculate e⁺ beam
with Damping ring and beam return line
in synchronous to next RF pulse

--> Multi-Beam acceleration in same RF pulse
(primary e⁻ and e⁺) (high E e⁺ and low E e⁺)

(A) Higher Acceleration Field scheme

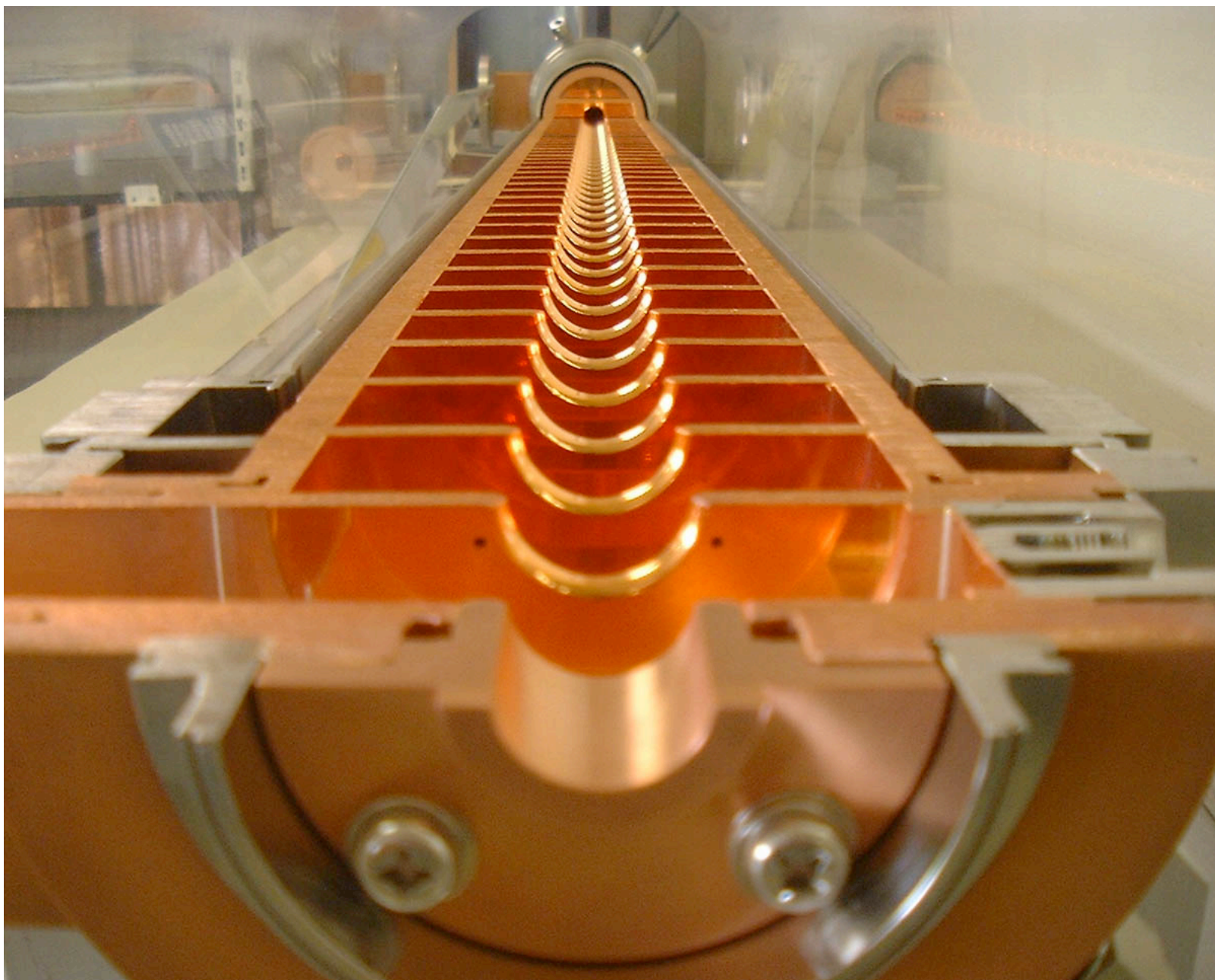


24 accl. units are Replaced to **C-band** ($E_{\text{acc}} = 21 \rightarrow 42 \text{ MV/m}$)
 ($E_{\text{gain}} = 160 \rightarrow 320 \text{ MeV/unit}$)
 (max. e⁺ total $E_{\text{gain}} = 4640 \rightarrow 8640 \text{ MeV}$)

e⁺ Damping Ring for smaller emittance and beam size
 to fit for smaller aperture in C-band accl.

