

- **Linac upgrade situation and goals**
 - annual operation and construction
 - energy
 - positron
- **Energy upgrade**
 - modulator power increase
 - developments of high-power klystrons
 - rf compression device
 - high-power operation of accelerator
 - acceleration test with SLED
- **Positron increase**
 - location of the positron production target
 - producing high-current single-bunch beams
 - injector
 - wake-field issues
 - alignment
 - beam position monitors
 - acceleration tests
 - expected positron intensity and injection time
- **Operation of e⁺/e⁻ beams**
- **Schedule**

Two main goals for KEKB

1) Energy upgrade

electron: 2.5 GeV $\xrightarrow{\times 3.2}$ 8.0 GeV

positron: 2.5 GeV $\xrightarrow{\quad}$ 3.5 GeV

2) Positron increase

2×10^8 (/ 2-ns pulse)

$\xrightarrow{\times 20}$ 4×10^9 (/ single bunch)

Users of Linac

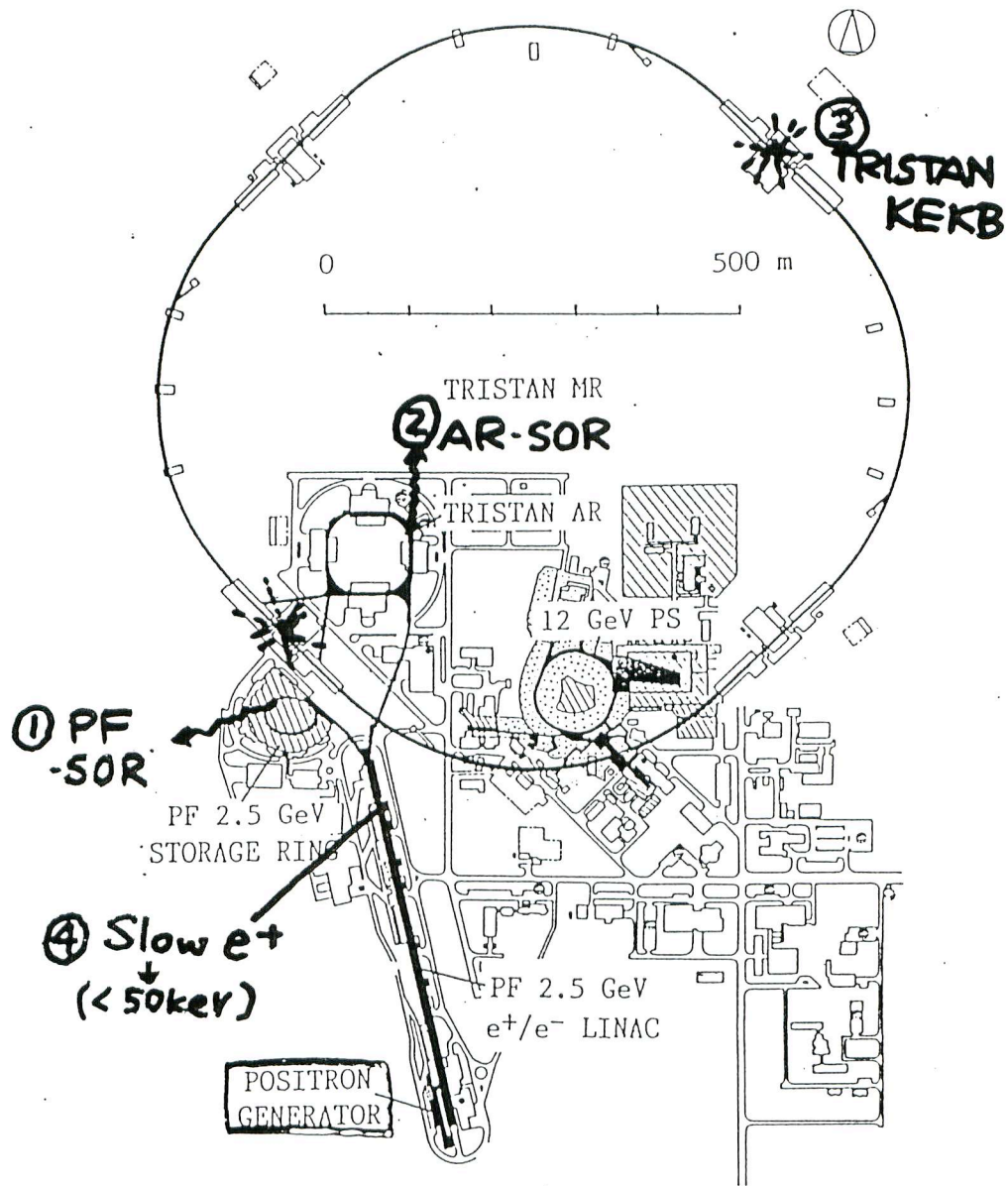


Fig.1

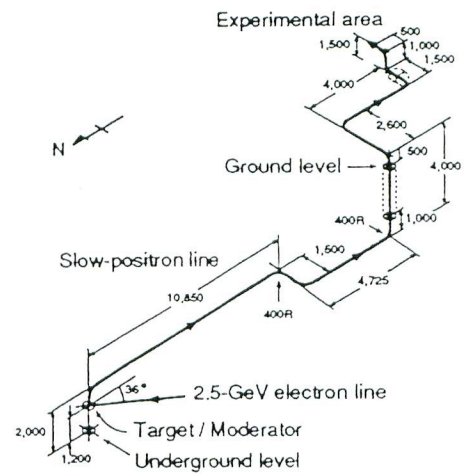
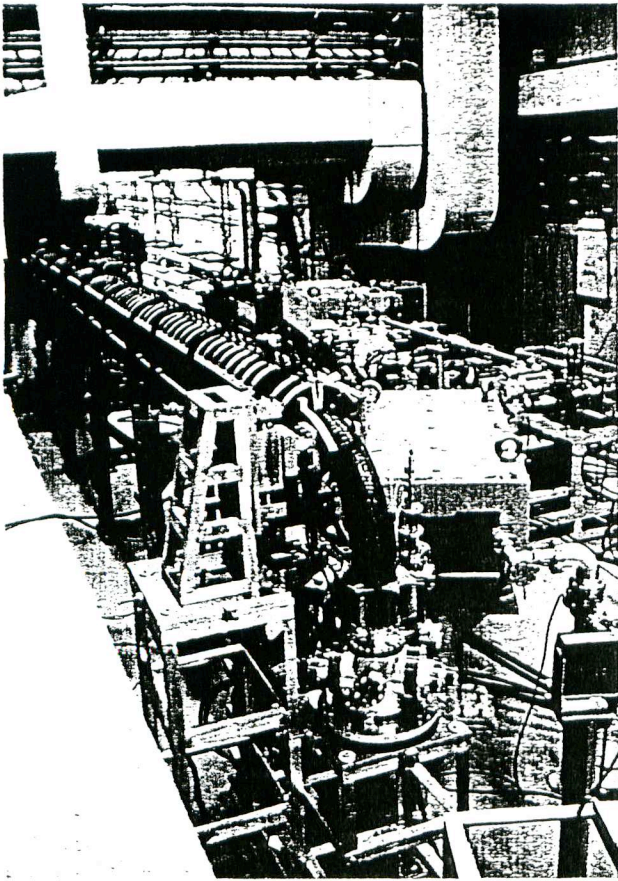


Fig. 10 Schematic layout of the slow-positron beam line.

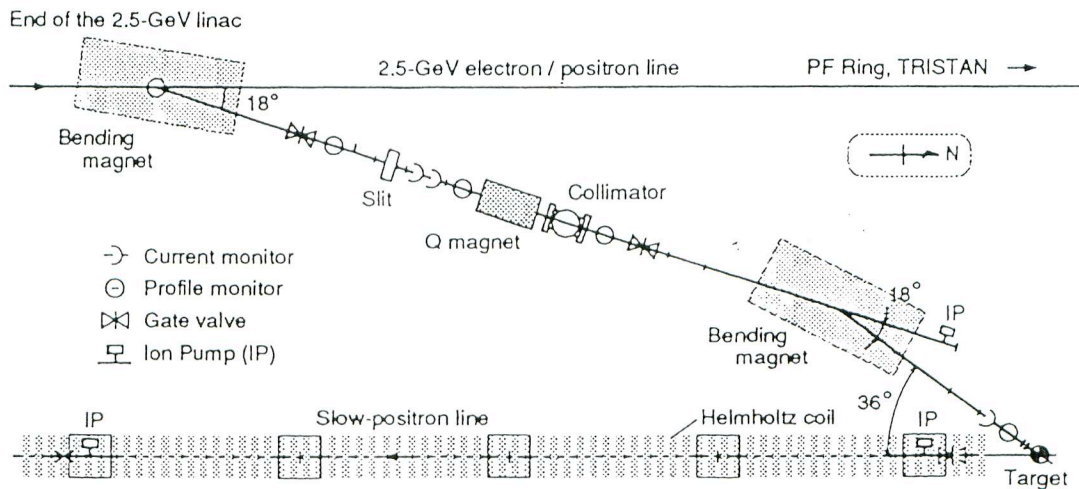


Fig. 9 Layout of the reconstructed beam lines in the switchyard at the end of the 2.5-GeV Linac.

present



Construction Schedule

	1994			1995			1996			1997			1998											
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
Operation																								
Shutdown (month)	(3)			(2)		(3)			(3)		(3)			(13)			(6)			(3)			(3)	
1 ~ 5 sector	upgrade			upgrade		upgrade			upgrade		upgrade			upgrade			Joint							
A B C sector											construction			construction			Joint							
Building (Gun)						construction			construction															
Building (ARC)						construction			construction															

Table 9.4: The schedule of the injector upgrade program.

For energy upgrading...

did not choose complete replacement by higher-power rf sources

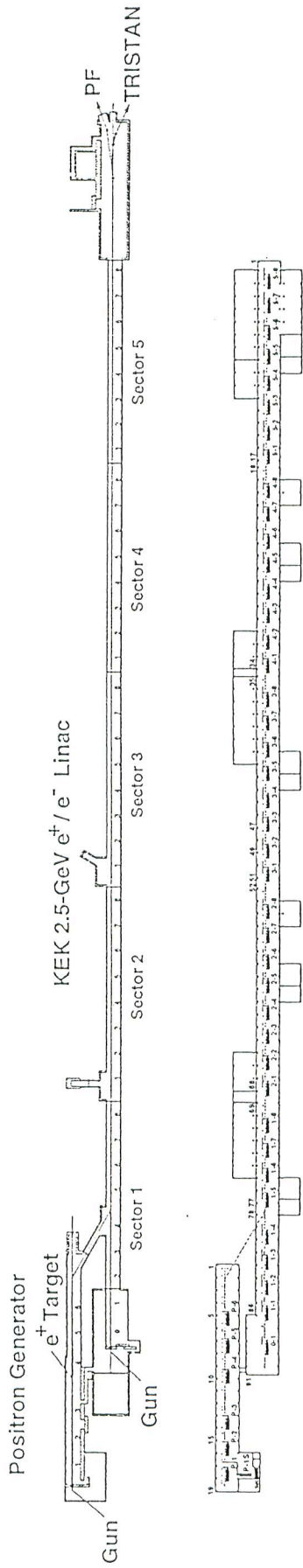
instead

chose successive improvement
from 30-MW to 50-MW system
using existing rf sources

+

small extension of the linac
2 pre-injectors + 46 regular units
-----> 1 pre-injector + 57 units

