
Experiences on High Current

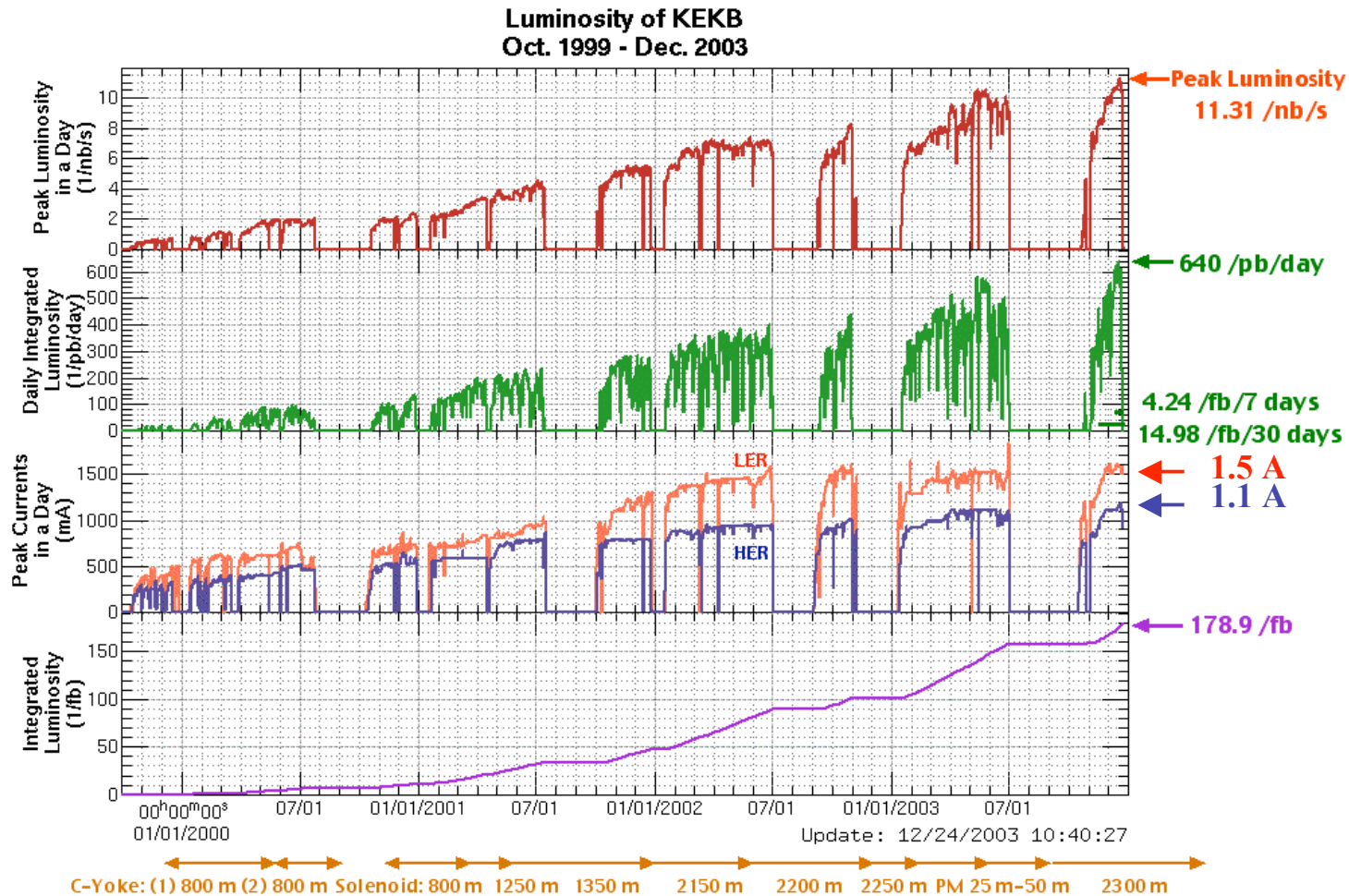
Y.Suetsugu, KEKB

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- **Problems due to High Current**
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- **Summary**

Issues in High Current

History of KEKB



Issues in High Current

● Issues in High Current

- SR Power $P = 88.4 \times 10^3 E^4 \times I / \rho$ [kW] (total)
 - For $E = 3.5$ GeV, $I = 2.6$ A, $\rho = 14.1$ m \Rightarrow Max. 15 kW m⁻¹
- Photon Number $N = 8.08 \times 10^{20} E \times I$ [photons s⁻¹] (total)
 - For $E = 3.5$ GeV, $I = 2.6$ A \Rightarrow 3×10^{18} photons s⁻¹ m⁻¹
- Gas load
 - For η of 1×10^{-6} molecules photon⁻¹ \Rightarrow $\sim 1 \times 10^{-8}$ Pa m³ s⁻¹
- Photoelectron emission (LER)
- HOM Power $P = k(\sigma_z) I^2 \tau_b$ [W]
 - For $k = 1$ V pC⁻¹, $I = 2.6$ A \Rightarrow $P = 14$ kW (@ $\tau_b = 2$ ns)
- Beam Intensity
 - Wall current (~ 500 A m⁻¹ at peak)
 - Multipactoring (especially in positron ring)
 - RF power [Beam Power]
 - Beam instability

Issues in High Current

● Beam Currents at Present

	Design		Typical Run	
	LER	HER	LER	HER
Total Current [A]	2.6	1.1	1.5	1.1
Bunch #	~5000		1284	
Bunch Current [mA]	0.52	0.22	1.17	0.86

- Beam currents are same or near to design value
- Bunch number is lower than design value (1/4)
 - ⇒ High bunch current
 - ⇒ Intense HOM power:
Major issues for hardware at present