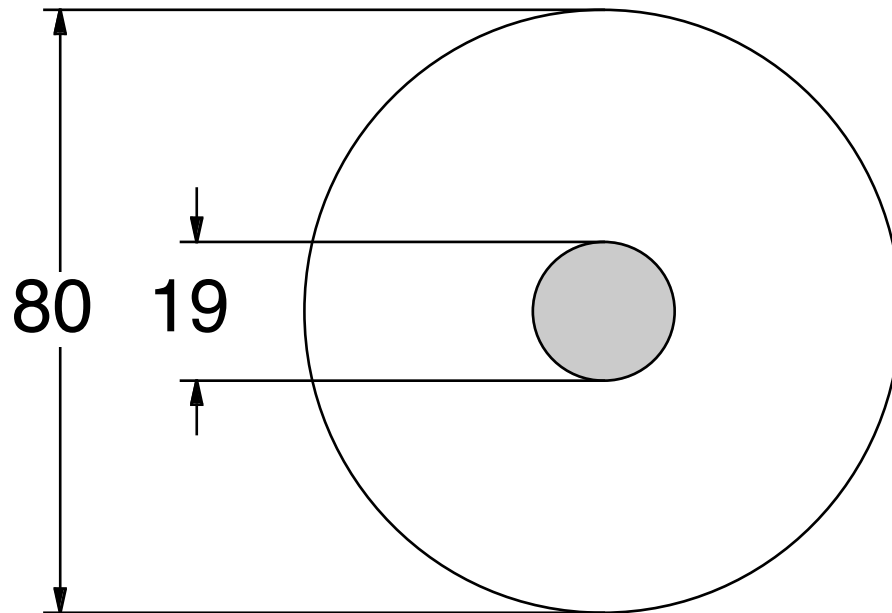
structures

S-band (2856 MHz) accelerating structure



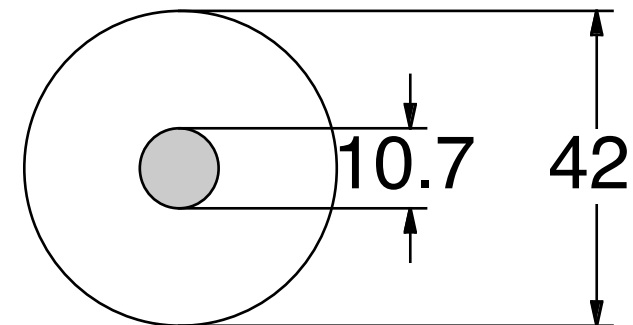
Comparison of accelerating structures

S-band accl.
structure



Accl. Field = 21 MV/

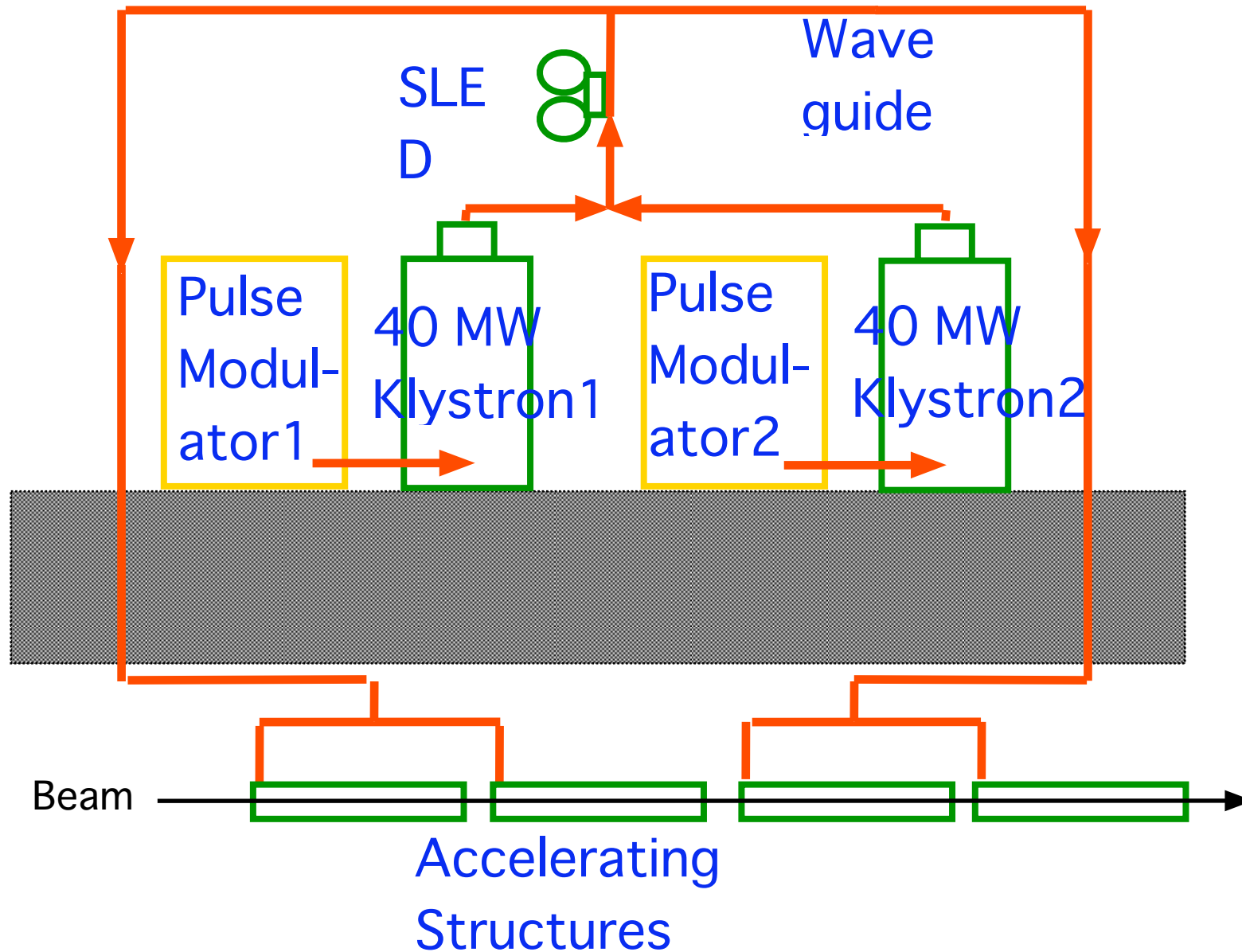
C-band accl. structure
(5712 MHz)



(Unit : mm)

Accl. Field = 42 MV/

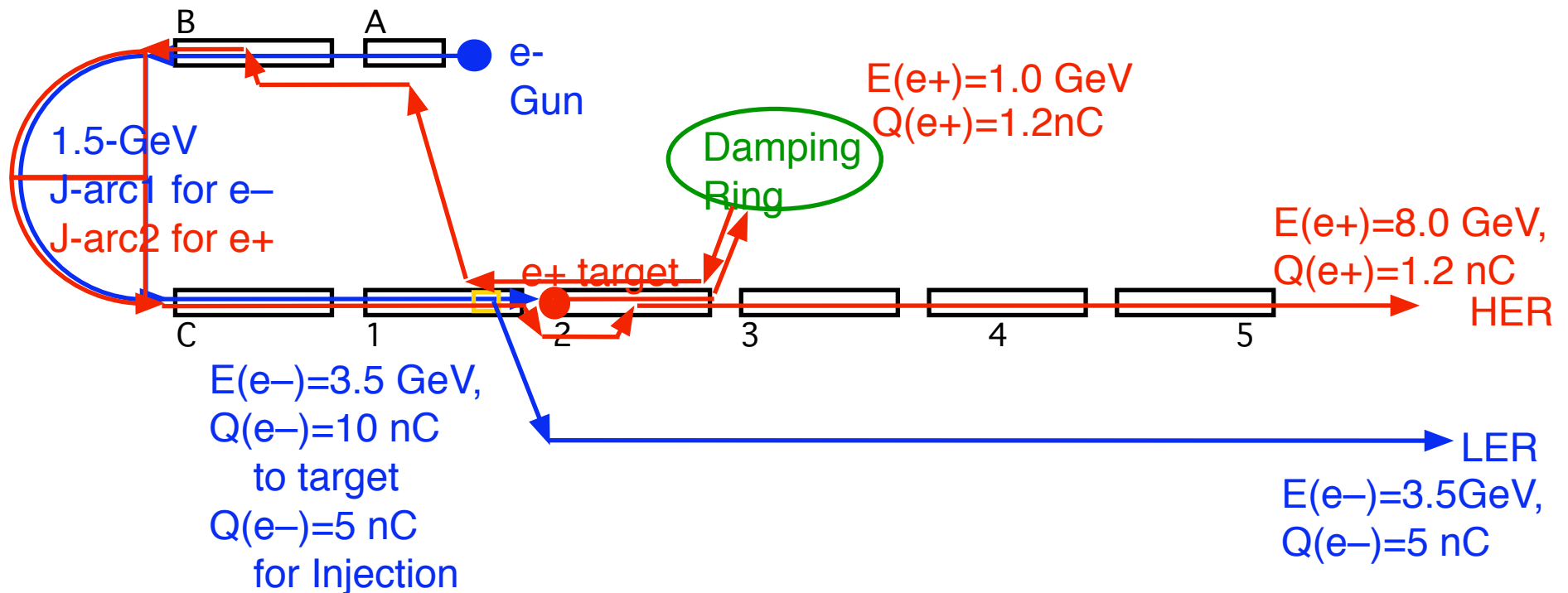
New accelerating unit for C-band structures



