Linac Upgrade:

Beam Instrumentation

(Nondestructive Beam-Energy-Spread Monitor System)

M. Satoh, T. Suwada and K. Furukawa (KEKB Linac Control/Commissioning Group)

= Contents =

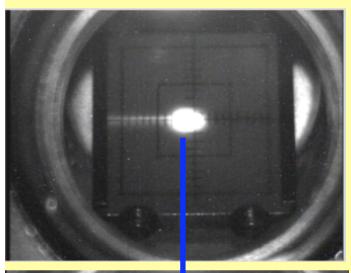
- 1. Motivation
- 2. Nondestructive Energy-Spread Monitor
- 3. Fast DAQ System
- 4. Results of Data Analysis
- 5. Summary & Future Plan

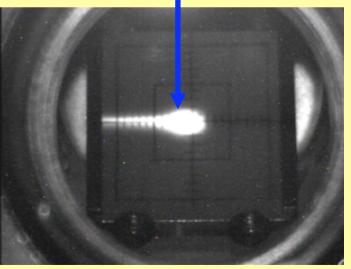
= Motivation =

- Beam feedback controls of the KEKB injector linac are very important for **stable beam operation**:
 - Beam position feedback (works)
 - Beam energy feedback (works)
 - Beam energy-spread feedback (under construction)

Nondestructive Beam-energy-spread monitor is strongly required!!

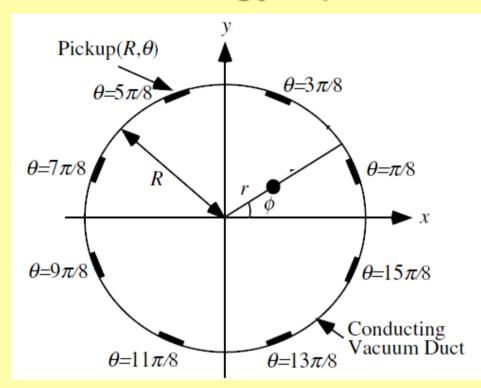
= Energy-Spread Monitor = Screen Monitor (@η_x≠ 0)





- Energy spread can be measured by using Fluorescent Screen-Monitor.
- "Eye Measurement"
- "Destructive" beam monitor (Not desired).
- Quantitative measurement
- Nondestructive monitor is needed.

Energy-Spread Monitor using BPM



$$Jq = \frac{1}{R^2} \left(\left\langle x^2 \right\rangle - \left\langle y^2 \right\rangle + \left\langle x \right\rangle^2 - \left\langle y \right\rangle^2 \right) \cong \frac{\sum_{i=1}^8 V_i \cos 2\theta}{\sum_{i=1}^8 V_i}$$

$$\langle x^2 \rangle - \langle y^2 \rangle \cong \left(\eta_x \frac{\Delta E}{E} \right)^2 + \beta_x \varepsilon_x - \beta_y \varepsilon_y + g$$

Strip line-type BPM with eight electrodes is used as:

 Nondestructive Energyspread monitor

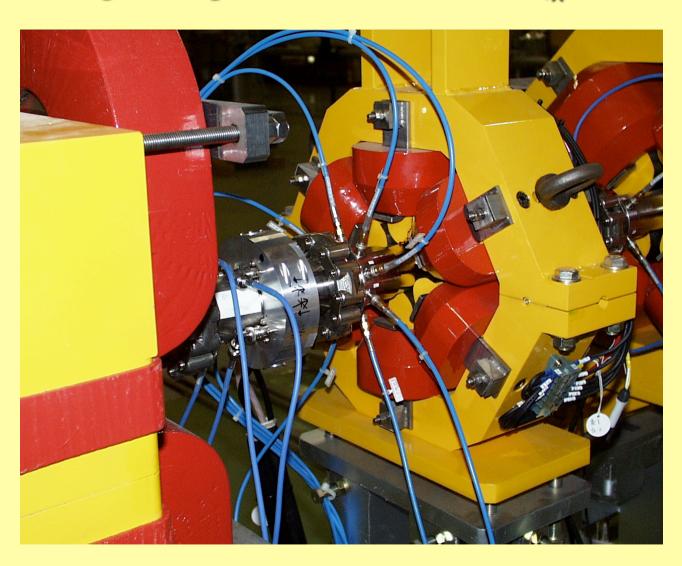
(Measurement of Quadrupole moment Jq)

- Quantitative measurement
- $\theta \neq 0, \pi$
- SR may hit the electrodes.