Vacuum-related Problems

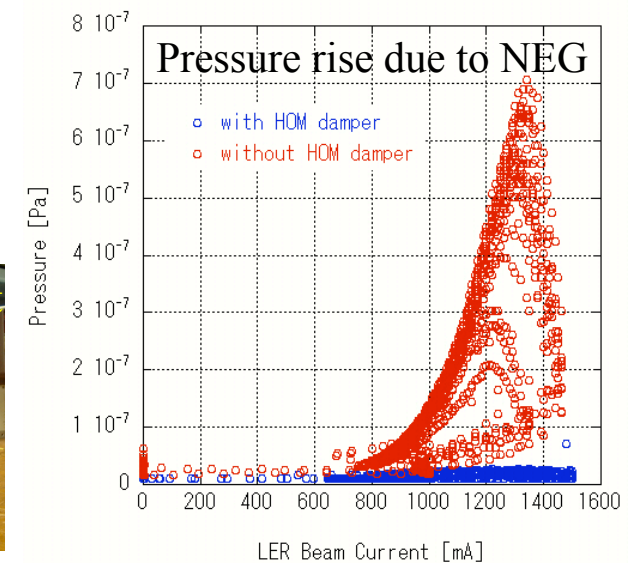
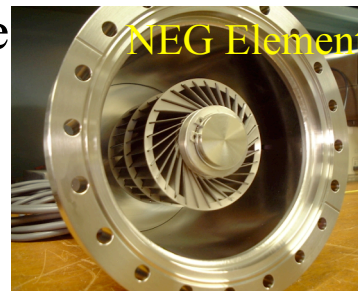
High HOM Power

- Heating of bellows and gate valves
 - Bellows near movable masks and IR (big HOM sources)
 - Especially for bellows and GV with a race-track cross section or big size
 - Shows resonance behavior
 - Objects beam injection, Beam oscillation
 - ➔ Cooling fan or exchange
 - ➔ Major problems at present



Heating of NEG elements

- Near Movable masks
- Abnormal pressure rise
- Affect background
 - ➔ HOM absorber
 - ➔ RF shield gasket



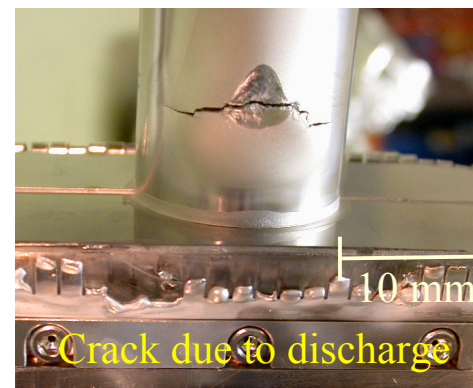
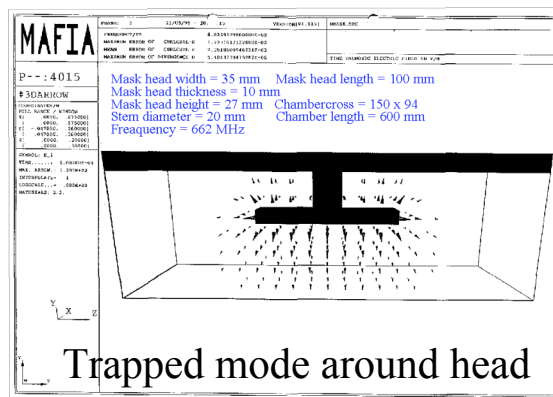
Vacuum-related Problems

High HOM Power

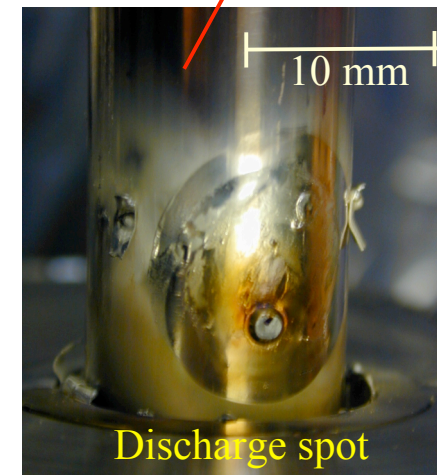
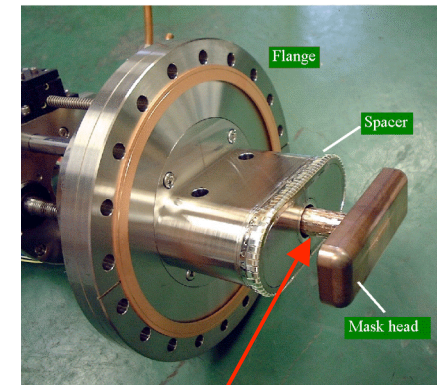
Discharges in early versions of movable masks

- Trapped mode
- No HOM absorber
- Excess heating & discharge → Vacuum leak
→ Improvement of structure (version up)

Excitation of synchrotron oscillation



Early versions of MM



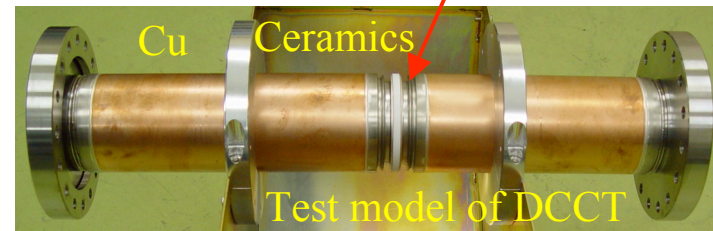
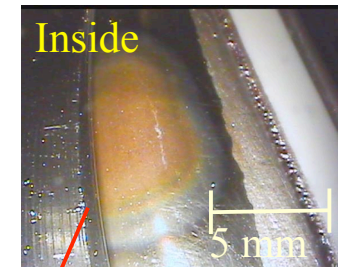
Vacuum-related Problems