C-band accelerating structure parameters for 42 MV/m

	S-band (present)	C-band unit
RF frequency (f)	2856 MHz	5712 MHz
Mode	2/3 p	2/3 p
shunt impedance (r_0)	57 MW	75 MW
Quality factor (Q)	13700	9700
group velocity (v_g)	0.012 c	0.019 c
RF power from Klystron	41 MW 4 msec	2 x 40 MW 2 msec
Power multiplication	3.4 with SLED	3.4 with SLED/LIPS
Acceleration Field (E_0)	21 MV/m	42 MV/m

(B) Beam recirculation scheme



No significant Upgrade in RF sources & accelerating structures

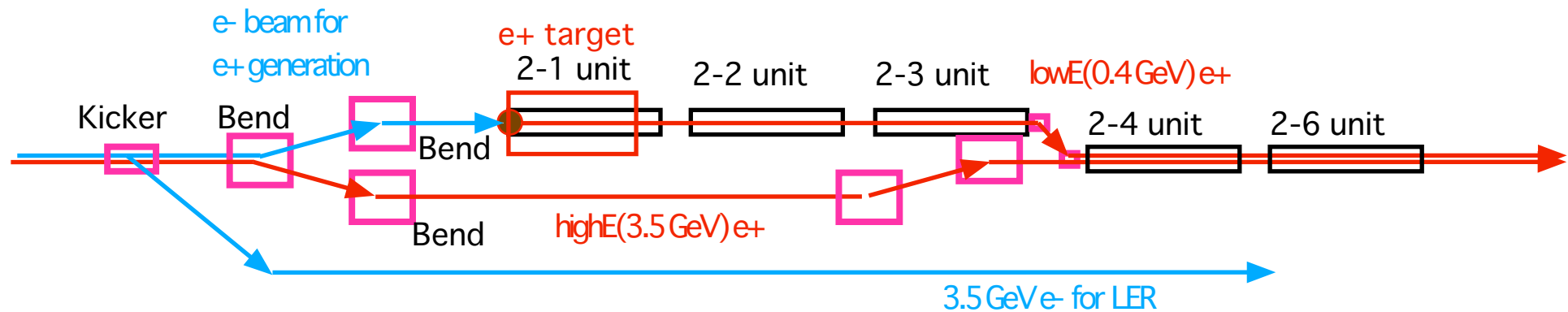
e^+ Damping Ring for synchronization to next RF pulse

e^+ beam return line, 2nd J-arc for e^+ , target-bypass beam line

--> Multi-Beam acceleration in same RF pulse

(primary e^- and e^+) (high E e^+ and low E e^+)

For the simultaneous acceleration of e^- and e^+ beam and low Energy e^+ and high Energy e^+ beams complicated transport line is necessary.



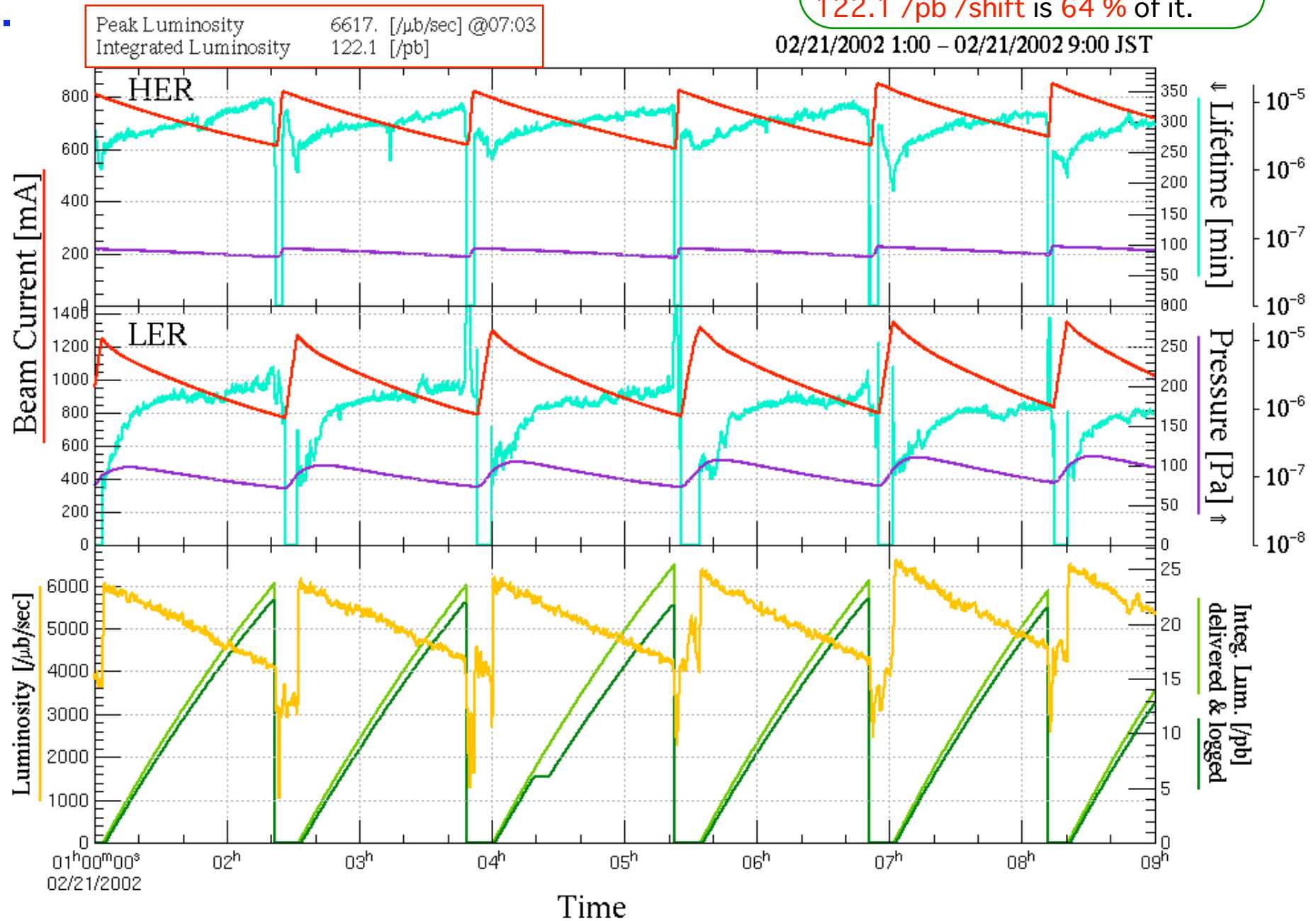
(2) Intensity Upgrade

How much increase ?