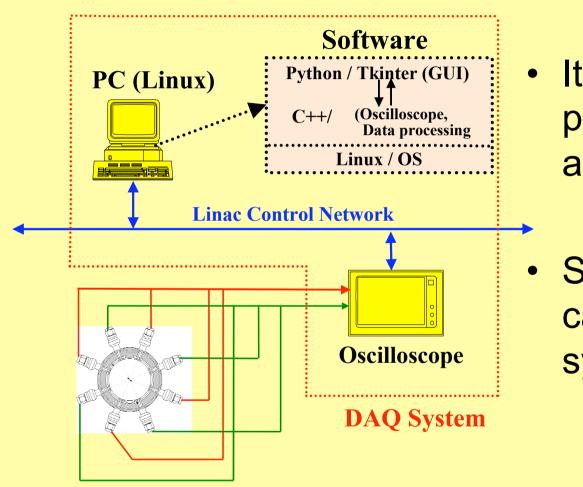
$$\theta \neq \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

 Quadrupole moment term will vanish.

Beam Energy-Spread Monitor with Eight Stripline Electrodes (@η_x≈ 0.72 m)



= DAQ System =

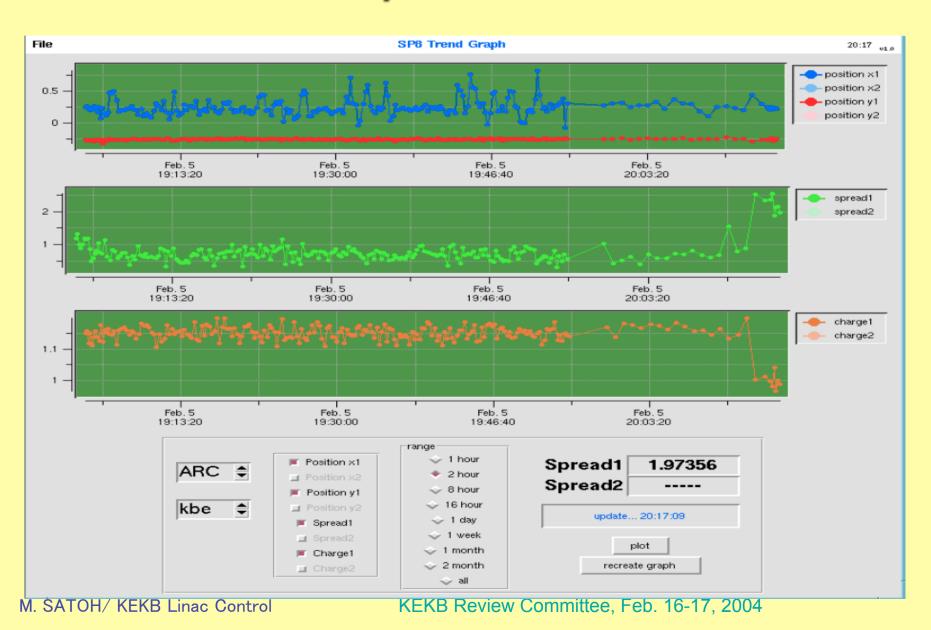


 It consists of only two parts. (Oscilloscope and PC)

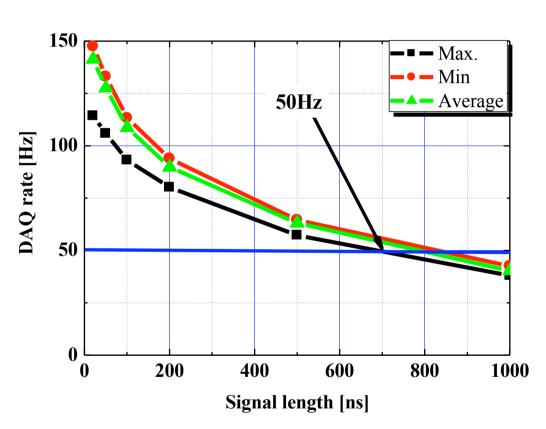
 Simple system setup can enhance the system reliability.

Energy Spread Monitor (ESM)