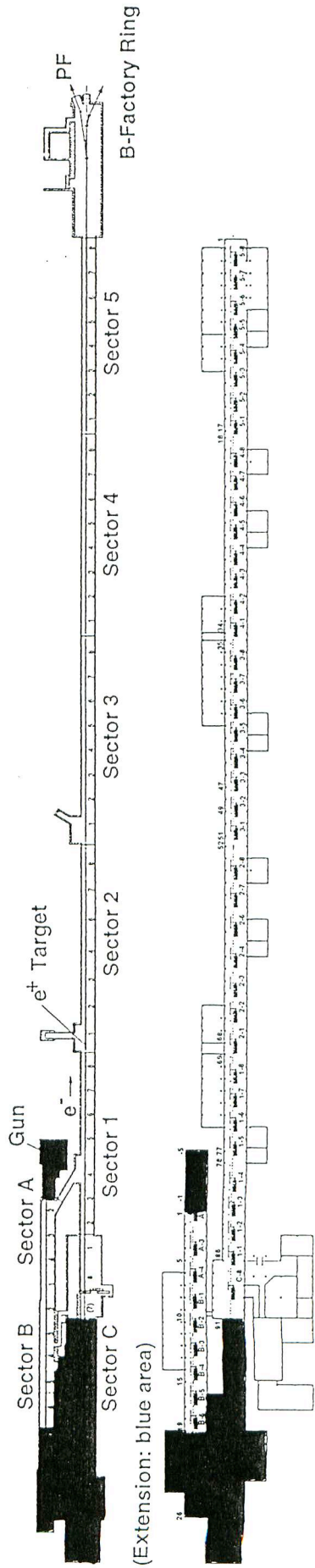
LAYOUT OF THE KEK INJECTOR LINAC



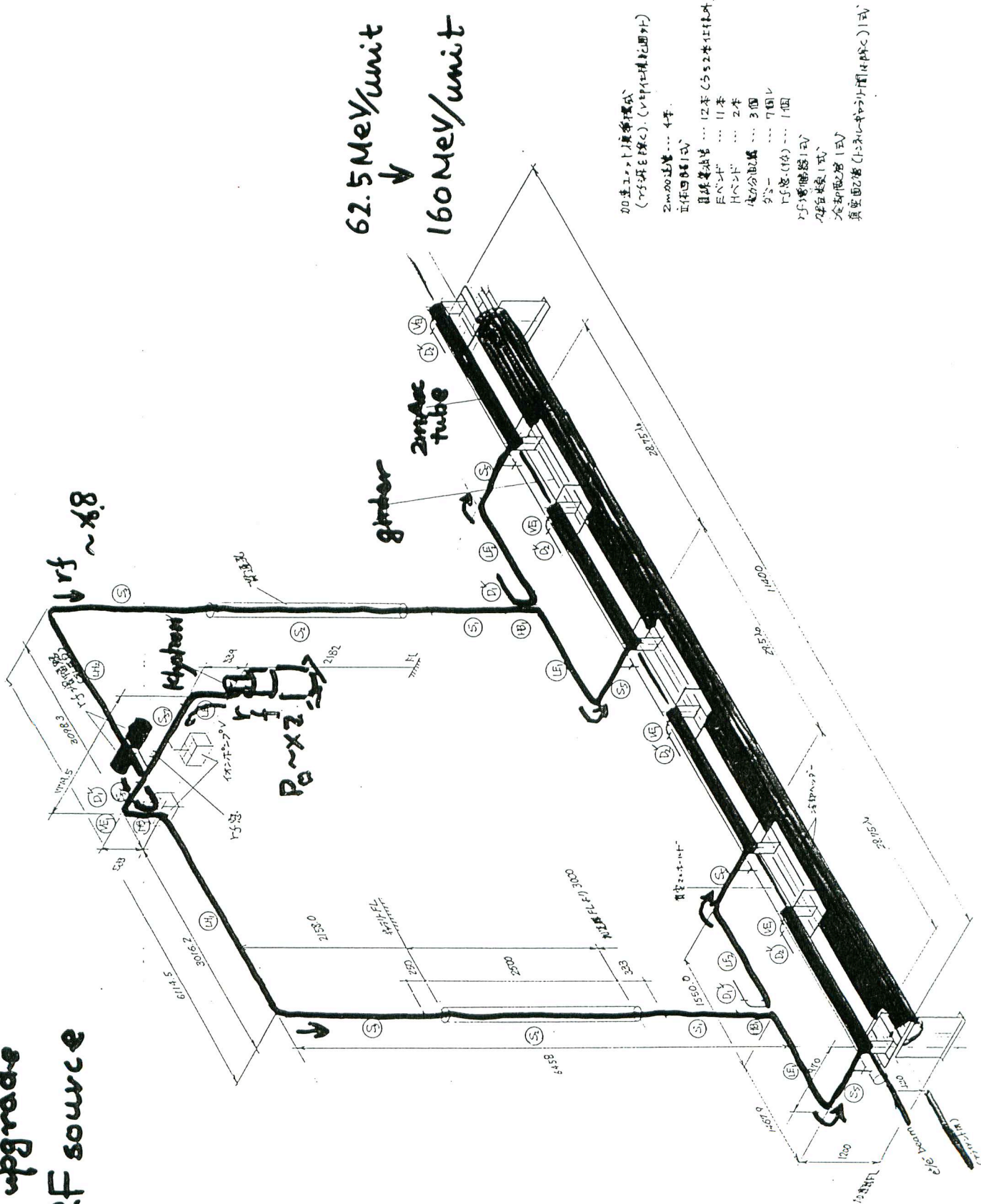
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Energy up grade by linac extension

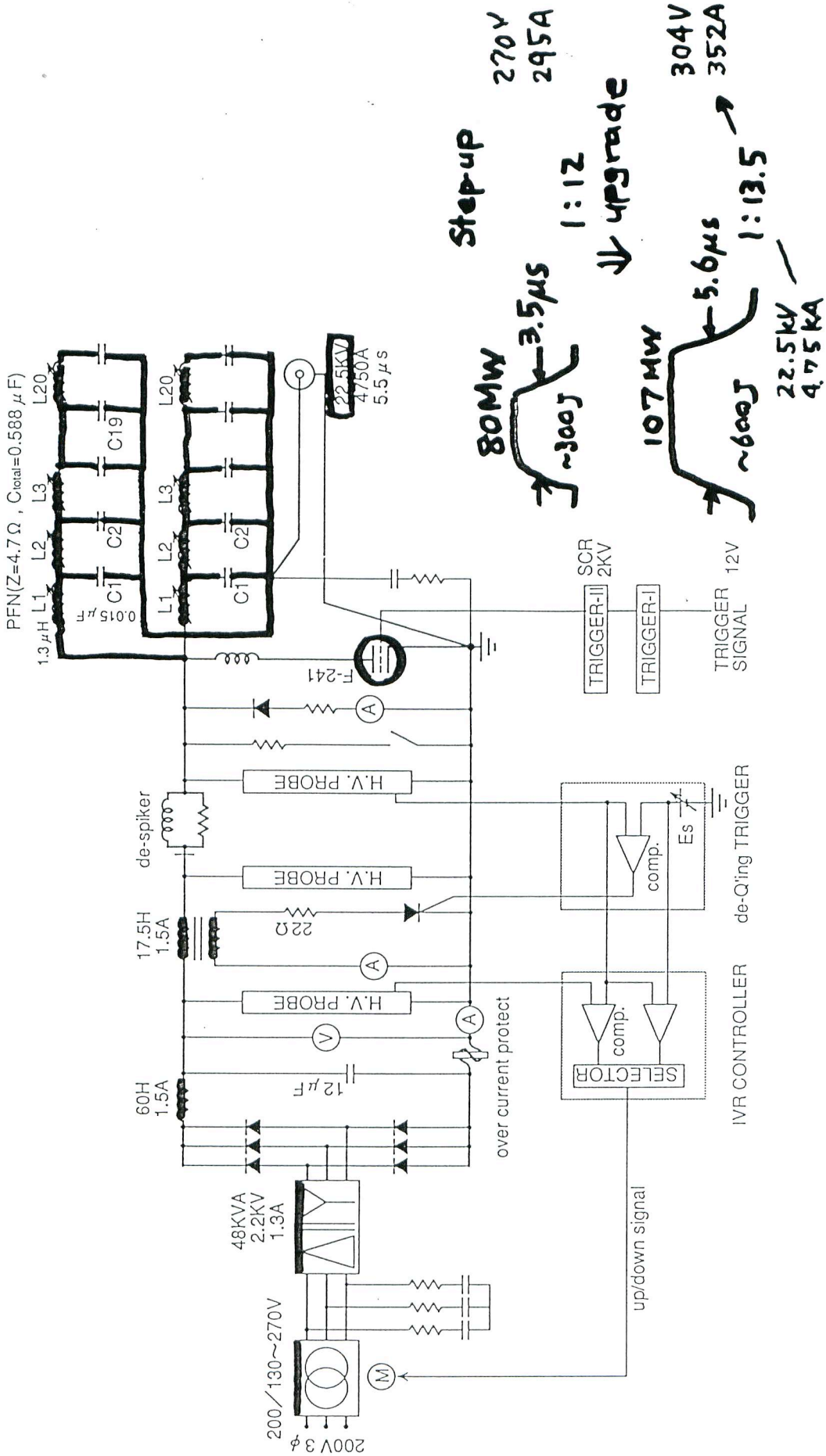
UPGRADED



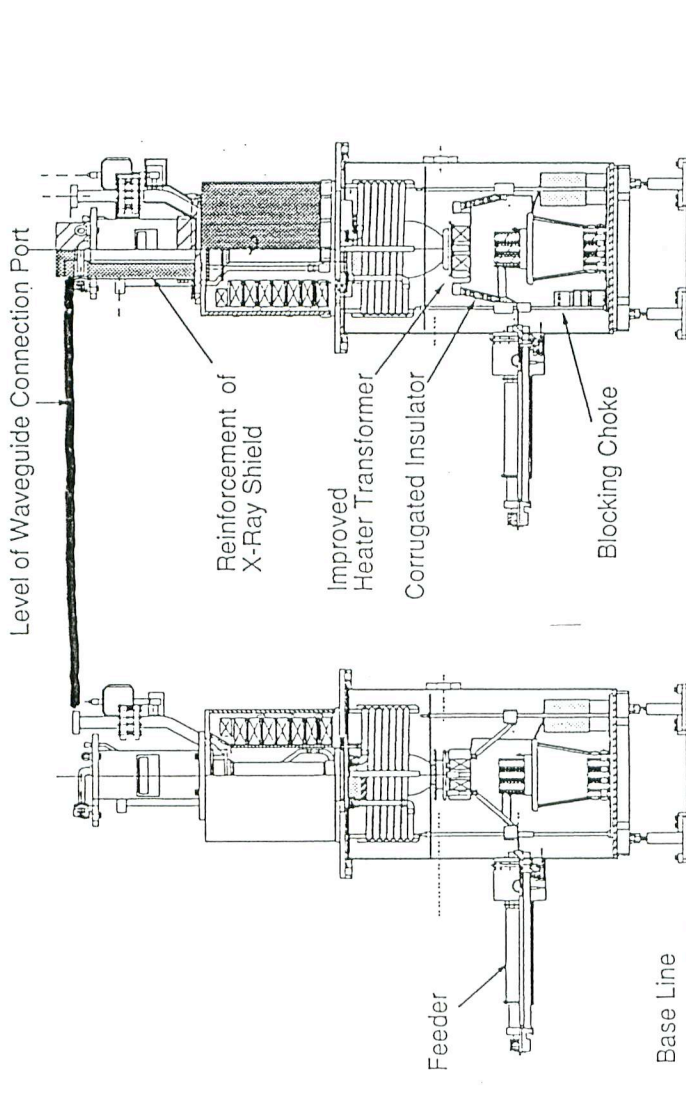
Energy upgrade in RF source



Modulator Upgrade



High-power Klystron Developments



Old system
 Klystron PV3030A2, 30 MW
 260 KV, 2 microsec (rf), 50 pps
 Permanent Magnet Focusing
 (partly electromagnet)
 Pulse Transformer 1:12
 Without core bias