How to increase ?

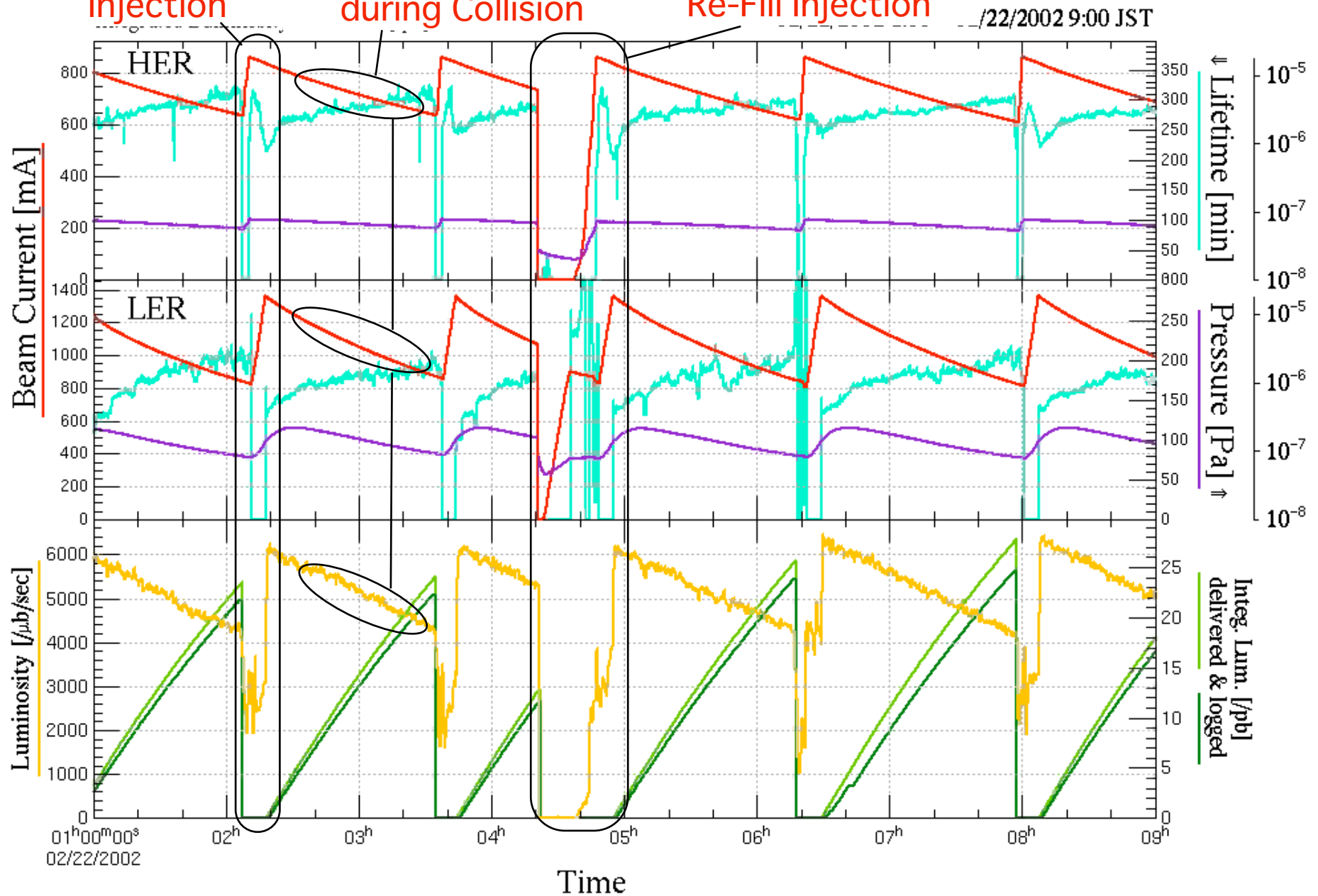
Best Shift (8hours) 2002 Feb.

If L_{Peak} continues for 8 Hours
=> 190 /pb /shift
122.1 /pb /shift is 64 % of it.