High HOM Power

Discharge in a test-type DCCT for upgrade

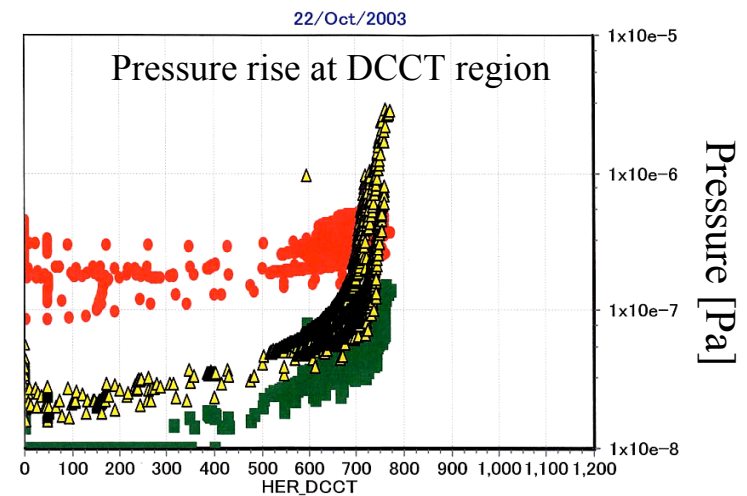
- Test : stain-less steel → copper
- Discharges at Kover joint blazed on ceramics ring
- Rapid pressure rise vs. current
 - ➡ Improve structure

[from M.Arinaga]



Rapid pressure rise even for present type

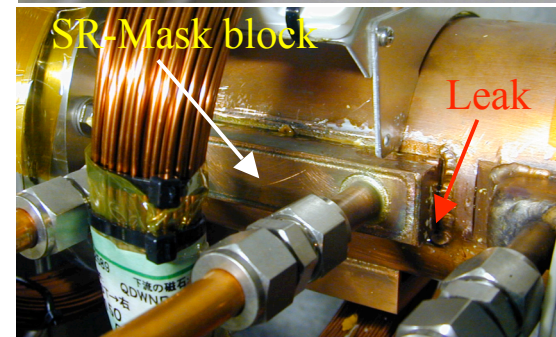
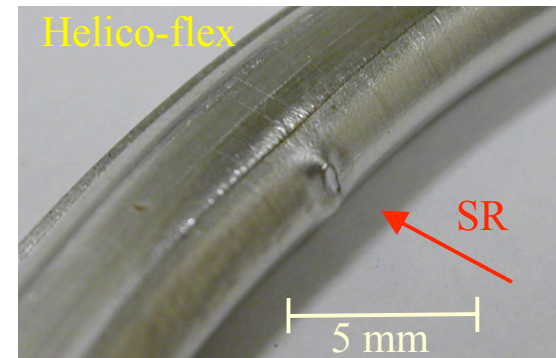
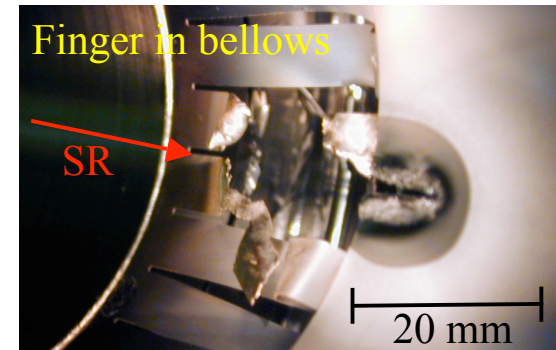
- Over 1100 mA
- Similar to test-type
 - ➡ keep watching



Vacuum-related Problems

High SR Power

- Melting of RF shield of bellows
 - SR hit RF-shield finger in bellows → Leak
 - Re-alignment of beam chamber
 - Add SR mask at upstream
- Melting of Helico-flex
 - SR hit Helico-flex gasket → Leak
 - Re-alignment of beam chamber
 - Add SR mask at upstream
- Vacuum leak at SR Masks
 - Welding point of SR-mask block
 - Due to heat cycle and defect of welding
 - Exchange of chamber

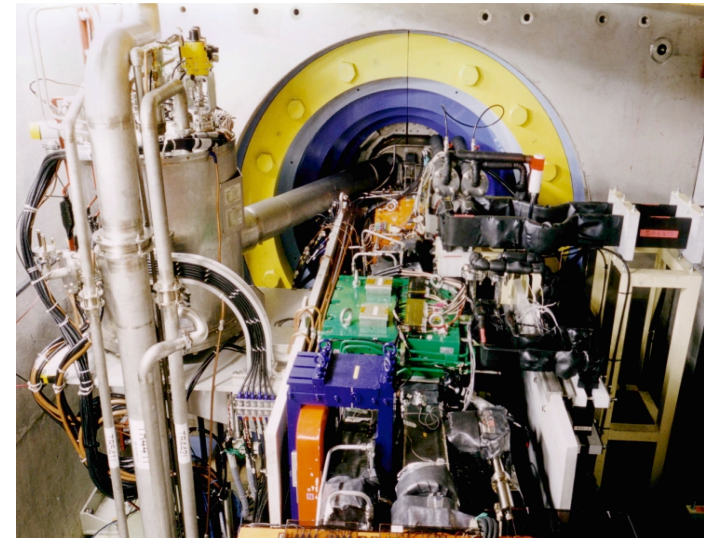


Vacuum-related Problems

● High HOM and SR Power at IR

- IR: Complicated configuration
- Deformation of beam chamber
 - Al chamber at downstream side of IR was heated and squashed by SR
 - ➡ Change structure & material (Cu)
- Heating of bellows and chambers
 - Due to mainly HOM
 - ➡ Increase cooling capacity
- Movement of beam chamber
 - Due to heating by HOM or SR
 - Make collision tuning difficult
 - Cause of slow recovery of luminosity after beam abort ?
 - ➡ Feedback movement to BPM signal

Complex at IR



Vacuum-related Problems

High Current (Direct damage)