Final design
 system
 Under test
 Klystron 50 MW Tube
 310 KV (max), 4 microsec (rf)
 50 pps, SLED system
 Electromagnet Focusing
 Pulse Transformer 1:13.5
 With core bias

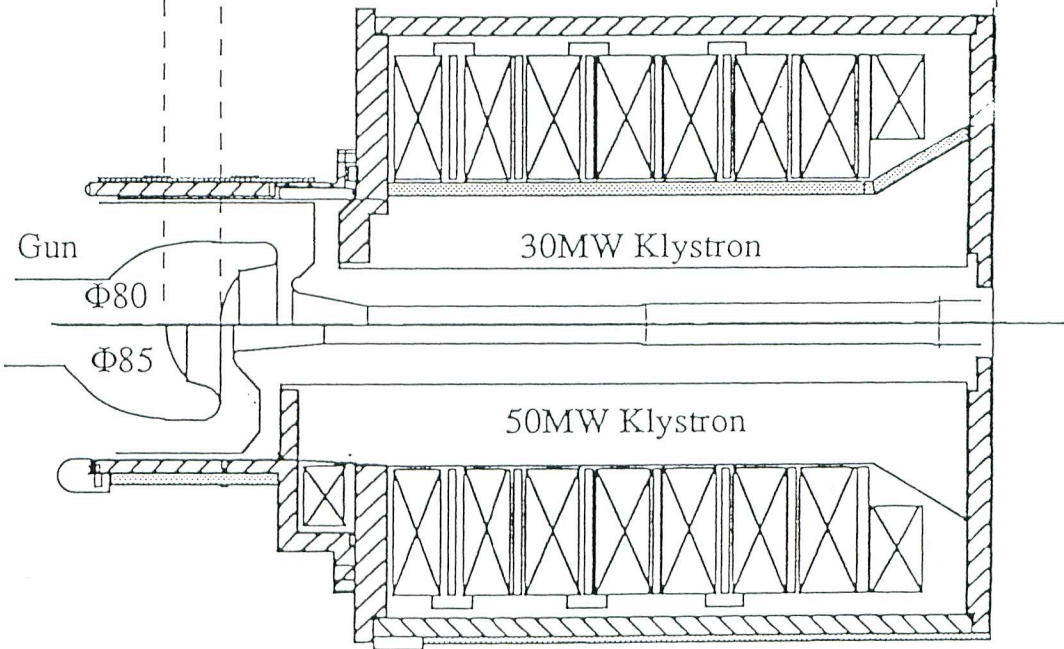
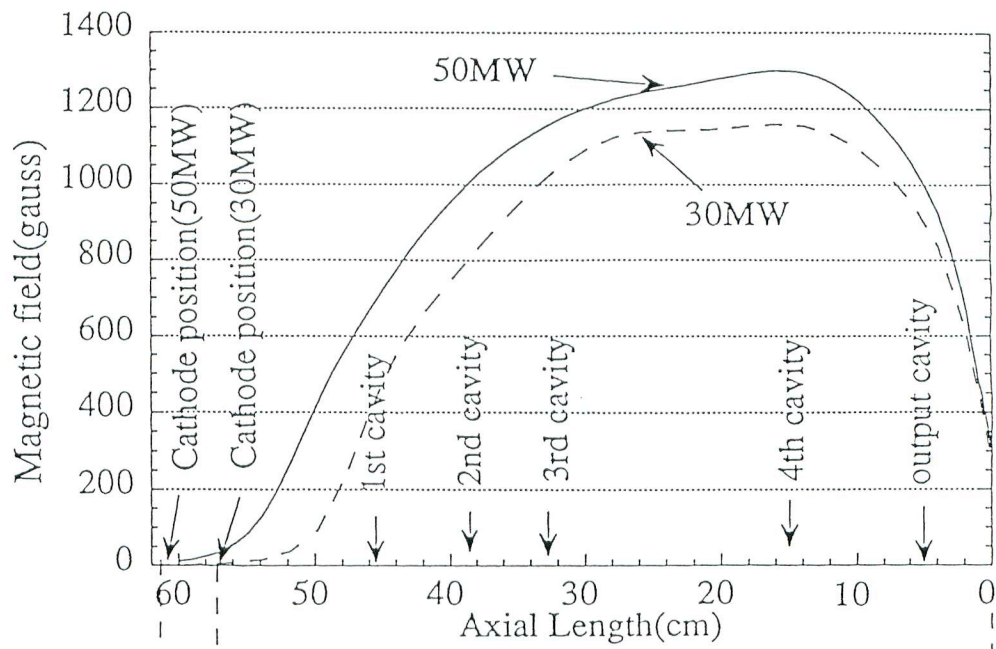


Figure 3

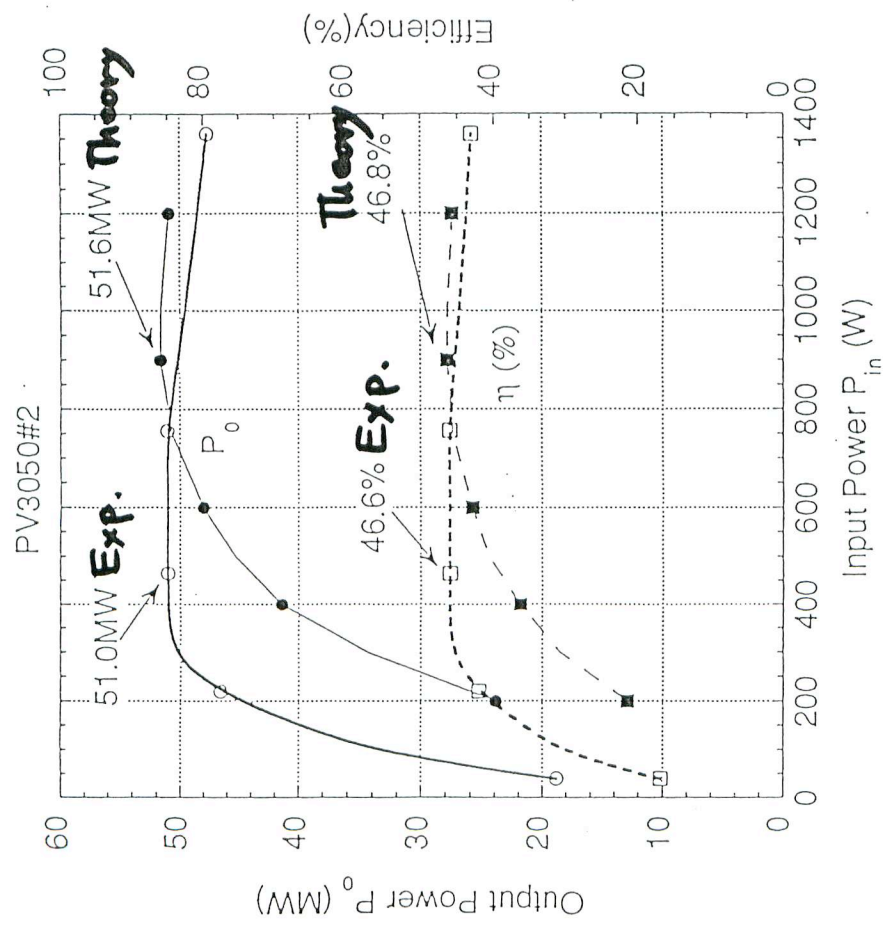
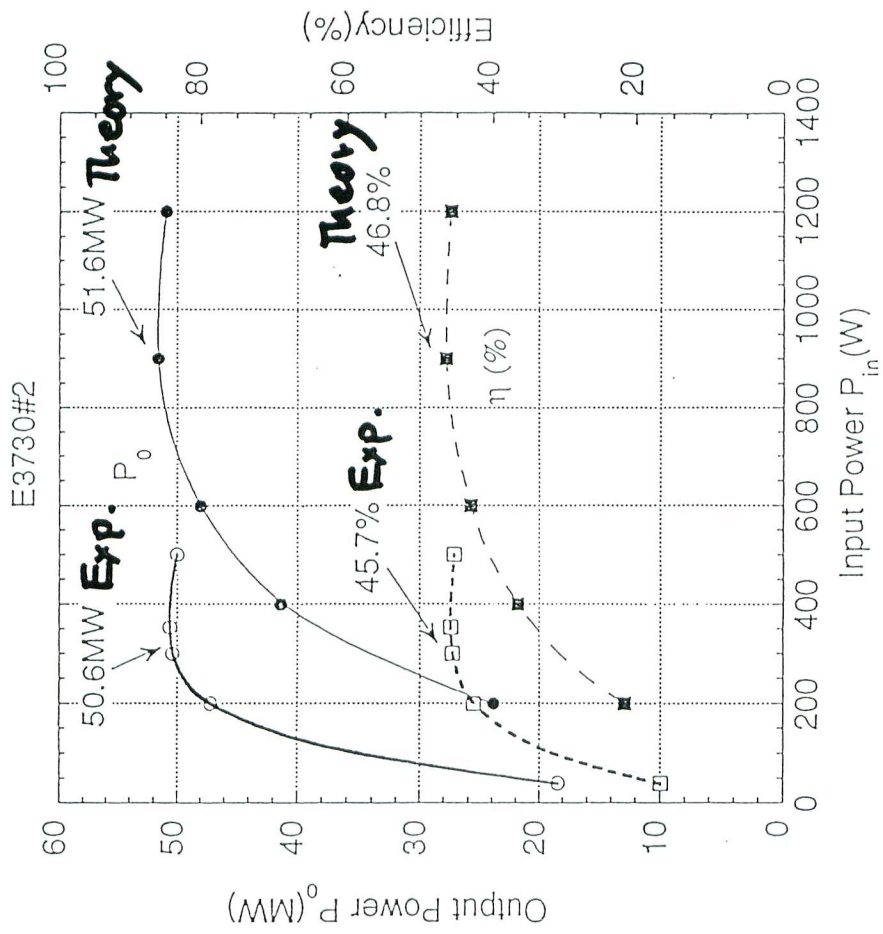
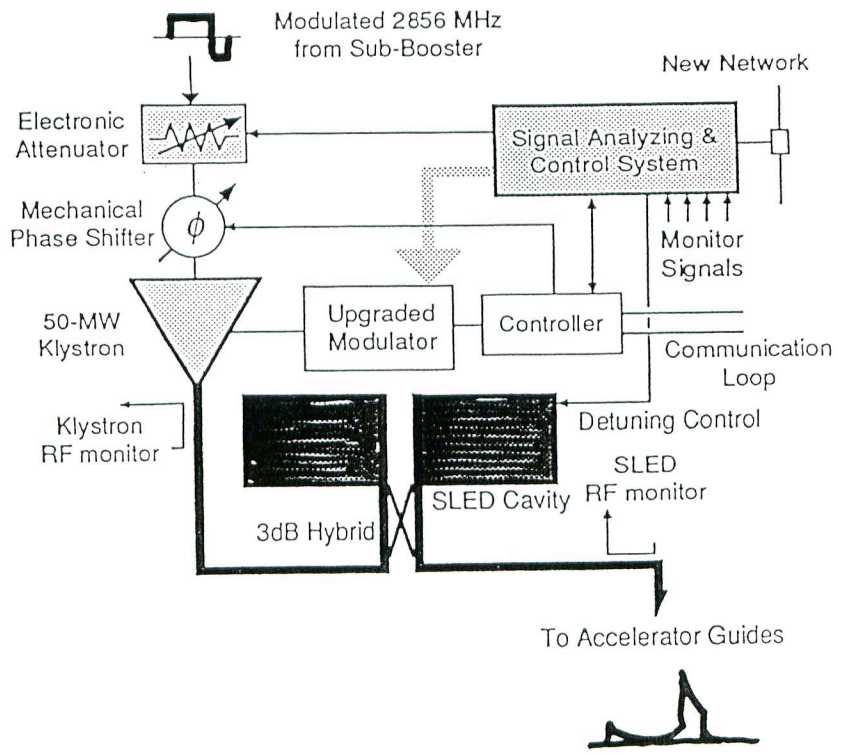