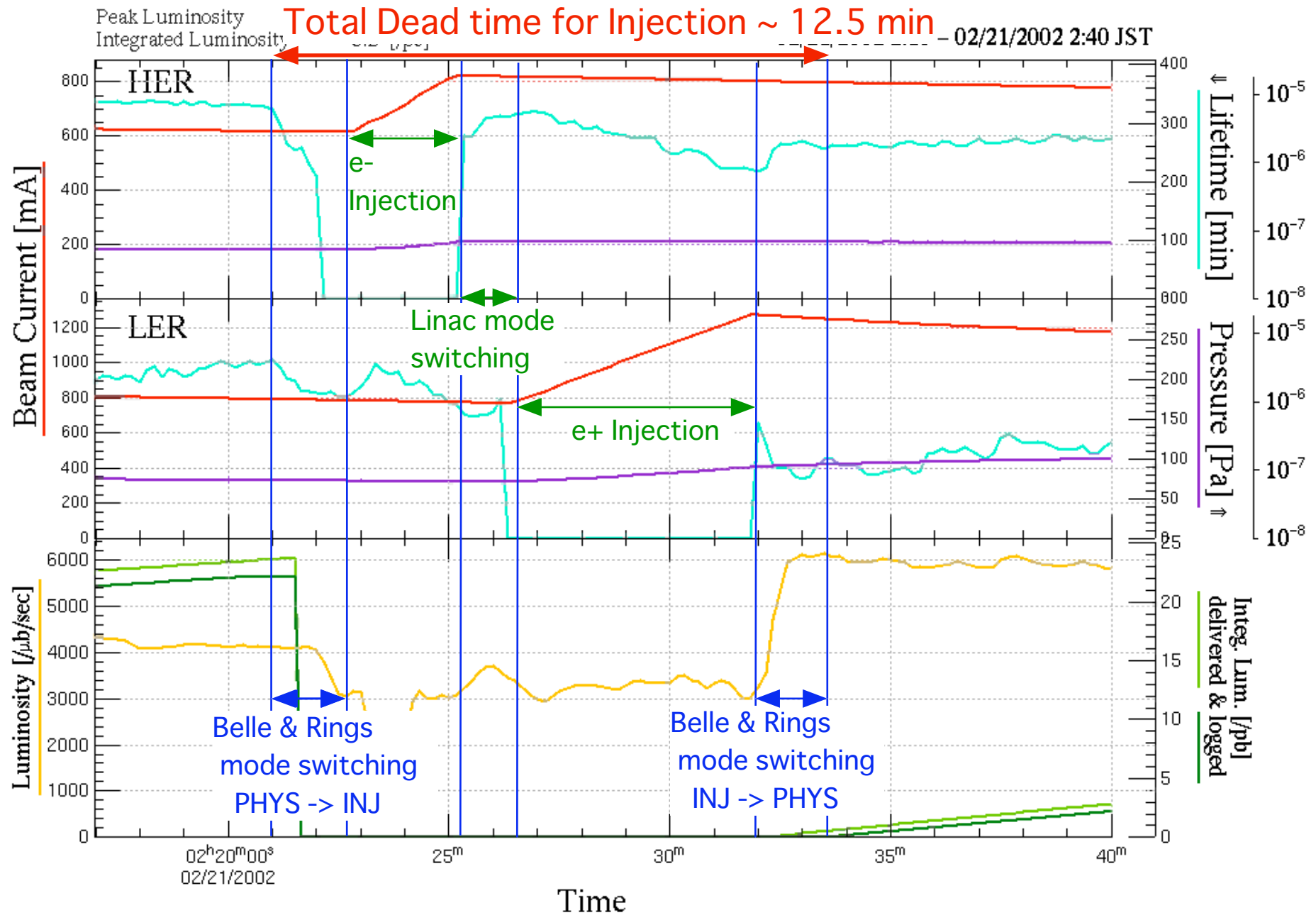
Inefficiency

Fac(1) Topup Injection (2) Current Loss during Collision (3) Beam Abort & Re-Fill Injection