Grooves at mask head

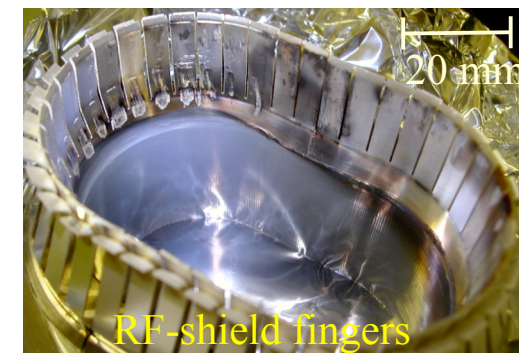
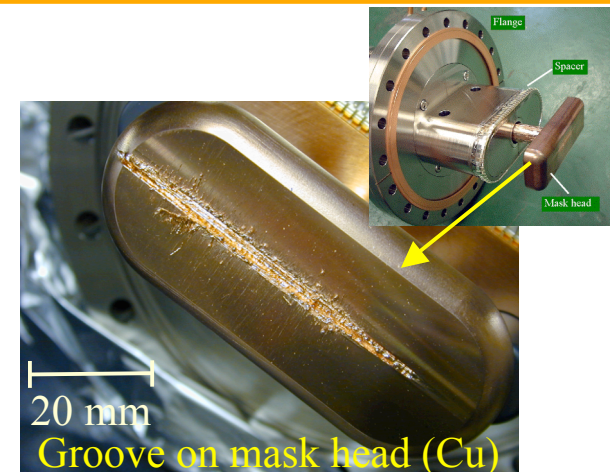
- Damaged by steered beam
 - ➡ Change material copper → Ti
 - ➡ Rapid beam abort system
 - ➡ Not completely solved

Vacuum leak at abort window

- Beams pass just near the wall
- Leak at transition from Al to Ti (window)
- Thermal stress?
 - ➡ Change structure

Discharge at RF-shield

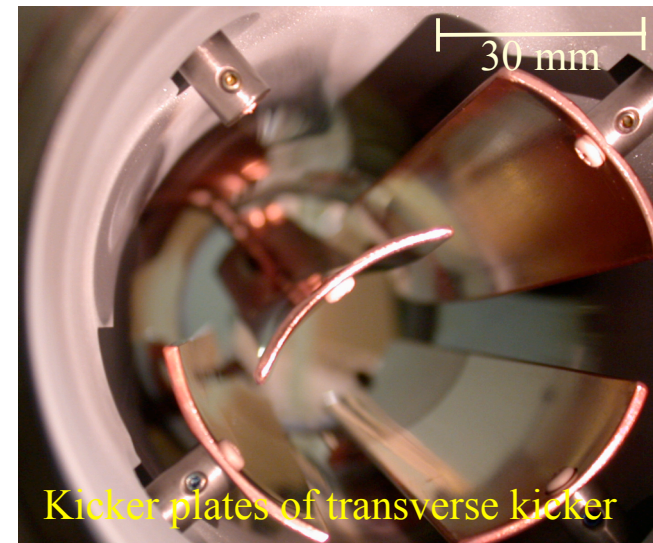
- Discharges due to wall current
 - ➡ Change structure & material



Vacuum-related Problems

● High Current (Ohmic loss)

- Several problems on transverse kicker [from M.Tobiyama]
 - Damage at flexible structure of feedthrough (Ver.1)
 - Sagging of kicker plate(Cu), break down of fixing bolt (Ver.2)
 - Sagging and annealing of kicker plate (Ver.3)
 - Due to large ohm loss
 - ➡ Change of material (Cu+SUS)
 - ➡ Improve flexibility of feedthrough
- Heating of feedthrough itself is low enough up to now



Vacuum-related Problems

High Current (Ohmic loss)

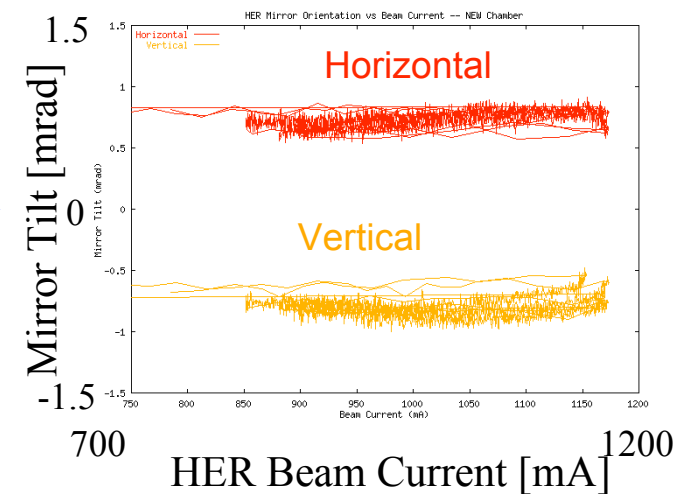
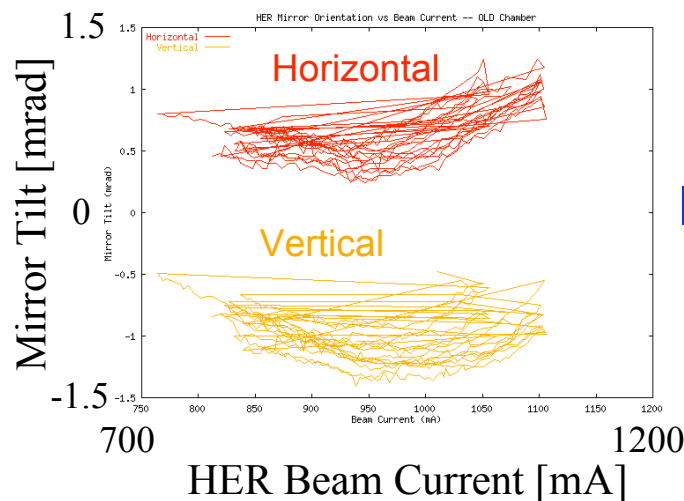
Heating of SR monitor chamber [from J.Flanagan]