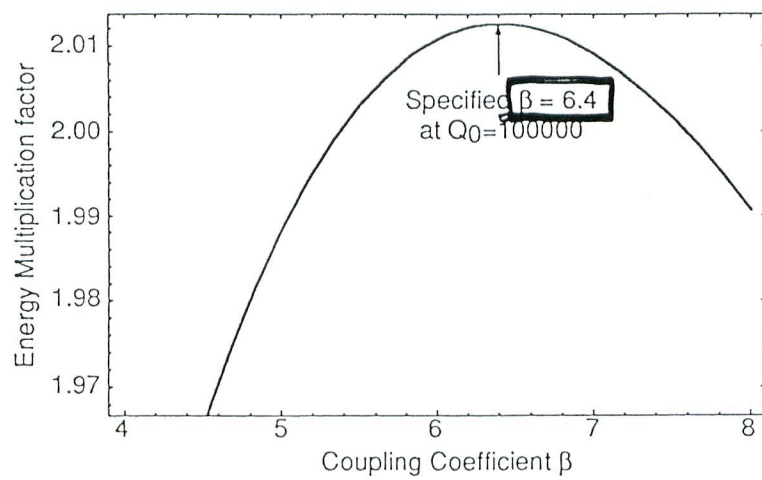
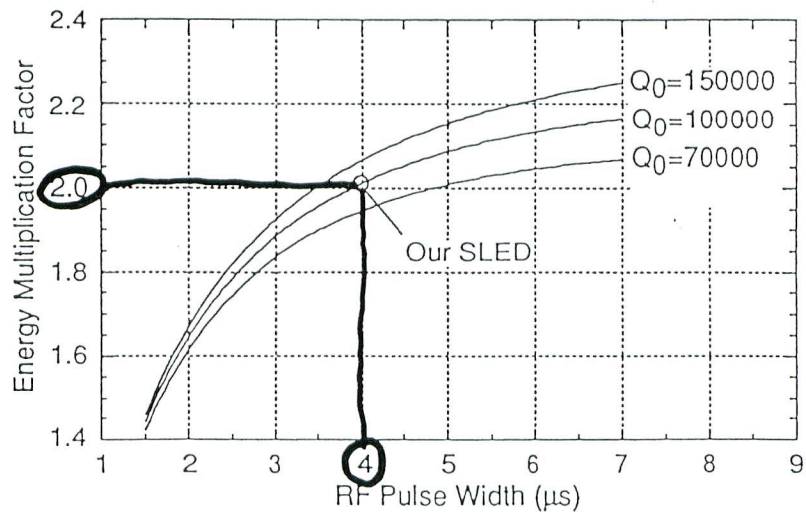
Table 4-2-5-1 Parameters of the high power klystrons

	Unit	existing(PV3030)	PV3030A3	50MW
beam voltage	kV	270	285(310)	315
beam current	A	295	319(362)	370
beam power	MW	80	91(112)	117
beam pulse width	kV	3.5	5.5	5.5
repetition rate	Ω	50	50	50
rf output power peak	MW	33	40(50)	50
rf output power av.	kW	3.3	8.0	10
rf pulse width	μ s	2	4	4
efficiency	%	42	44	44
perveance	μ A/V ^{3/2}	2.1	2.1	2.1
overall length	mm	1317	1317	<1400
number of cavity.		5	5	5
rf window		single	single	single

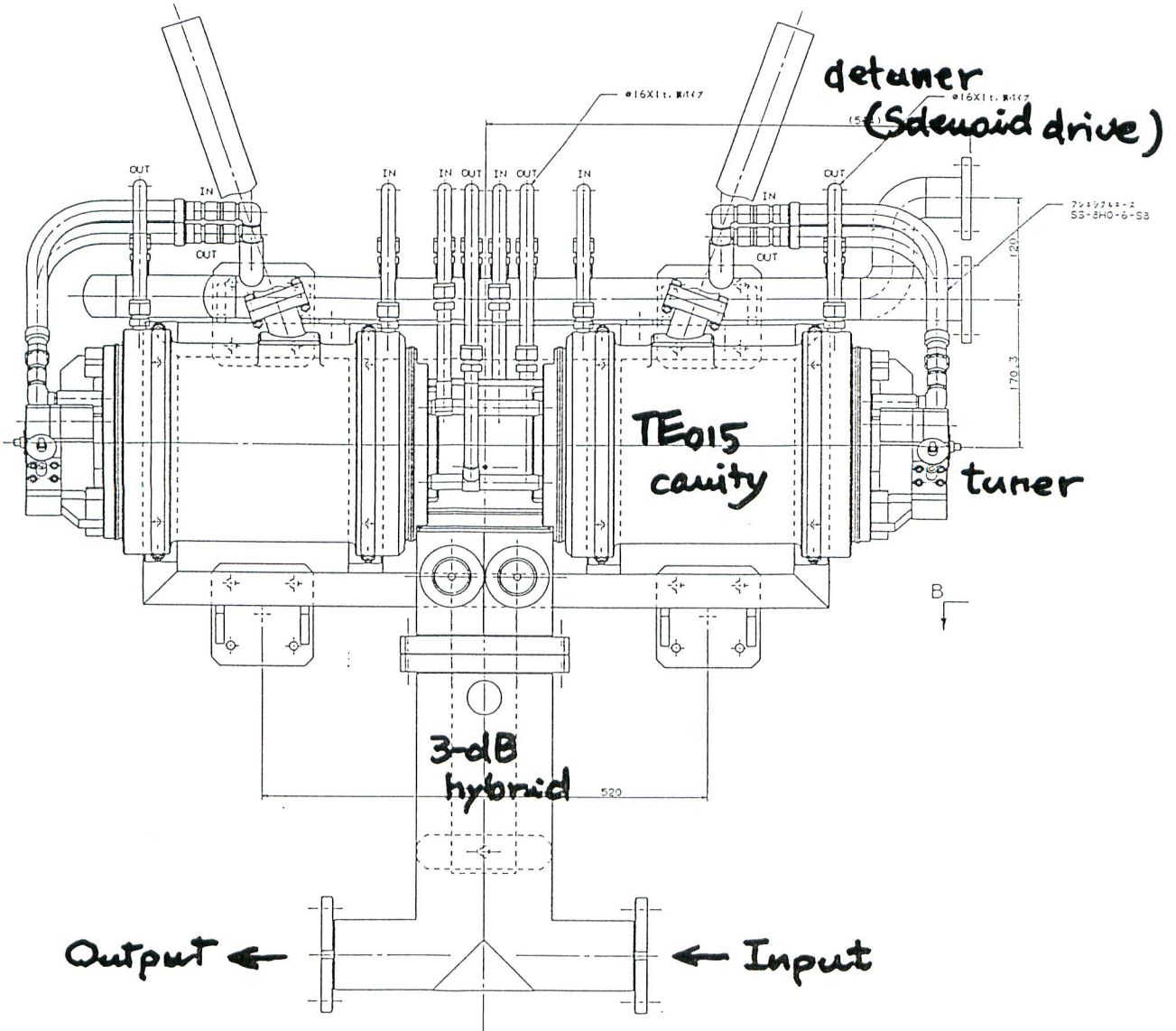
RF Pulse Compression System (SLED)



Parameter choice for SLED



SLED (final design)