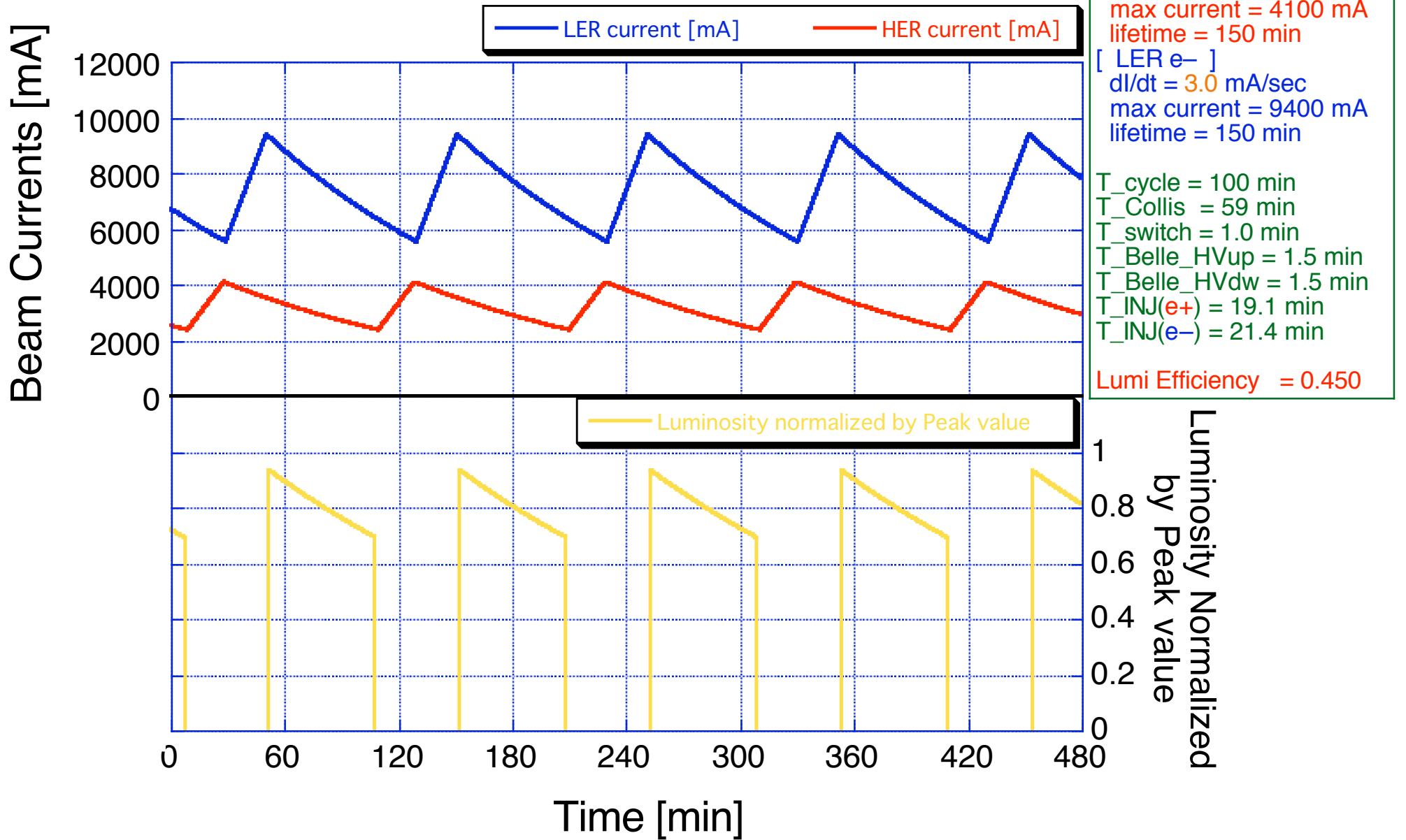


Topup Injection time

Injection interval ~ 86 min

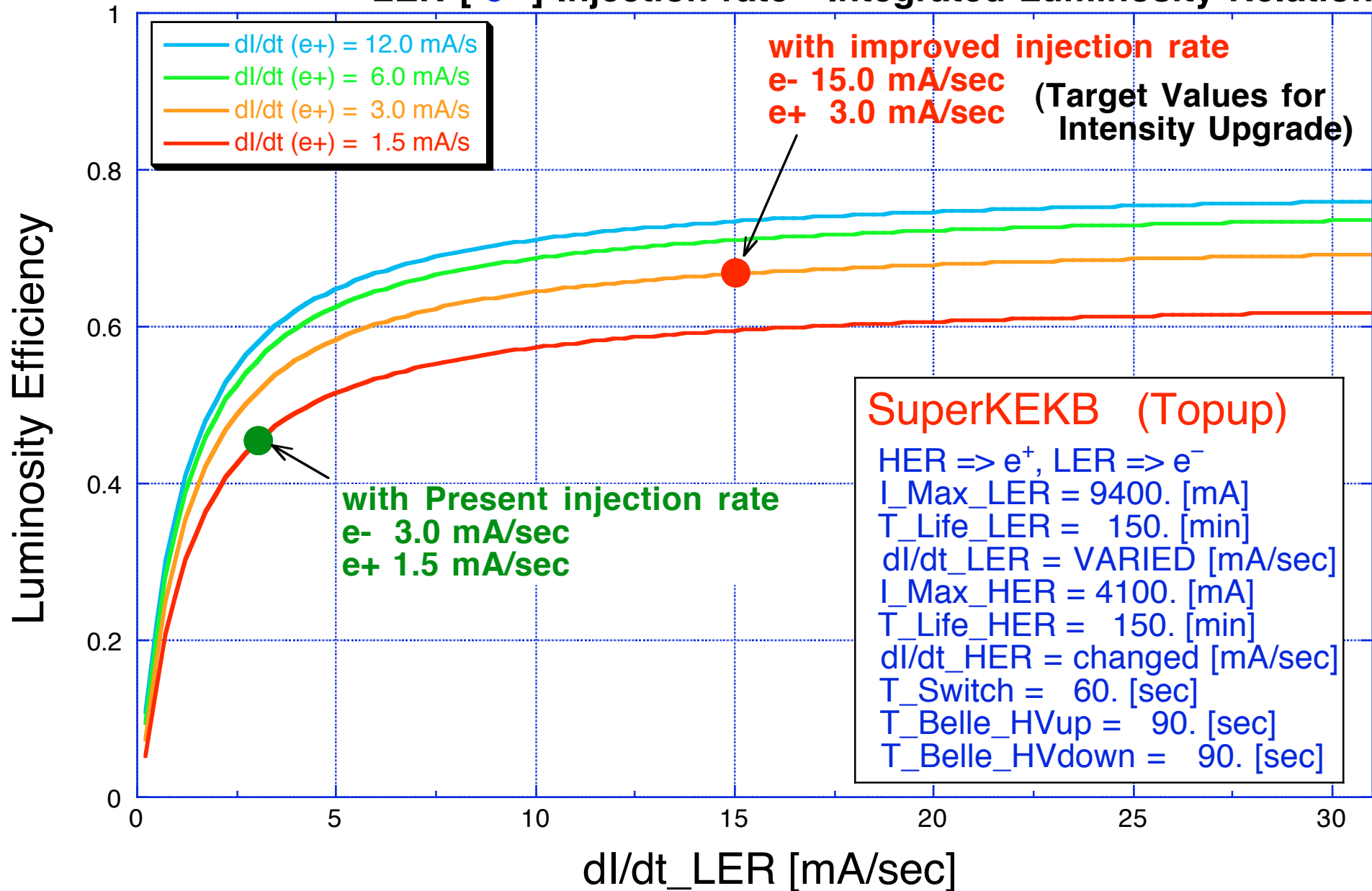


Simulated Run status

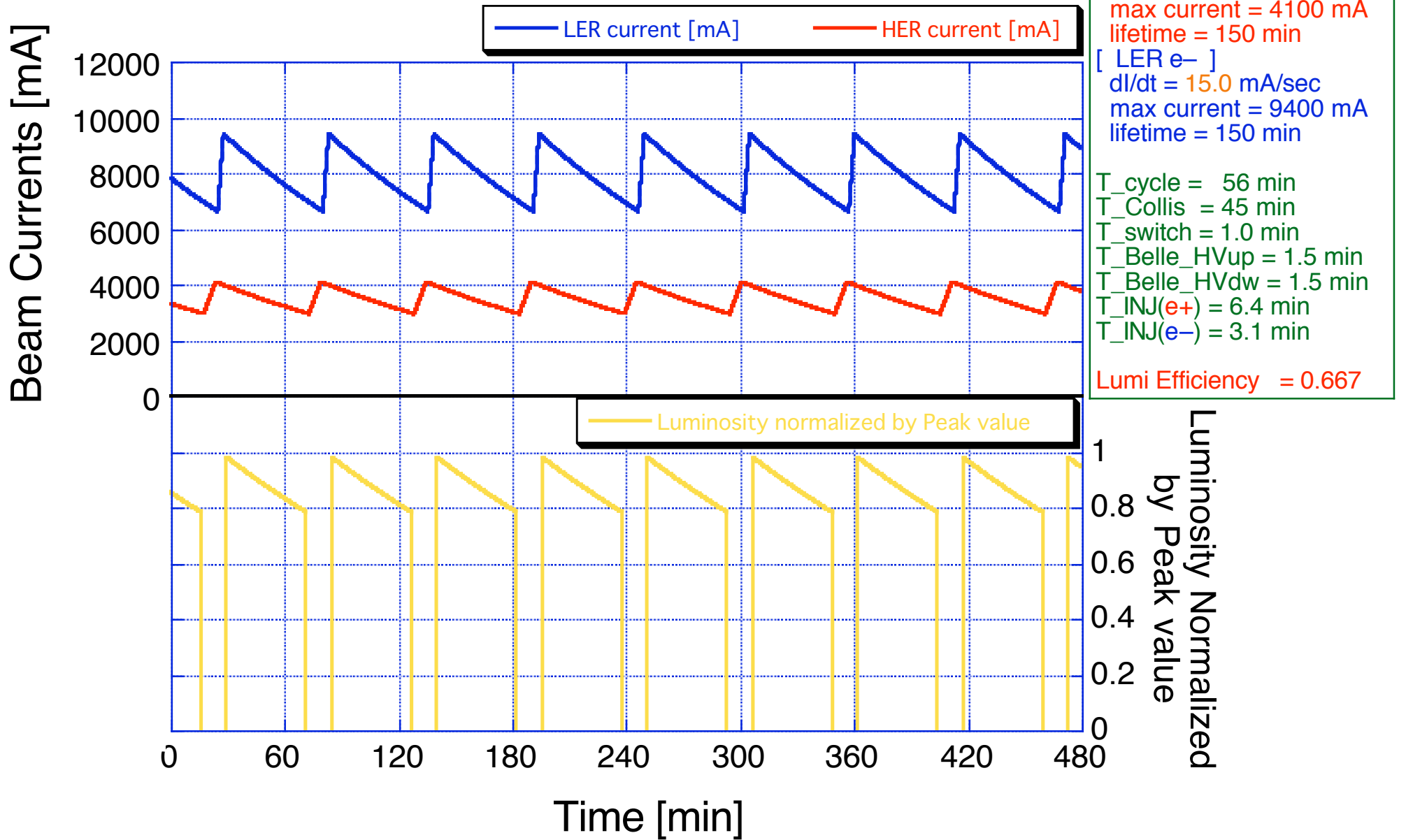


Improvement By Intensity Upgrade

LER [e^-] Injection rate - Integrated Luminosity Relation



Simulated Run status



New Ideas

(1) By Continuous Injection,

- > No gradual Current Loss (e+, e-)
- > No dead time of Beam injection
except Belle data acquisition VETO (2 ms)
- > No dead time of Belle Detector HV Up/Down
- > Less injection current (to make up only gradual loss)