- Heating at Stainless-steel chamber
- Heating by ohmic loss
- Leads to drift of mirror orientation with beam current

➡ Change to Cu chamber



Mirror orientation drift with beam

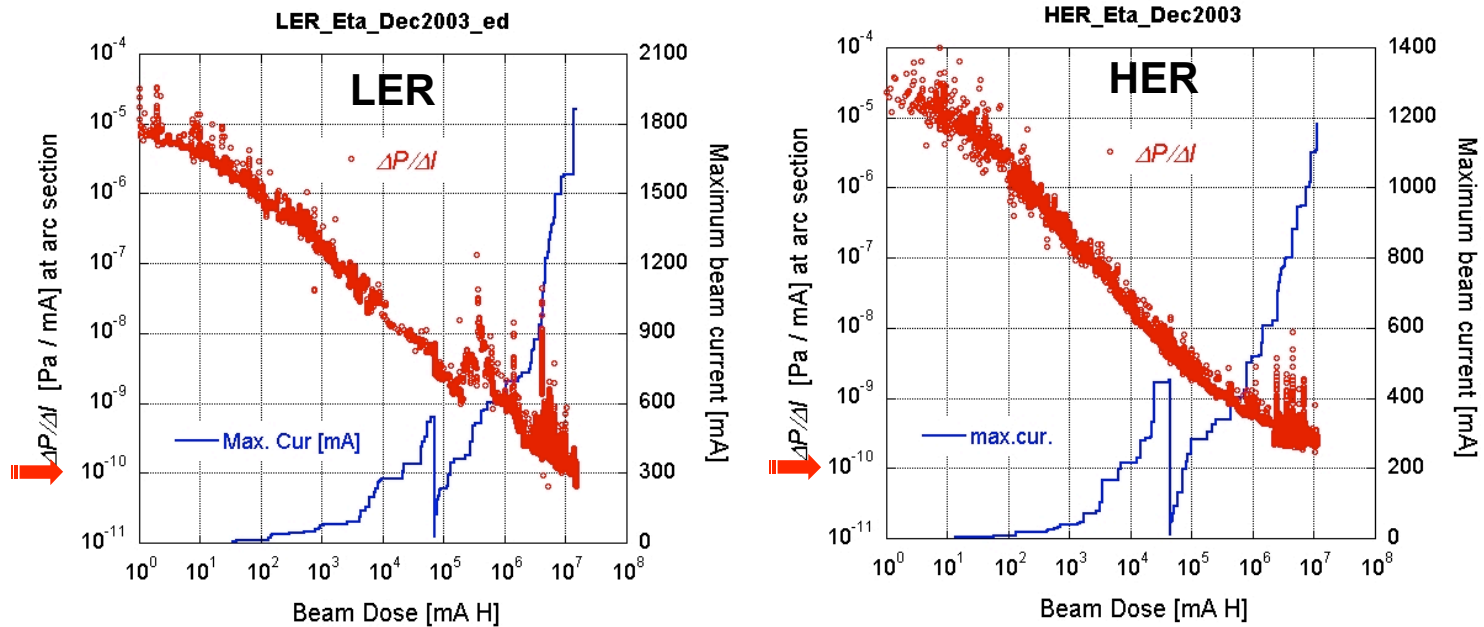


Vacuum-related Problems

High Gas Load

Design : $\Delta P/\Delta I = \sim 1 \times 10^{-10}$ Pa mA⁻¹ ($\eta = 1 \times 10^{-6}$)

Pumping speed ~ 0.07 m³ s⁻¹ m⁻¹ with NEG + Ion pump



Almost achieved, but

Scrubbing is slowing down in HER. Why?

NEG activation >20 in some regions. Capacity?

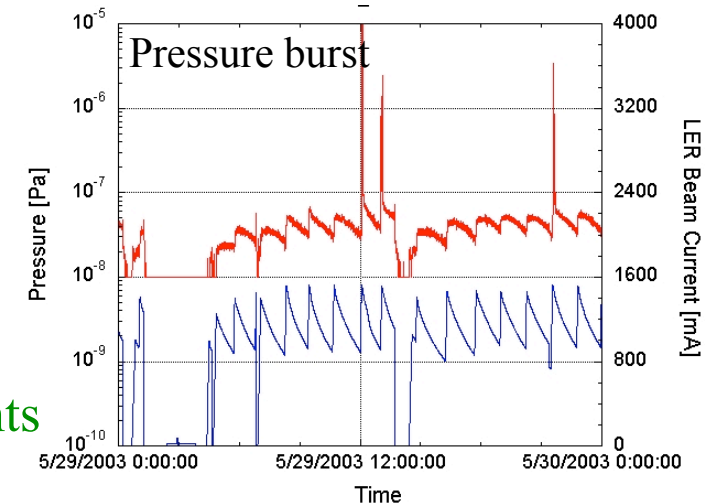
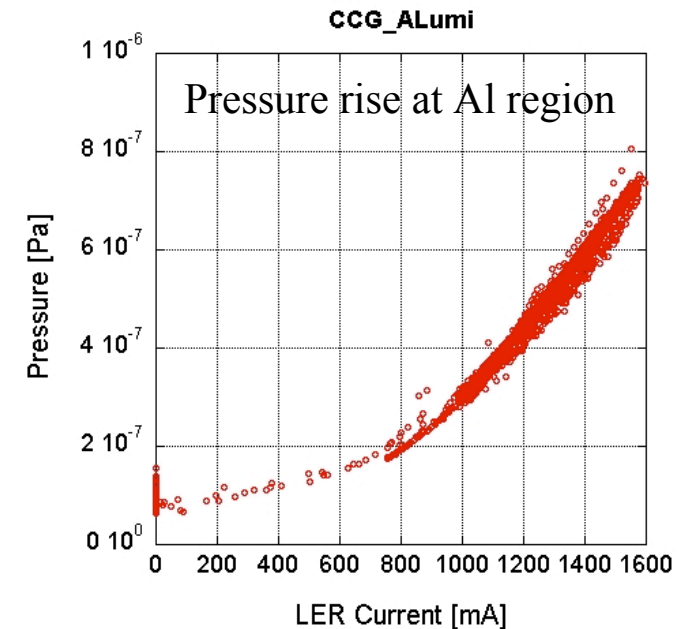
Vacuum-related Problems