VIEW B-B

Table 4-2-1-2 SLED specification for KEKB linac

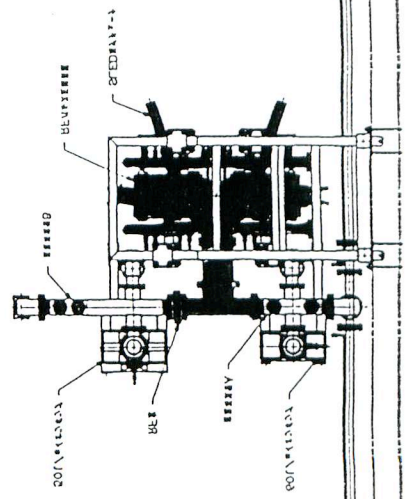
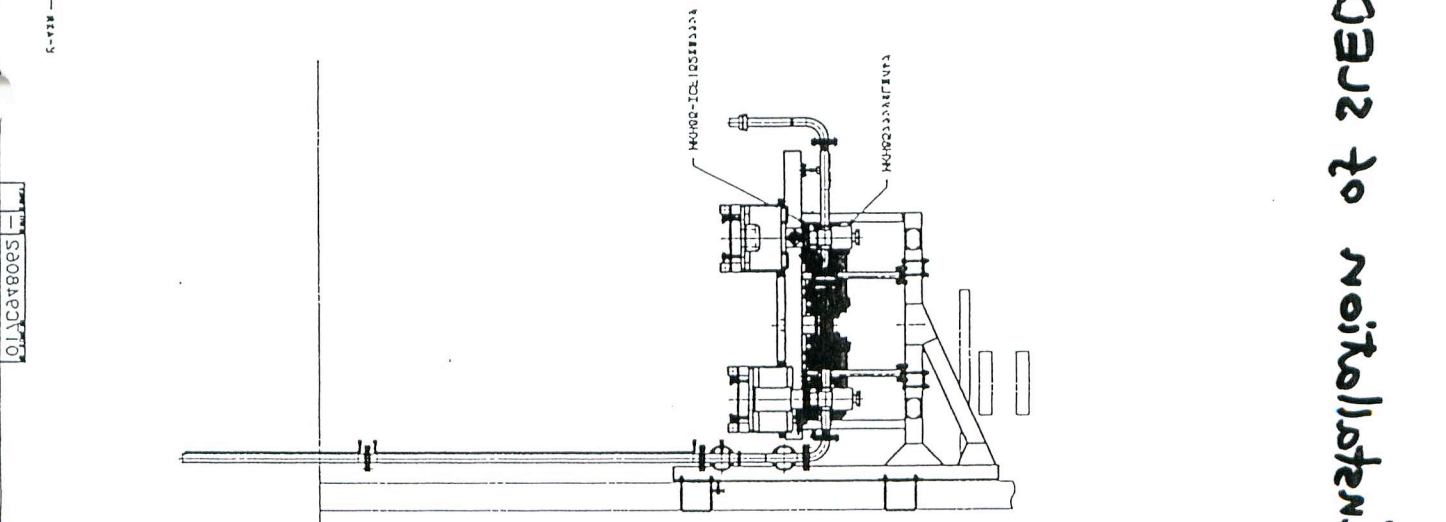
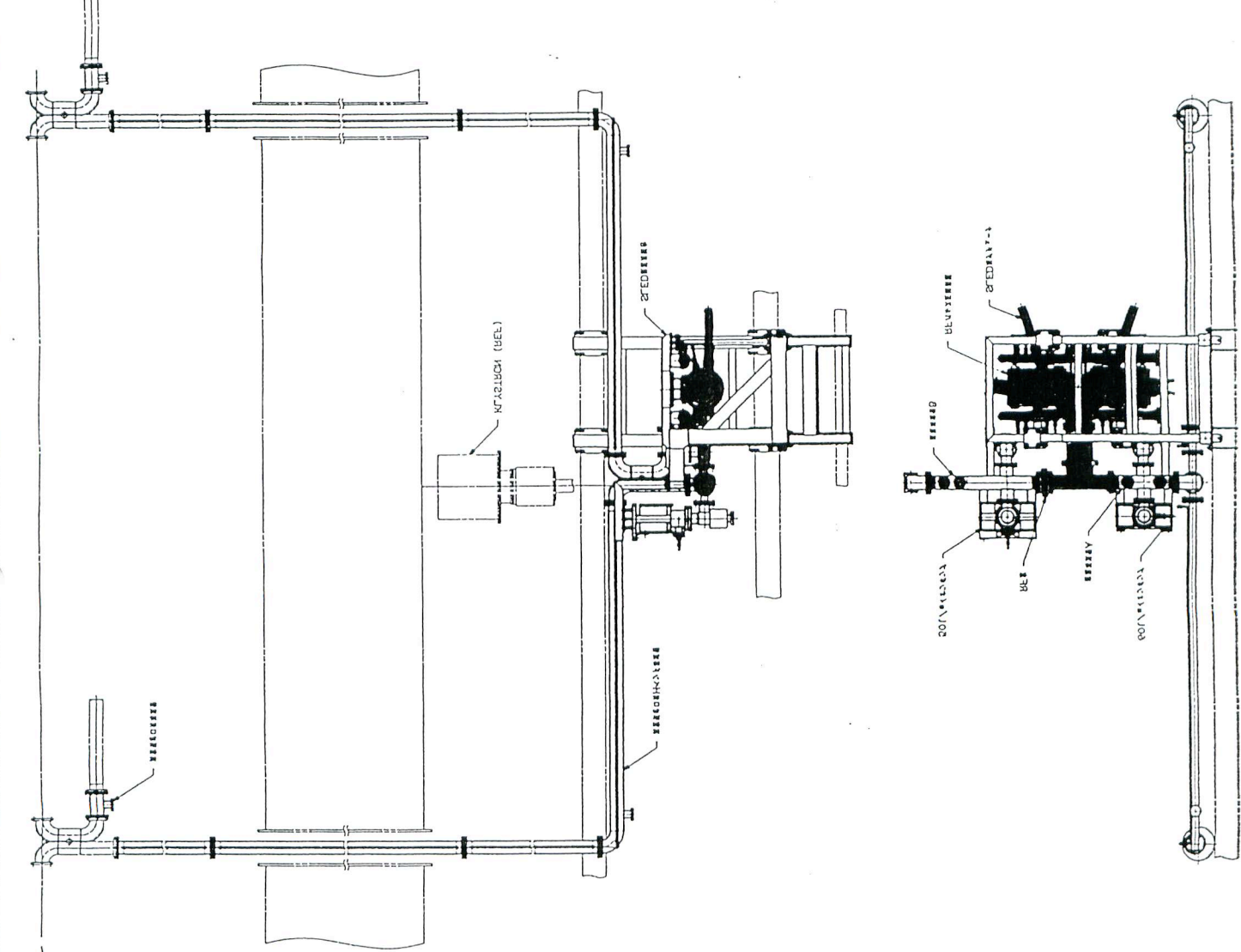
Resonant mode	TE015
Q (theoretical)	105000
Q (measured)	100000
Coupling (type)	two-hole, side-wall
(β)	6.4
tuner	< 2kHz / step (manual)
detuner (type)	solenoid-drive, needle (ϕ 2mm, stroke 168mm)
(separation)	>20MHz
gain-shift	0.1% / 5kHz (0.1° C)

5

2

4

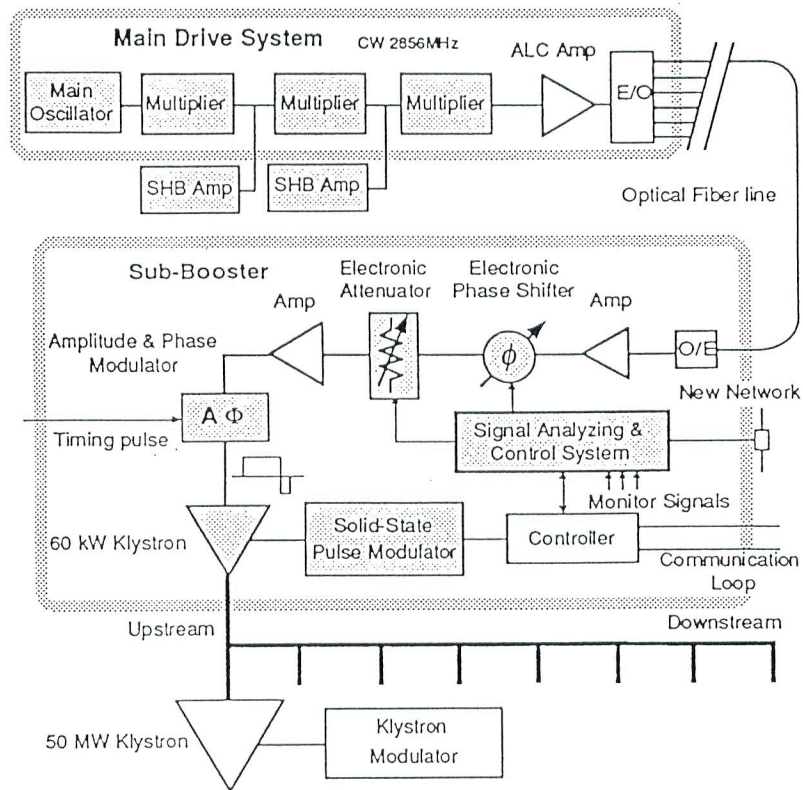
2



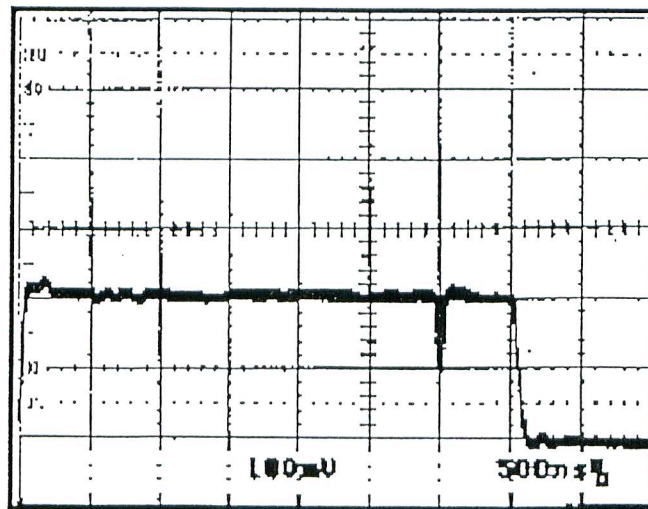
О.А.САБАРЕЦКАЯ

ОБЪЕКТЫ И КОМПОНЕНТЫ

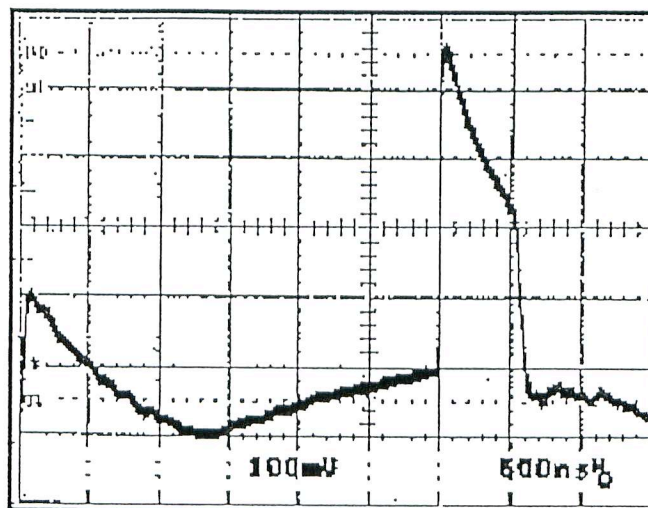
Improvements for RF-drive system



Output Waveform from SLED (high-power operation)



SLED off (SLED cavities detuned)



SLED on (tuned)

Acceleration Test

requirement for KEKB

$>160 \text{ MeV/unit}$

Table 1

Results of beam-acceleration tests with the SLED

RF power (MW)	SLED	Energy gain (MeV)	Field (MV/m)	Multiplication
38 ± 3	OFF	87 ± 4	11.5 ± 0.5	
	ON	<u>164 ± 4</u>	21.7 ± 0.5	1.88 ± 0.1
48 ± 4	OFF	97 ± 4	12.8 ± 0.5	
	ON	179 ± 4	23.7 ± 0.5	1.85 ± 0.1

RF pulse width = $3.5 \mu\text{s}$.

RF power was calculated from the measured energy gain.

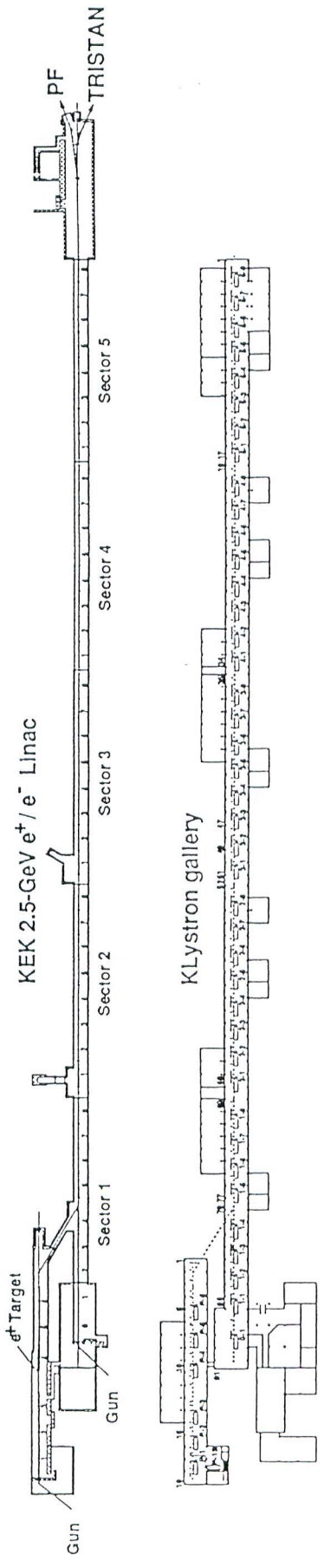
Field is an averaged value.

Theoretical multiplication factor is 1.96.