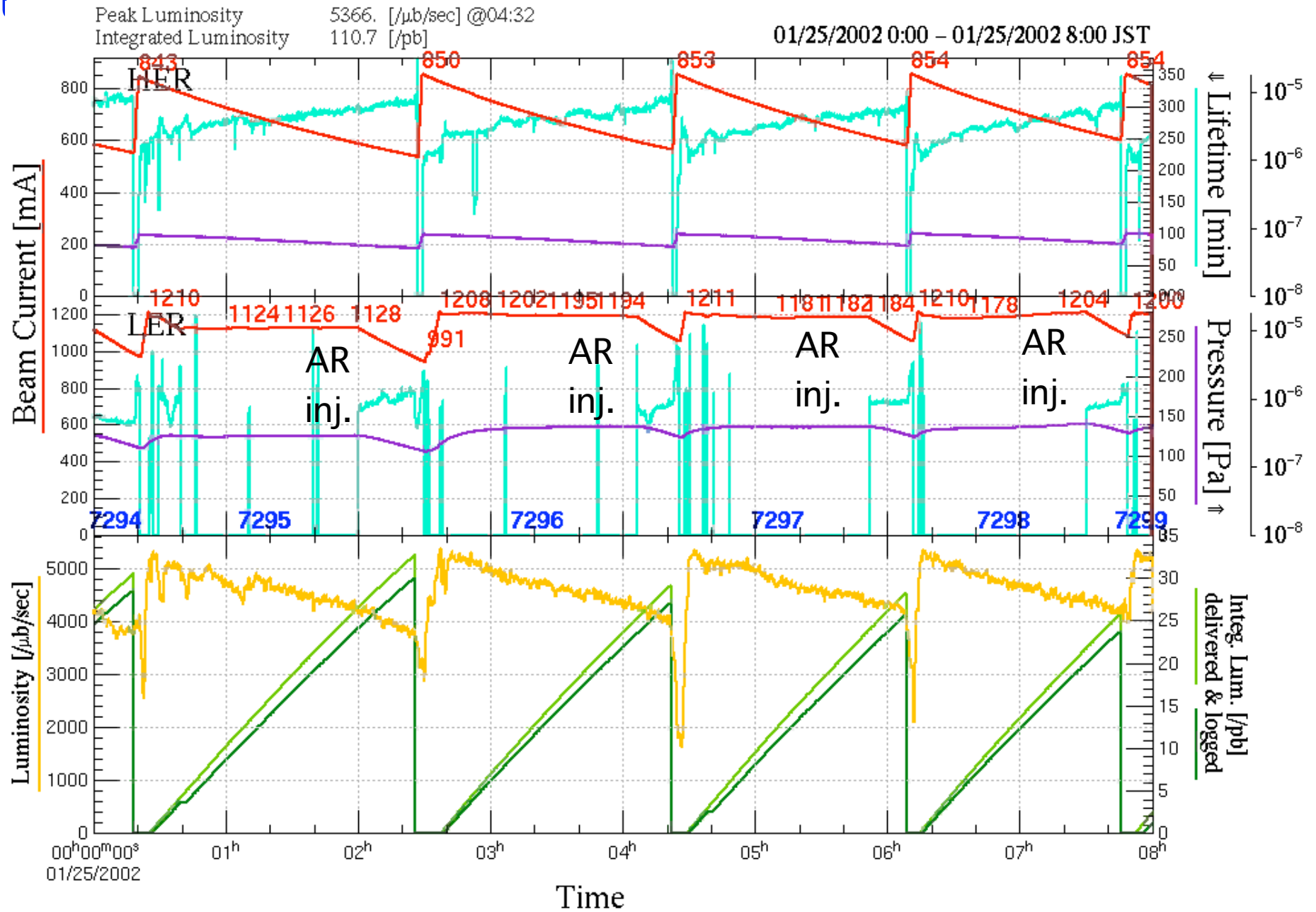
	present
dl/dt (e- Inj.) = 1.01 mA/s	\ll 3.0 mA/s
dl/dt (e+ Inj.) = 0.46 mA/s	\ll 1.5 mA/s

(assuming LER e- 9.4A, HER e+ 4.1A, lifetime 150min)

(GOOD NEWS !!)

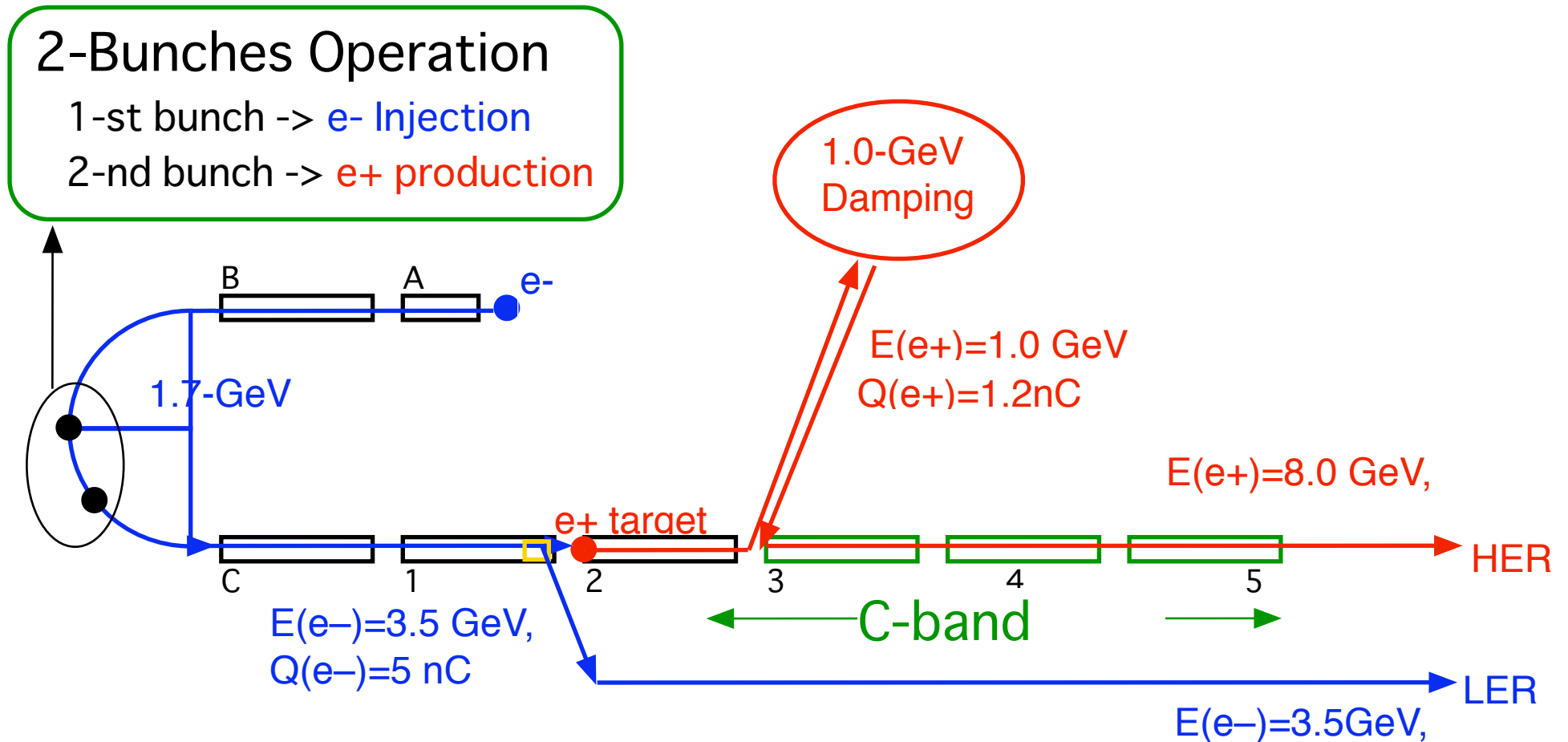
Test KEKB operation with Continuous Injection (e+ only) was successful in 2001 Dec. and 2002 Jan.