Trend plot Software



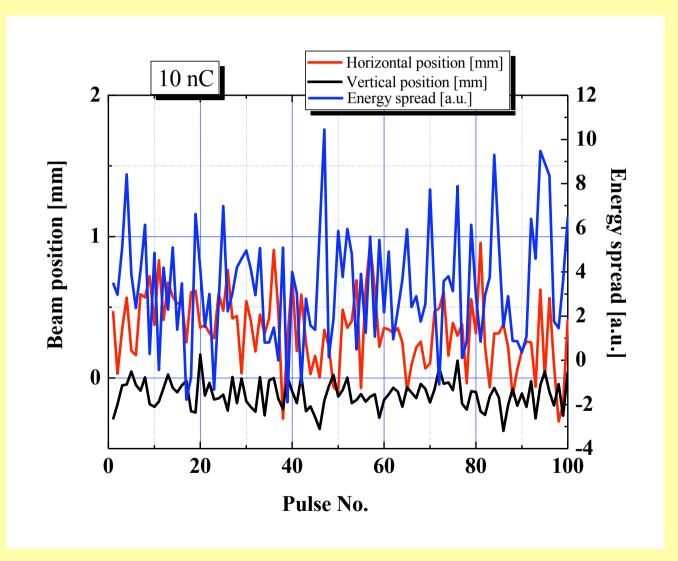
DAQ rate



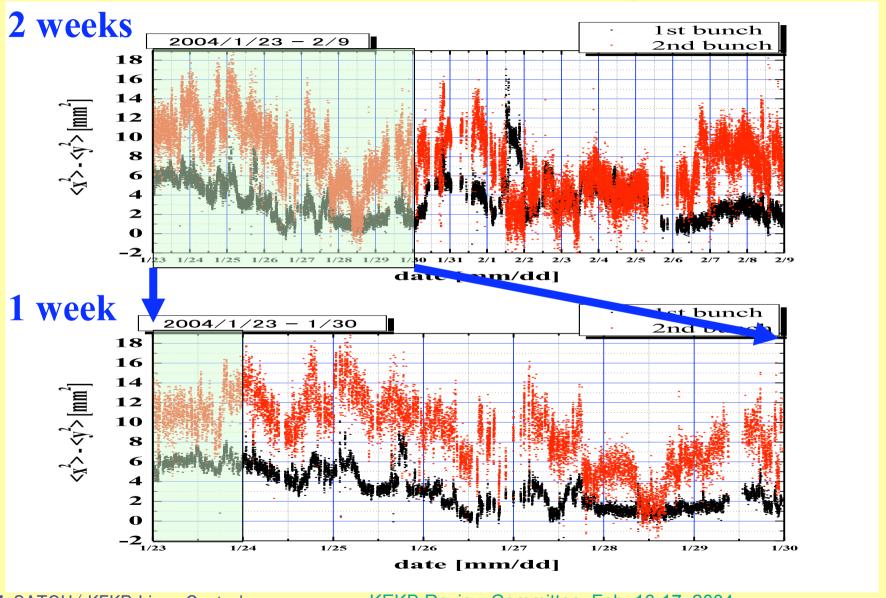
 Two bunch operation, signal width ~ 500 ns
 (interval : 96 ns)

- Oscilloscope can obtain a waveform data up to 50 Hz.
- Each bunch (1st and 2nd bunch) data can be simultaneously obtained.

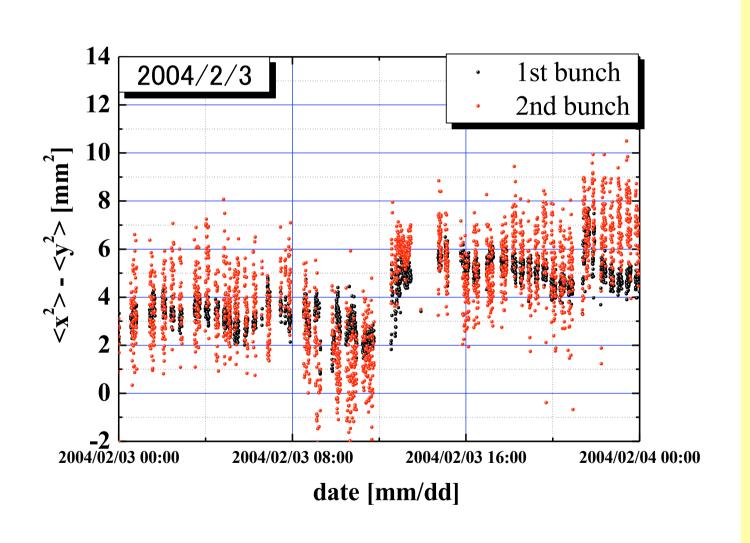
Pulse-to-Pulse Measurement in 50 Hz mode