Abnormal Pressure Rise

- Pressure rise due to multipactoring
 - Observed in whole LER at initial stage
 - Disappeared by solenoid
 - Especially aluminum chamber region now
 - Injection region? (both rings)
 - ➡ More solenoid

Pressure burst

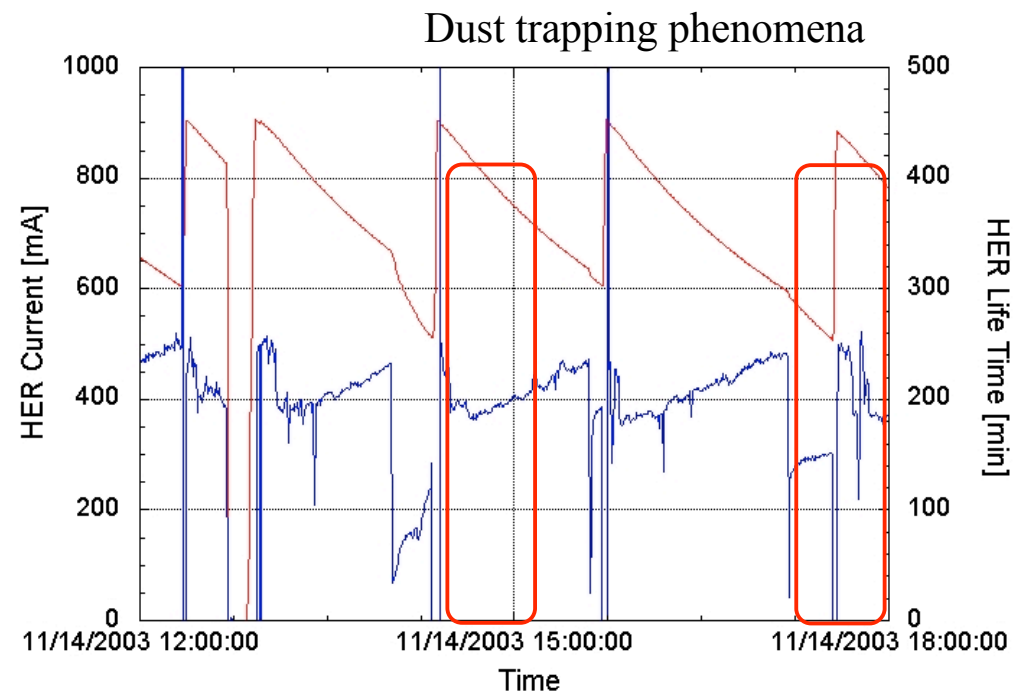
- Observed at new current frontier
- Sometimes depends on fill pattern
- Sometimes causes beam oscillation and abort
 - ➡ Wait aging
 - ➡ Exchange of suspicious components



Vacuum-related Problems

● Dust Trapping (electron ring)

- Abrupt decrease of beam life time
 - Sometimes the life time recover soon but sometimes not
 - Usually recovered by re-fill
 - Seen frequently after long shut down (lots of vacuum work)
 - ⇒ Improve environment during work
 - ⇒ Wait aging



RF-related Problems

● Issues in RF System

- Necessary RF Power $\propto \sim$ SR and HOM power
- RF power per cavity is large

	LER	HER	
	ARES	ARES	SCC
Total Current [A]	1.5	1.1	
# of Cavity	20	12	8
RF Voltage/Cavity [MV]	0.4	0.35	1.4
Beam Power/Cavity [kW]	130	170	300

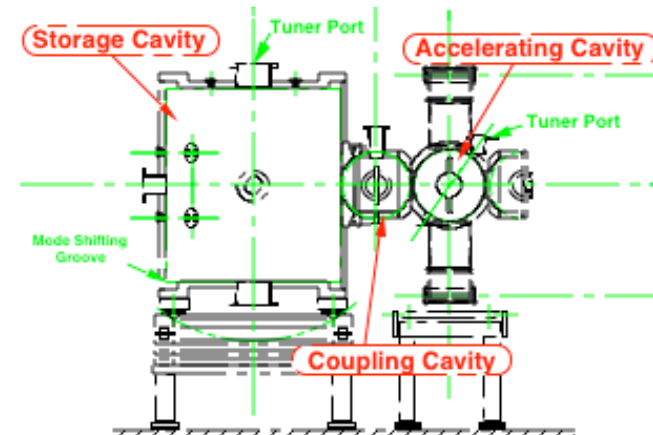
- HOM due to cavity should be well damped
- Instability due to acceleration mode should be well damped

RF-related Problems

ARES Cavity : LER, HER

[from K.Akai]

- Discharges at input coupler
 - Sometimes lead to vacuum leaks
 - ➡ Arc sensors in vacuum and atmosphere
 - ➡ Rapid beam abort system
 - ➡ Regular maintenance
- Burn out of RF damper at coupling cavity
 - Due to leak of cooling water or bad RF contact at dummy load
 - ➡ Improve temperature monitoring system
 - ➡ Improve RF contact
- No severe troubles these 2 years