Continuous Injection Test

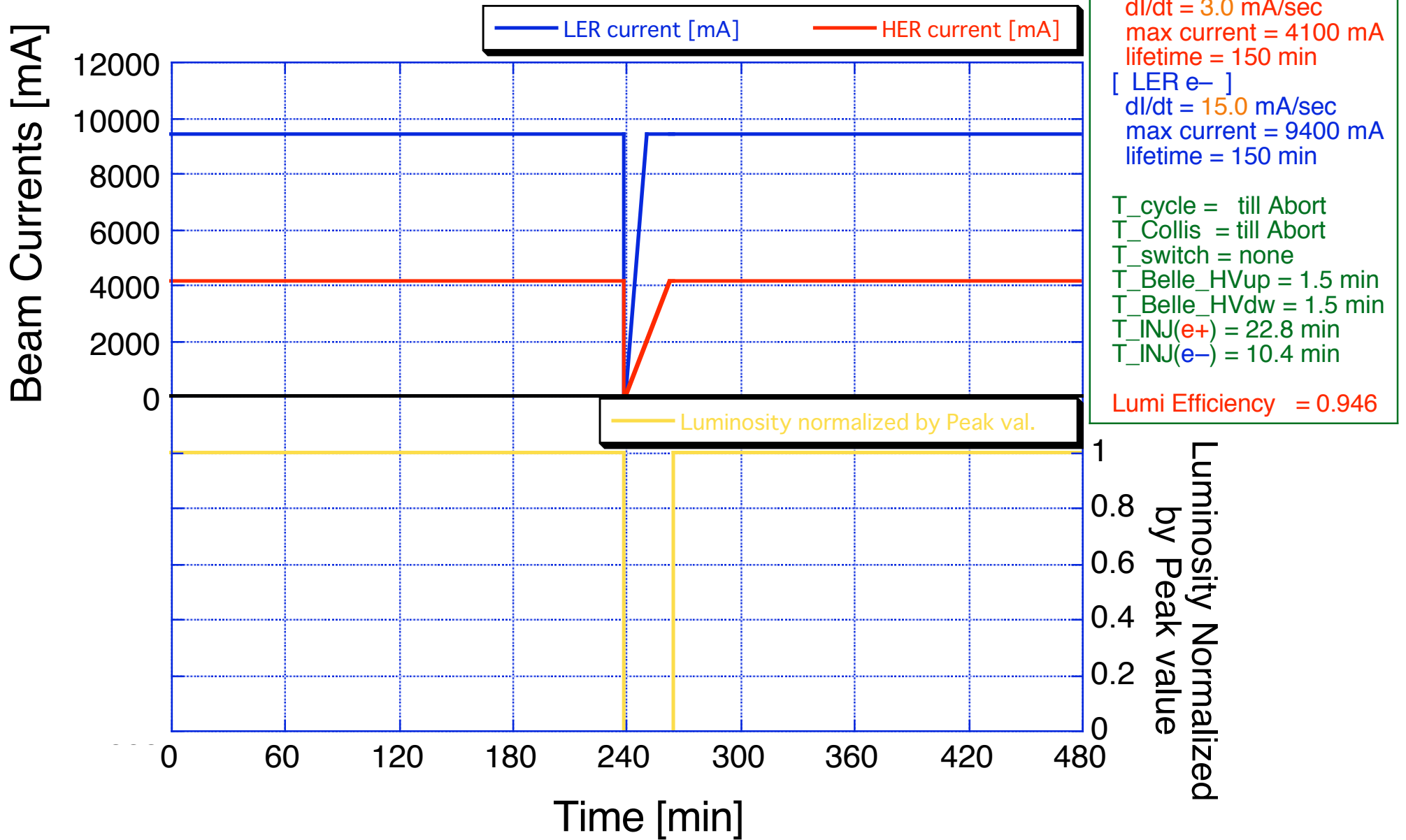


(2) By Simultaneous Injection of e^+/e^-

- > No dead time of Linac Mode change ($e^+ \leftrightarrow e^-$)
- > Perfect constant stored current for e^+ and e^-



Simulated Run status



How to achieve e- Intensity increase

3.0 mA/sec --> 15.0 mA/sec
(1 nC/pulse) (5 nC/pulse)

already 10 nC e- beam is accelerated
to the e+ generation target

No problem on Generation of 5 nC e- beam

* Wake field issue

* Beam quality issue for the Injection

(5 nC beam has larger emittance and energy spread !)

--> IF it is essential, e- Damping Ring ?

How to achieve e+ Intensity increase

1.5 mA/sec --> 3.0 mA/sec
(0.6 nC/pulse) (1.2 nC/pulse)

e+ capture section upgrade

With stronger focusing solenoid (flux concentrator?)

* Beam quality issue for the Injection
if No Damping Ring

Summary1

Energy upgrade for e+ 8.0 GeV injection

(1) Higher accelerating field with C-band structures

Simple Beamline Layout and Operation

Need C-band components R & D

-> Challenge for High acceleration Field

Higher Cost

(2) Beam recirculation with damping ring

Complicated Beamline Layout and Operation

No need for accl. unit upgrade

Lower Cost

Summary2 Intensity upgrade

- (1) e⁻ (x 5 increase) By 5 nC e⁻ beam injection
5 nC beam generation OK
Wake effects -> Beam quality OK ?
- (2) e⁺ (x 2 increase) By Adiabatic Matching system
Need Flux concentrator
- (3) Continuous Injection --> already OK for Linac
- (4) e⁺/e⁻ simultaneous Injection By 2 bunches operation
Need Fast Kicker