Positron Production

LINAC UPGRADE FOR KEKB Determination of the position for the positron production target

Positron Generator

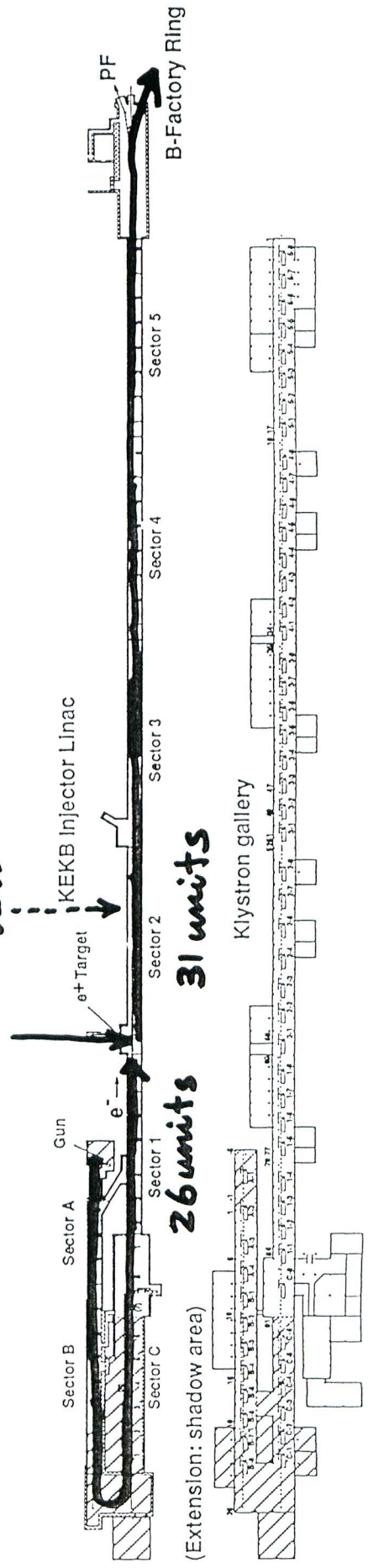


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no. 32-33

$$57 \times \frac{8-3.5}{8} \div 32$$



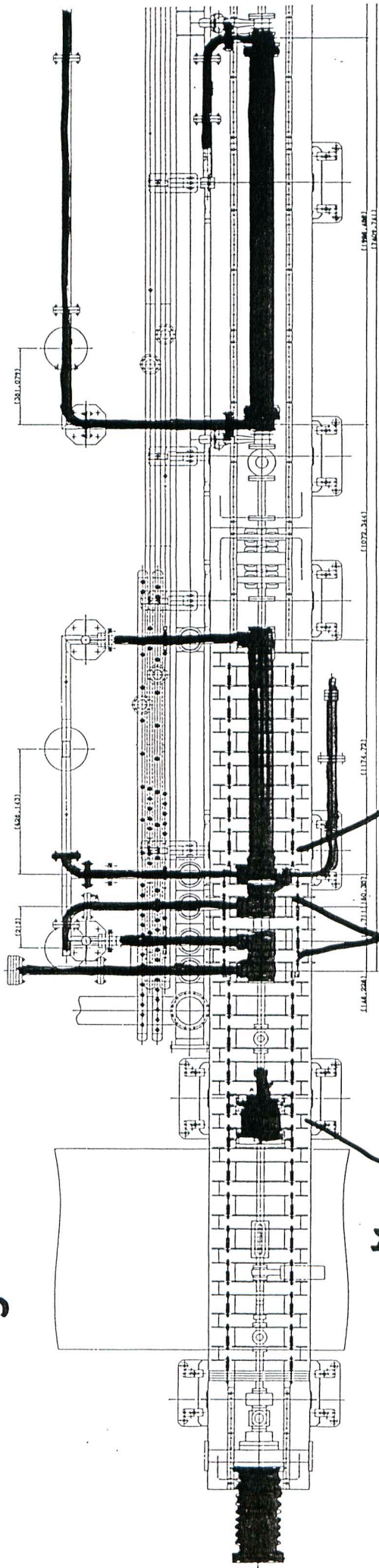
26 units 31 units

(Extension: shadow area)

Single-bunch Beam

Test

Pre-injector



SHB

476-MHz

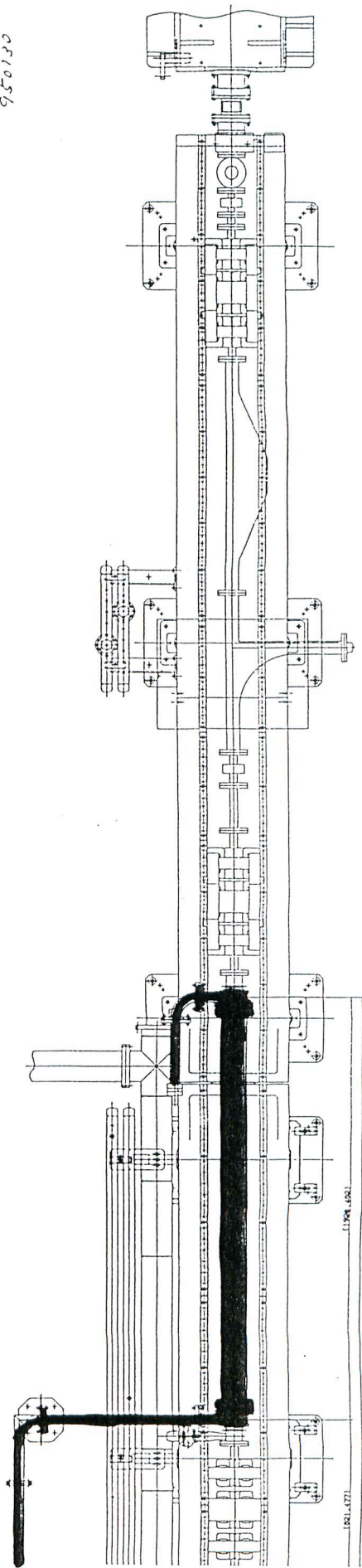
PB

2856MHz

Buncher

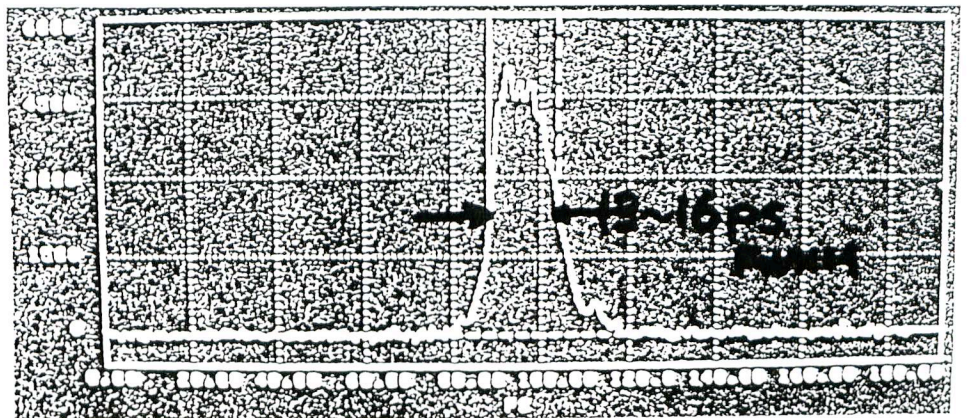
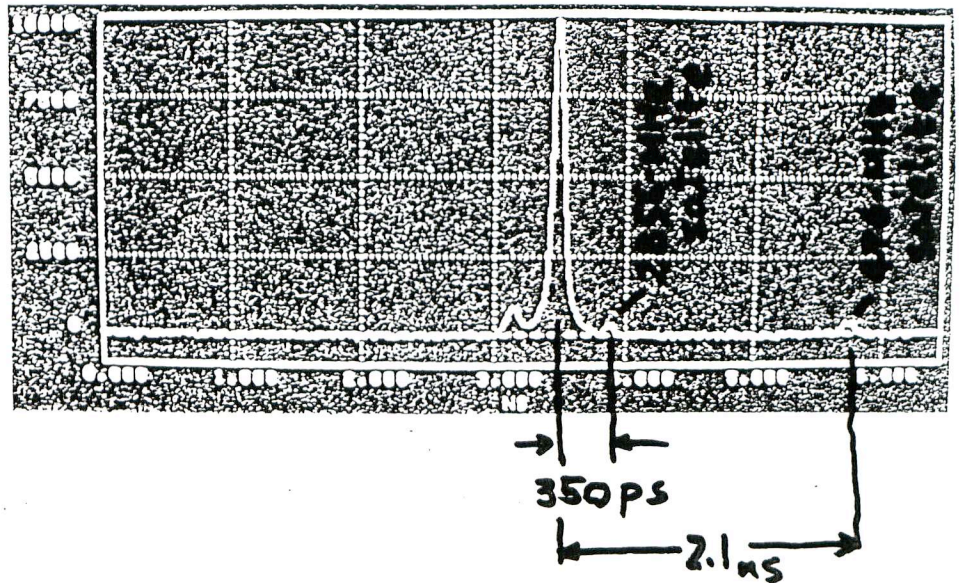
2856MHz