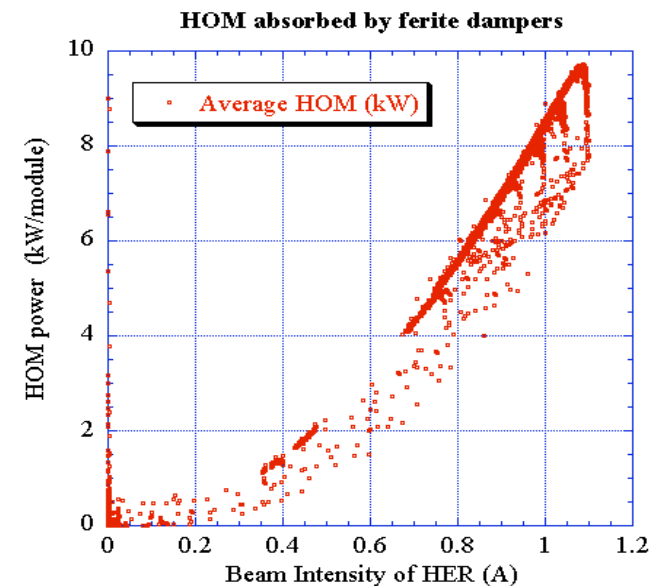
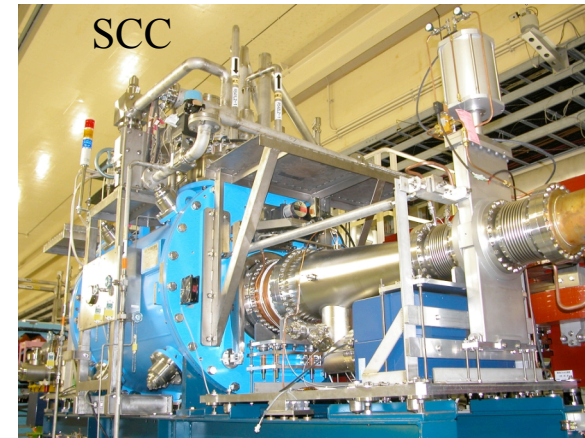


RF-related Problems

Super Conducting Cavity : HER

[from K.Akai, T.Furuya]

- No severe troubles so far
- Heating of HOM absorber
 - Due to higher bunch current than design value
 - Design: 5 kW → now: 10 kW
 - No problem up to now
→ keep watching
- Coupler
 - Design: 250 kW/cav.
→ now: 300 kW/cav.
 - No problem up to now



RF-related Problems

● Instabilities Caused by Cavities

[from K.Akai]

● -1 mode coupled bunch instability

- Due to low operating RF voltage
- Expected at $\sim 2A$, but observed at $\sim 1A$
 - ⇒ Prepare -1 mode damper

● 0 mode oscillation and instability

- Due to noise?
 - ⇒ Prepare 0 mode damper
 - ⇒ Tuning of RF feed back system
 - ⇒ Increase RF voltage

● Coupled bunch instability due to HOM of cavities

- Not observed yet

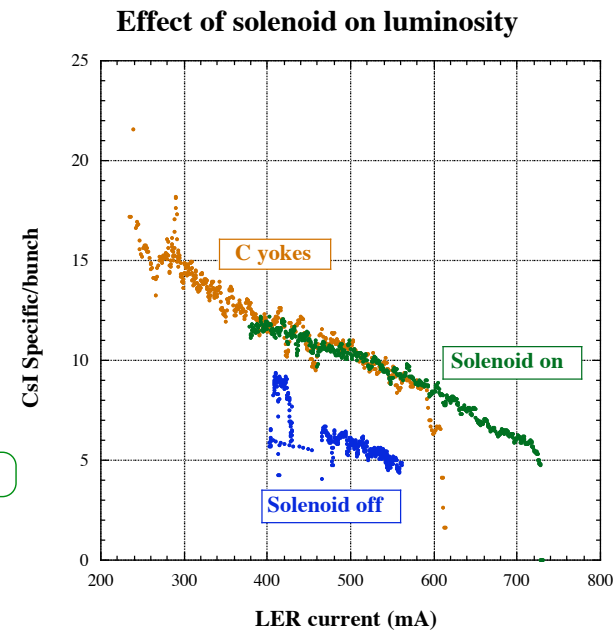
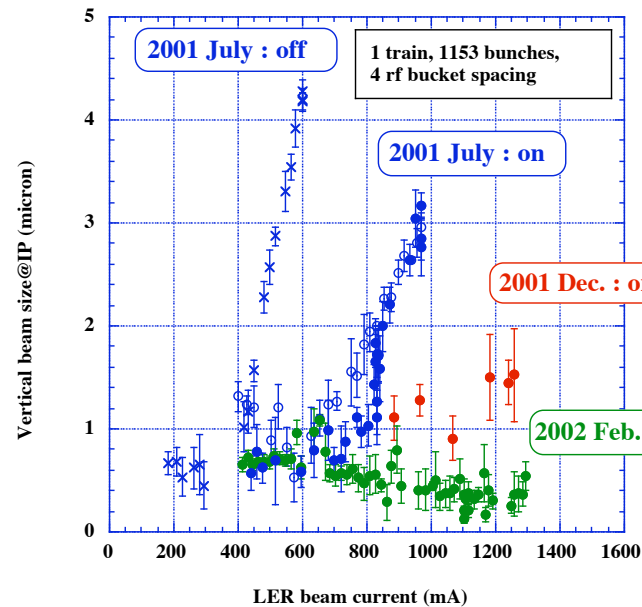
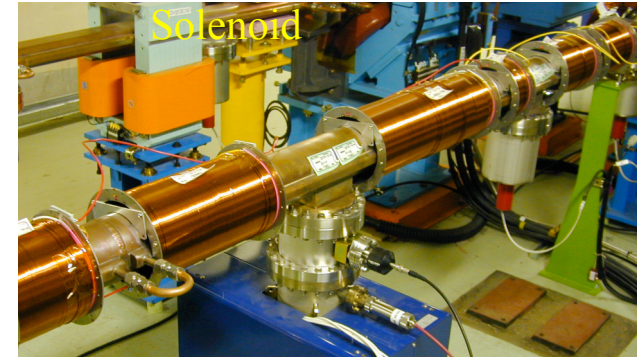
Beam Instability