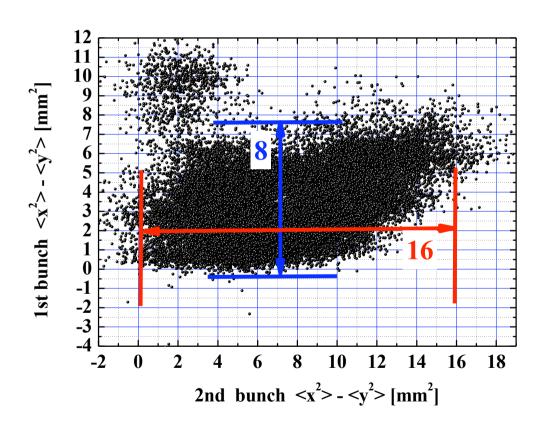
= Results of Data Analysis =



1 day Fluctuation of Energy-Spread

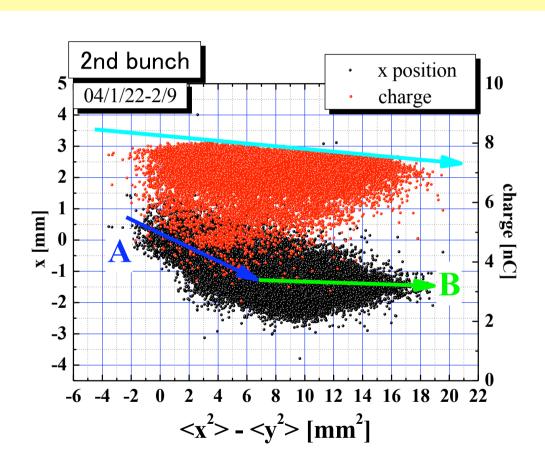


Energy-Spread Fluctuation (1st vs. 2nd bunch)



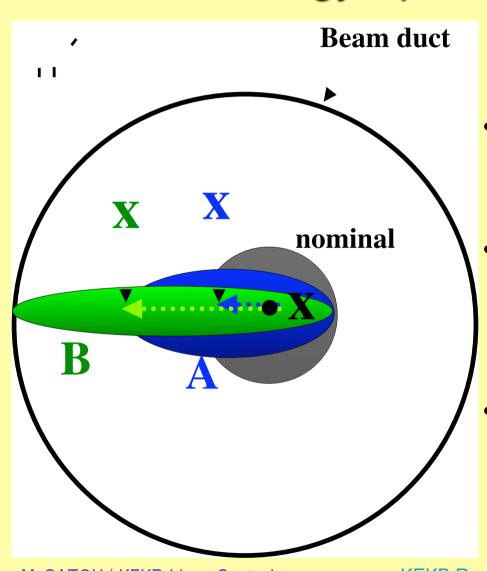
- The 2nd bunch energy spread is about twice larger than that of 1st bunch.
- Each bunch may be accelerated on the different phase of Sband RF.

2nd Bunch Position and Charge vs. Energy-Spread trend



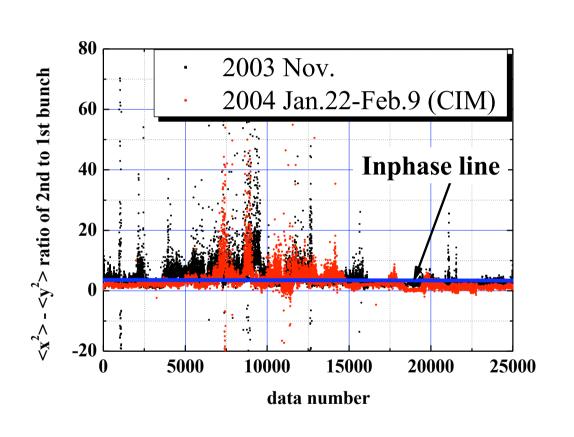
- As the energyspread increase, beam charge decrease linearly.
- The inclination changes at energy spread "6" (A and B).

2nd Bunch Position and Charge vs. Energy-Spread trend (cont'd)



- As the energy spread increases, the horizontal position move toward left.
- Above the energy spread "B", horizontal position is almost constant.
- Beam tail will be cut by the beam duct.

Energy-Spread Fluctuation ratio of 2nd to 1st bunch



- "Inphase line":
- 1st and 2nd bunch energy spread varies almost inphase.
- As the displacement from this line increases:

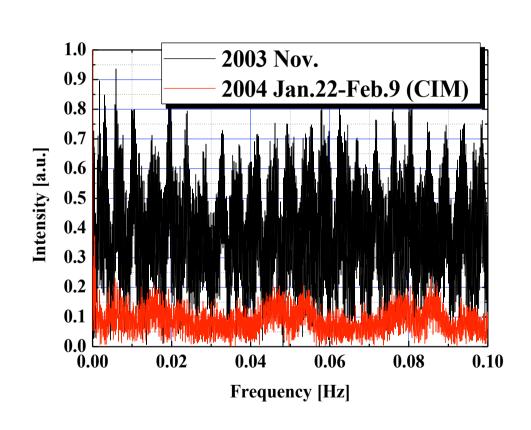
Energy spread fluctuation of each

bunch

(*) CIM: Continuous injection mode

independent.

FFT Analysis of energy spread fluctuation ratio (2nd/1st)



 Result of FFT is different between Continuous Injection Mode (CIM) and previous operation mode (Injection was carried out in every hour.)

Summary & Future Plan

- Nondestructive Energy-Spread Monitor (Quantitative measurement) and fast DAQ system were developed for the Energy-Spread Feedback System.
- It works well in the daily operation.
- The fluctuation of 2nd bunch energy spread is larger than that of 1st bunch (approximately double).
- More detailed data analysis is needed.
- The Energy-Spread Feedback System will be tested in the near future.