950130



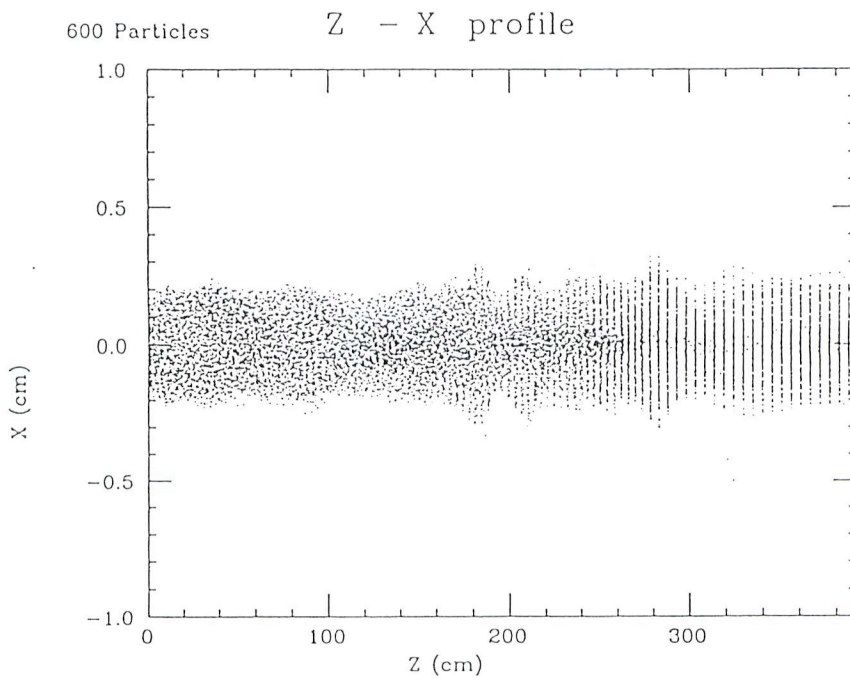
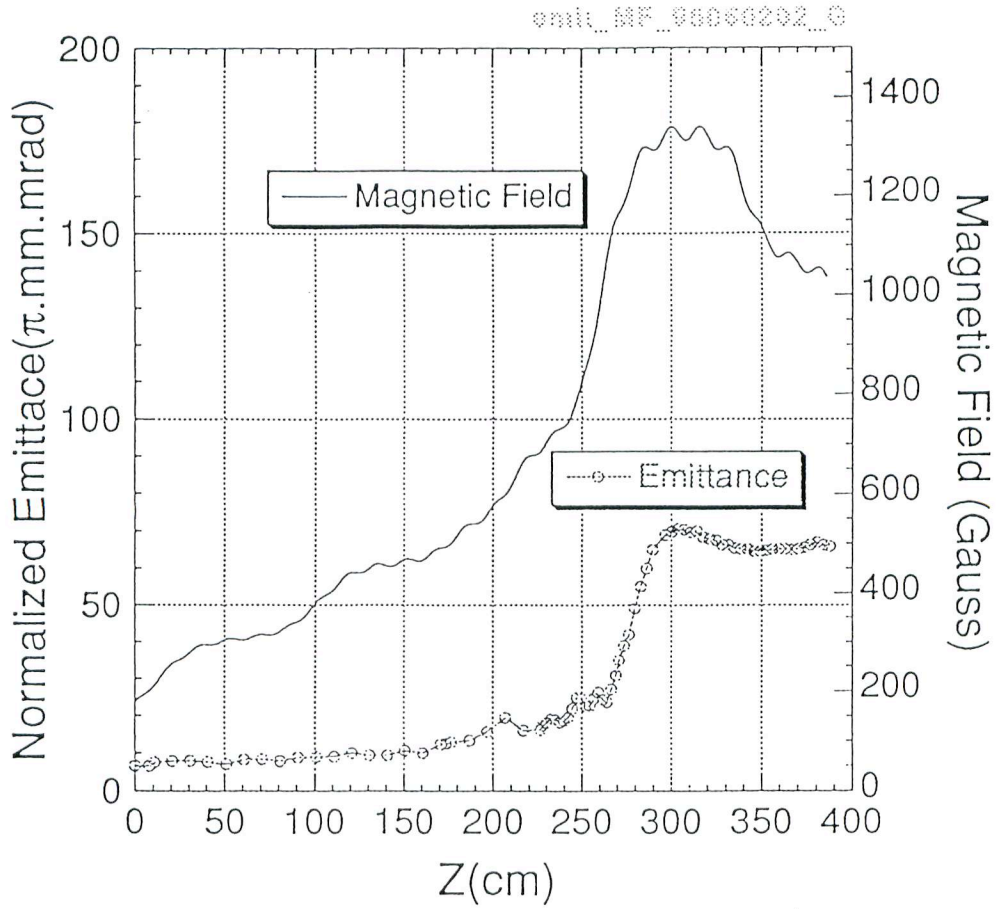
$\sim 11 \text{ nC} (7 \times 10^{10} e^-)$

\sim Single-bunch beam

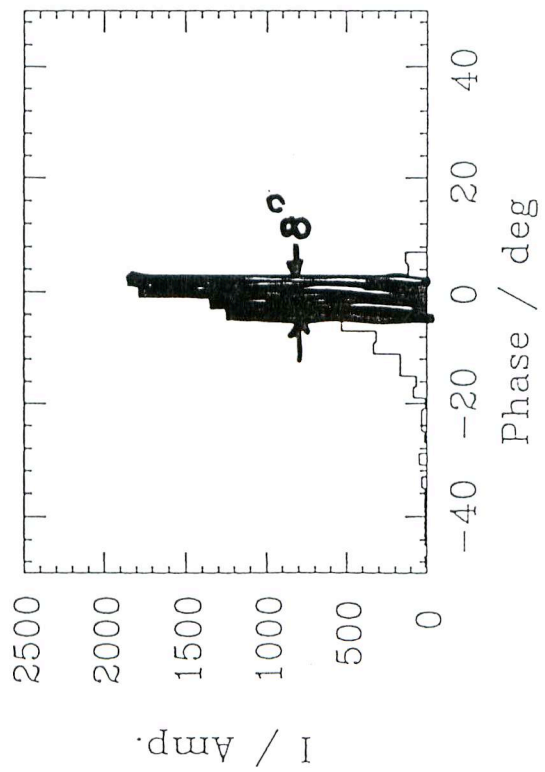
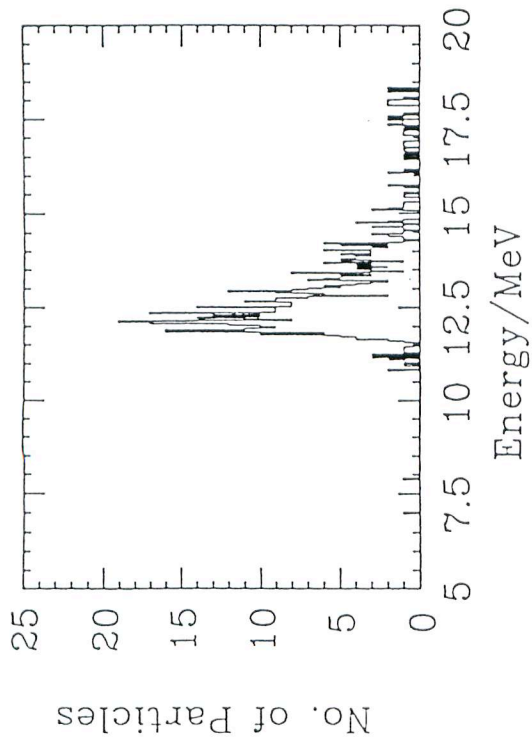
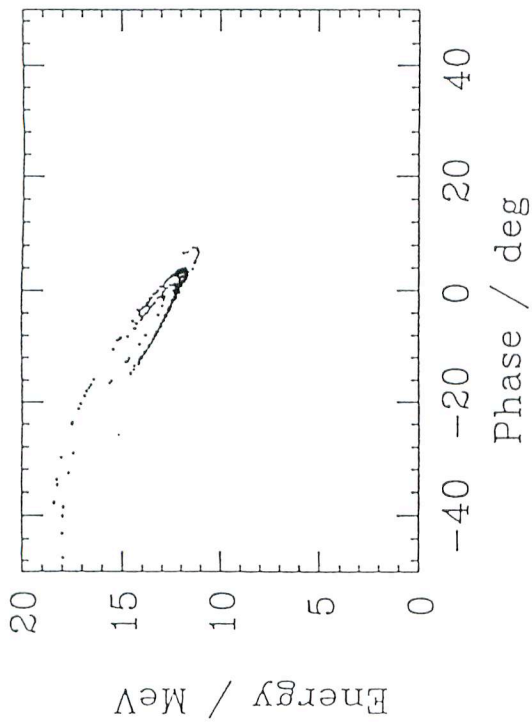


preliminary results obtained
with single SHB
at the end of the pre-injector

Simulation



DOUBLE SHB, 2 nS

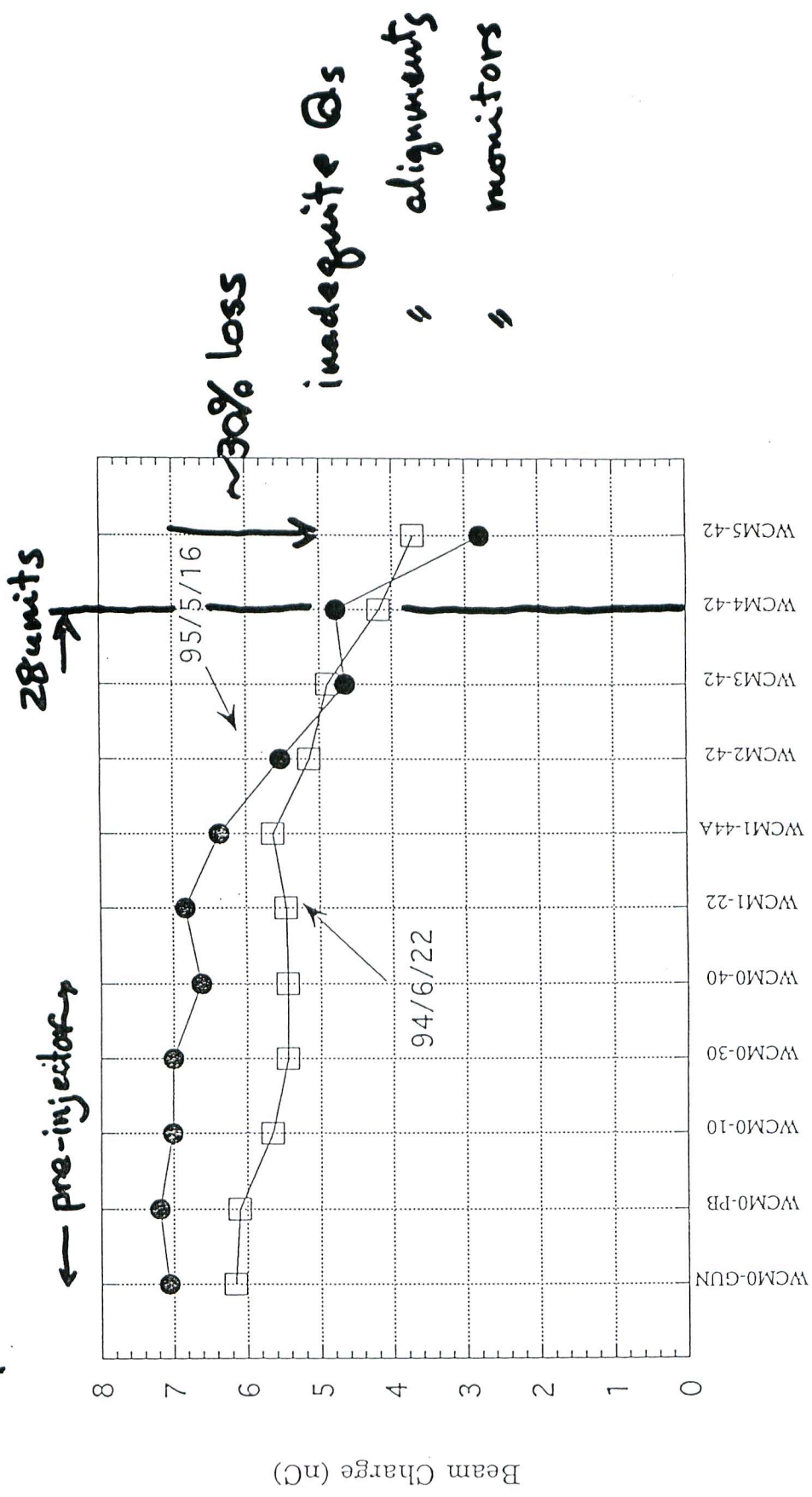


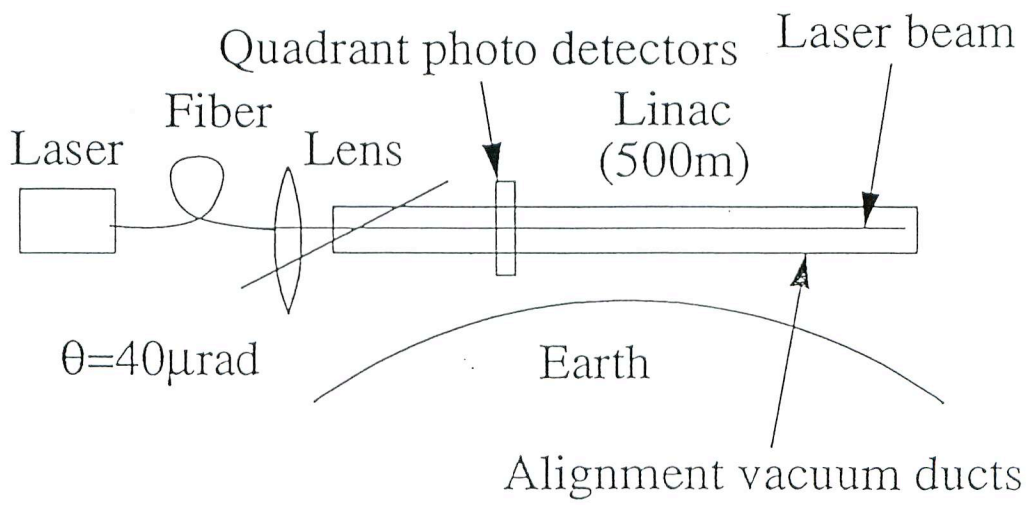
DOUBLE SHB, 2 ns 10.0 AMP
 Element : No. 79/ 79(TRWAVE)
 : Zexit 391.22 cm
 Particles / init : 592/ 600