Electron Cloud Effect in LER

[from H.Fukuma]

- Blow up of vertical beam size
 - Explained by head-tail instability caused by electron cloud
 - Mitigated by solenoid winding, but not perfect yet

➡ Continue solenoid winding further



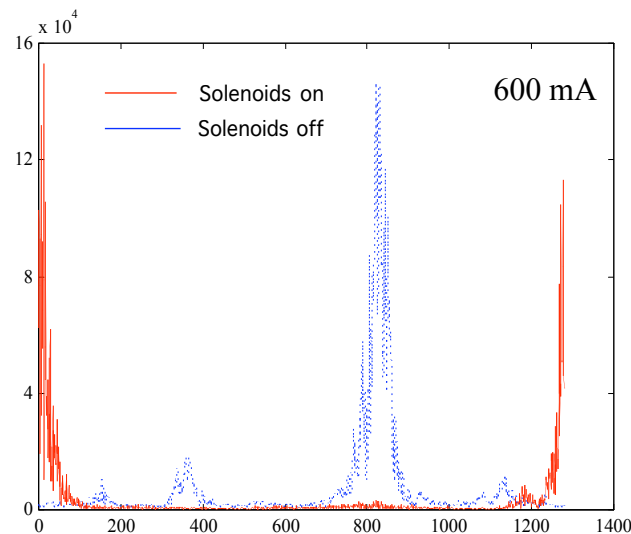
Beam Instability

Coupled Bunch Instability (CBI) in LER

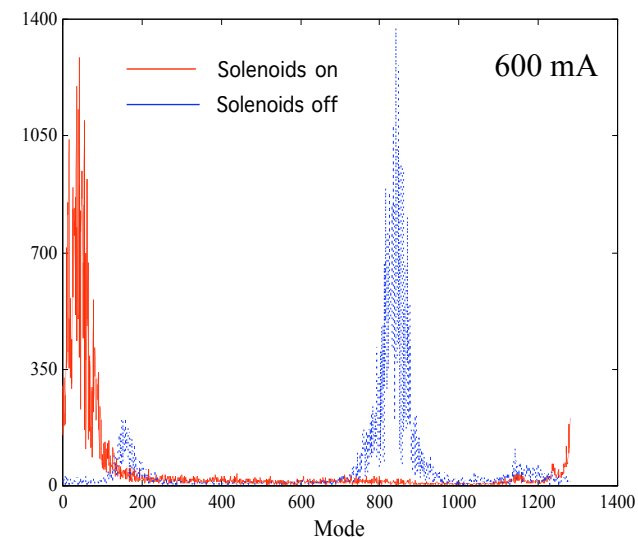
[from H.Fukuma]

CBI has been observed in LER

- Mode spectrum and growth rate depend on solenoid
- Horizontal/Vertical growth rate is $0.5/0.3 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ at 600 mA with solenoid
- CBI is suppressed by a bunch by bunch feedback at present



Horizontal



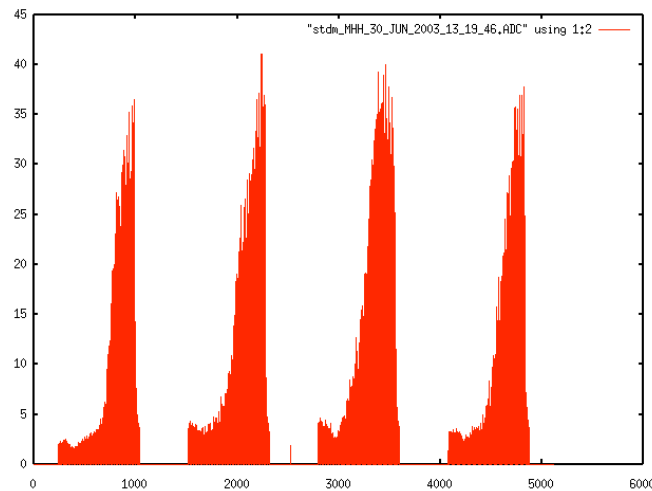
Vertical

Beam Instability

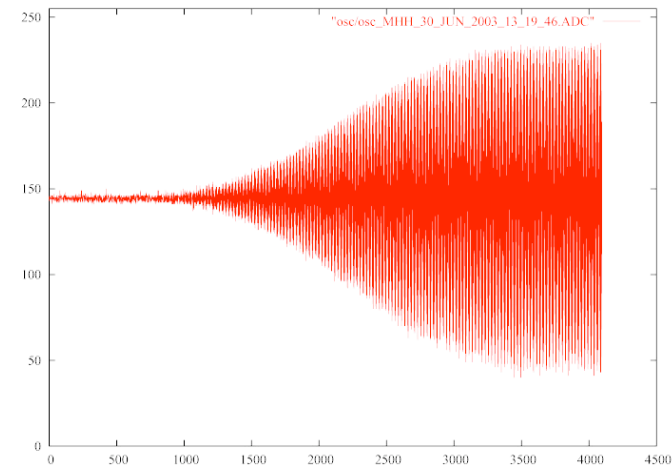
Coupled Bunch Instability in HER

[from H.Fukuma]

- CBI has been observed in HER
- Simulation suggests that the horizontal oscillation is caused by CO^+ ion
- Amplitude grows along train and saturate
- Peak is about 10^{th} revolution harmonics in mode spectrum
- Growth rate is about 10 ms^{-1} at 700 mA
- Suppressed by a bunch by bunch feedback



Oscillation amplitude along a train
(four trains in HER)



Time evolution of oscillation

Summary

- We have experienced various problems in high currents operation at KEKB and learned lots of things.
- Some problems could be avoided by more delicate consideration in design of components and more careful installation of them.
- But others were revealed for the first time under high current and are indications of problems that will appear in higher current operation.
- The important thing is to study and understand the problems accurately, which makes them valuable lessons for us toward future high intensity machines.
- Struggling against high currents will continue for higher luminosity.