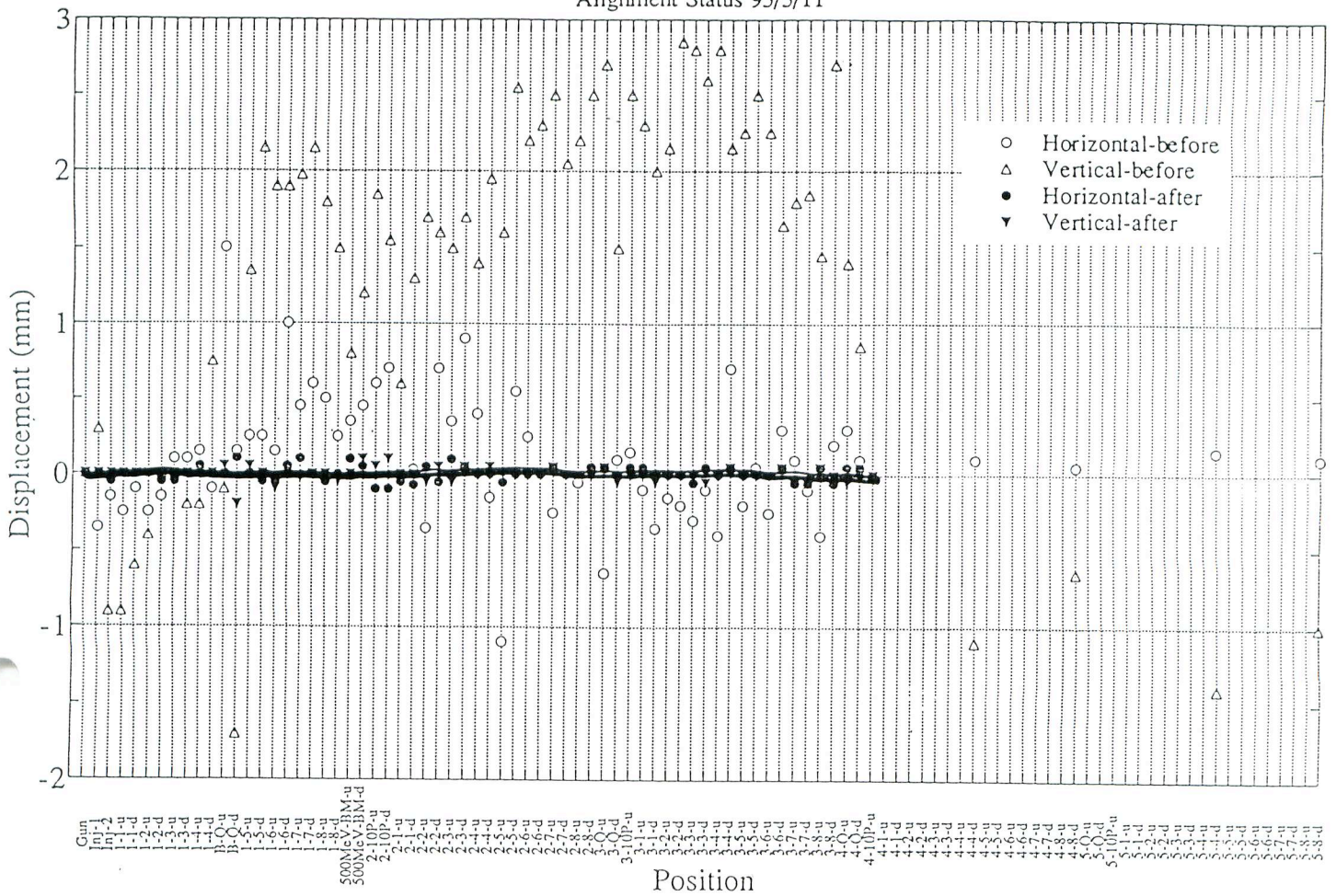
Phase mode : RF OF TRWAVE

Fig 3.1.5 r = 2.8

Beam Transport Test using the present linac







Requirement for Q-magnet Alignment

$< 0.12 \text{ mm}$

for r at target = 0.6 mm

10nC bunch

Positron Intensity

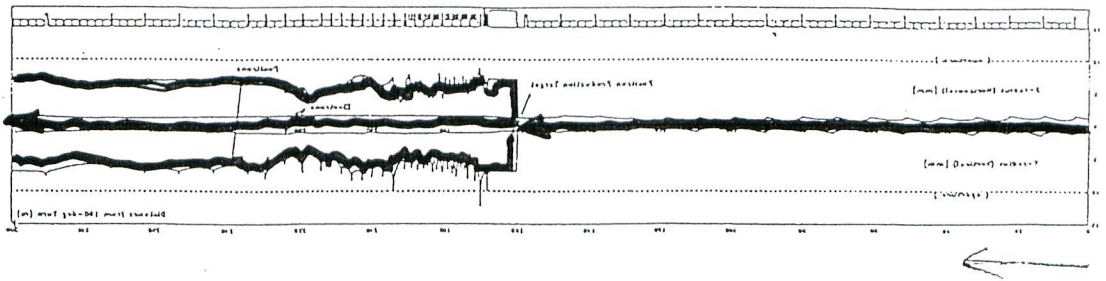
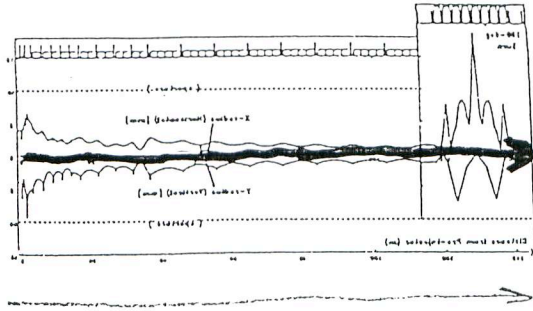
primary e^- expected conversion rate

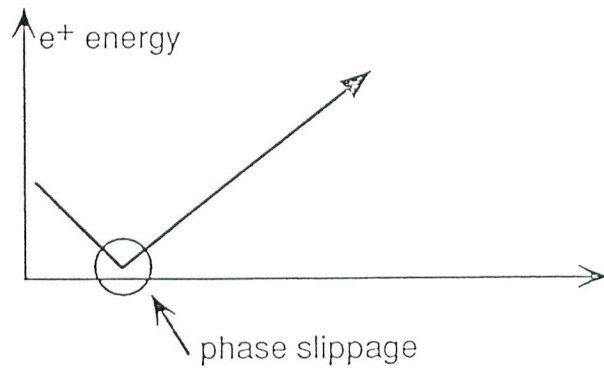
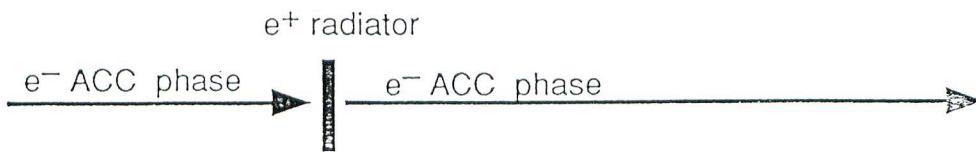
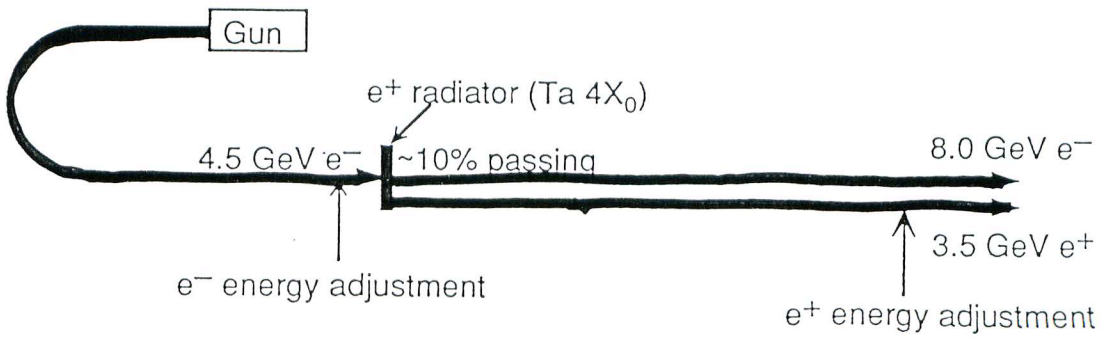
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 10 \text{ nC} & \times & 0.018 \times 3.7 \text{ GeV} \end{array}$$

$$= 0.67 \text{ nC}$$

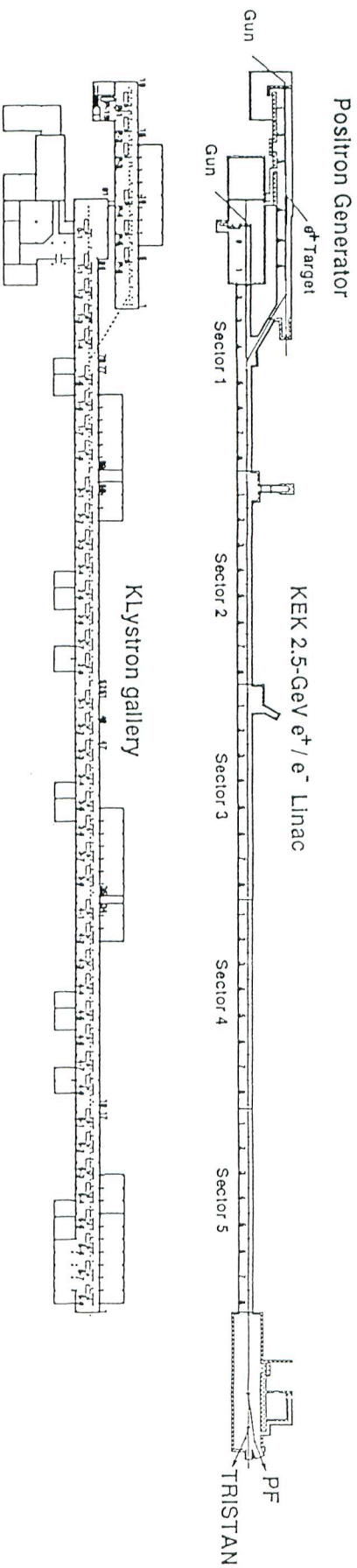
\approx requirement

$$\frac{2.6 \text{ A} \times 10.06 \mu\text{s}}{0.67 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C} \times 50 \text{ pps}} \approx 780 \text{ sec}$$
$$\approx 13 \text{ min}$$





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