

## OVERVIEW OF BEAM INSTRUMENTATIONS

KEKB Beam Monitor Group

S.Hiramatsu

1. Beam Position Monitors\* (BPMs)
2. Beam Current Monitors (DCCTs)
3. Beam Loss Monitors (Ionization chambers)
4. SR Monitors\* (SR Image, Streak camera & Interferogram)
5. Others

Turn-by-turn BPMs

Bunch current & Tune monitors\*

Fast CTs

Wall-current monitors (not installed yet)

Realtime Bunch-length monitors (on tuning)

Direct BPM button signals (instead of screens)

IP BPMs

Bunch-by-bunch feedback\*

\*Details of the BPM system, Synchrotron Light Monitors and the Bunch-by-bunch Feedback System will be presented separately by Tejima, Mitsuhashi and Kikutani.

## 1. Beam Position Monitors

- Electrostatic pickup with 4 buttons (12mm $\phi$ )  
454 BPMs @ LER / 443 BPMs @ HER
- All BPMs were calibrated at the calibration stand.  
calibration error; <20 $\mu\text{m}$
- Setting errors against the Q-magnet reference were measured with laser displacement sensors.  
measuring error; <50 $\mu\text{m}$
- Electronics system is installed in VXI stations distributed in 20 local control buildings (LC).  
22-24 BPMs / LC/ Ring  
Interfaced by VME to FDDI (EPICS)
- Measurable range; 1mA-2.6A (desired >10mA for resolution)  
max. bunch current <2mA to avoid electronics damage
- Frontend electronics (special 240 VXI modules)  
superheterodyne (signal; 1GHz, IF; 20kHz)  
beam signal detection; spectrum analysis by DSP  
max. S/N~90-92dB ; position error 0.5-1 $\mu\text{m}$ (rms)  
(8 average of 2048-point FFT)
- Processing time; proportional to S/N (resolution)  
<1sec/BPM at max. S/N~90-92dB
- One frontend processes 4 BPMs(2 of LER & 2 of HER) .  
available for extension to 480 frontends  $\Rightarrow$  2nd step?
- Measured resolution; 1-5 $\mu\text{m}$  (average ~2 $\mu\text{m}$ ) @  $I_b=11\text{mA}$
- **Need to calibrate center offsets with beams; on going program**

## 2.DCCTs

- Developed KEKB-original DCCTs.

measurable range;	100 $\mu$ A-3A (target; 10 $\mu$ A-3A)
response;	DC-10kHz
drift;	$\sim$ 3 $\mu$ A/deg
- A new feedback circuit free from the modulation-ripple by the magnetic-core unbalance was developed.
- Used for the beam stopper trigger.

## 3. Beam Loss Monitors

- 109 (5 m long)/23 (8-10m long) ion-chambers made of air-insulated coaxial cables FC-20D were distributed in the KEKB tunnel / BT line.
- System sensitivity (for a 5m long ion-chamber);  
9.1mV/mR (@x1) /91mV/mR (@x10) /910mV/mR(@x100)
- 8 ion-chambers at BT line are used for the radiation safety interlock.
- Ion-chambers at ring are used for beam tuning and beam abort trigger.

#### 4. Synchrotron Radiation Monitors

- SR-extraction & Primary optical lines
    - LER; FUJI(QR4/QR5)-D8 (40m)
    - HER; OHO(QR3/QR4)-D4 (40m)
  - Primary beam extracted by a Be mirror will be divided into 3 lines.
    - (a) Beam image - focused onto CCD camera
      - Diffraction spreading of 30-40 $\mu$ m will be corrected.
    - (b) Streak camera - measurement of bunch length and structure
    - (c) Double-slit interferometer - beam size & profile measurement
      - Measured vertical beam size;  $\sigma=240\mu\text{m}$  (HER @ 157mA).
  - Wavefront distortion by the extraction mirror deformation will be corrected in real time by **wavefront-correction-mirror**
    - (servo-controlled deformable mirror with 31 piezo-actuators)
    - and Shack-Hartmann interferometers to monitor the mirror deformations.
- \* Will be installed in April.

## 5.Others

### 5-1 Turn-by-turn BPMs

- 4 BPMs in LER and 4 BPMs in HER can be switched to turn-by-turn BPM detectors which are wideband signal processors with ~20MHz bandwidth.
- 509MHz component of the pickup signal is processed by wideband synchronous detectors.

x/y-resolution at test bench;       $\sim 50\mu\text{m}$  @  $I_b=0.1\text{mA}$   
phase resolution;                   $\sim 0.5\text{deg}$   
rf-clock phase dependence;       $\sim \pm 100\mu\text{m}$

### 5-2 Bunch Current and Tune Measurement

- Bunch current is detected by the frontend similar to that of the bunch-feedback system using  $\cos(4\omega_{\text{rf}}t)$  reference.
  - \* Available for 50Hz data-processing of 5000 bunches.
  - \* Beam injection is controlled by bunch-current monitors.
- Transverse and longitudinal tunes are measured by spectrum analyzers using feedback kickers to excite beam oscillations.

### 5-3 Fast CTs

- Each ring of LER and HER has a fast CT for rough observation of beam bunch configuration in the early stage of commissioning.
- Response; ~nsec

## 5-4 Wall Current Monitors

- Wall current monitors for bunch identification in LER and HER are planned.
- Completed design & fabrication but not installed yet (~ April?).

## 5-5 Realtime Bunch-length Monitors

- Bunchlength is estimated from the ratio of two frequency components of the button signal.

$$f_1 = 509 \text{ MHz}, \quad f_2 = 2.54/3.56/4.07/4.58/5.09 \text{ GHz}$$

- Under tuning with a streak camera of the SR monitor.

## 5-6 Direct BPM Button Signals

- KEKB-rings have **no screen monitor**.
- Direct signals of 4 pickup electrodes of each BPM was monitored at local stations instead of screen monitors.
  - \* detectable bunch current  $\sim 10 \mu\text{A}$  (charge  $\sim 0.1 \text{nC}$ )
- Digital oscilloscope images were sent to CCR by videos.
- The location where the beam was lost and the rough displacement of the beam were immediately identified in the first ring-commissioning.

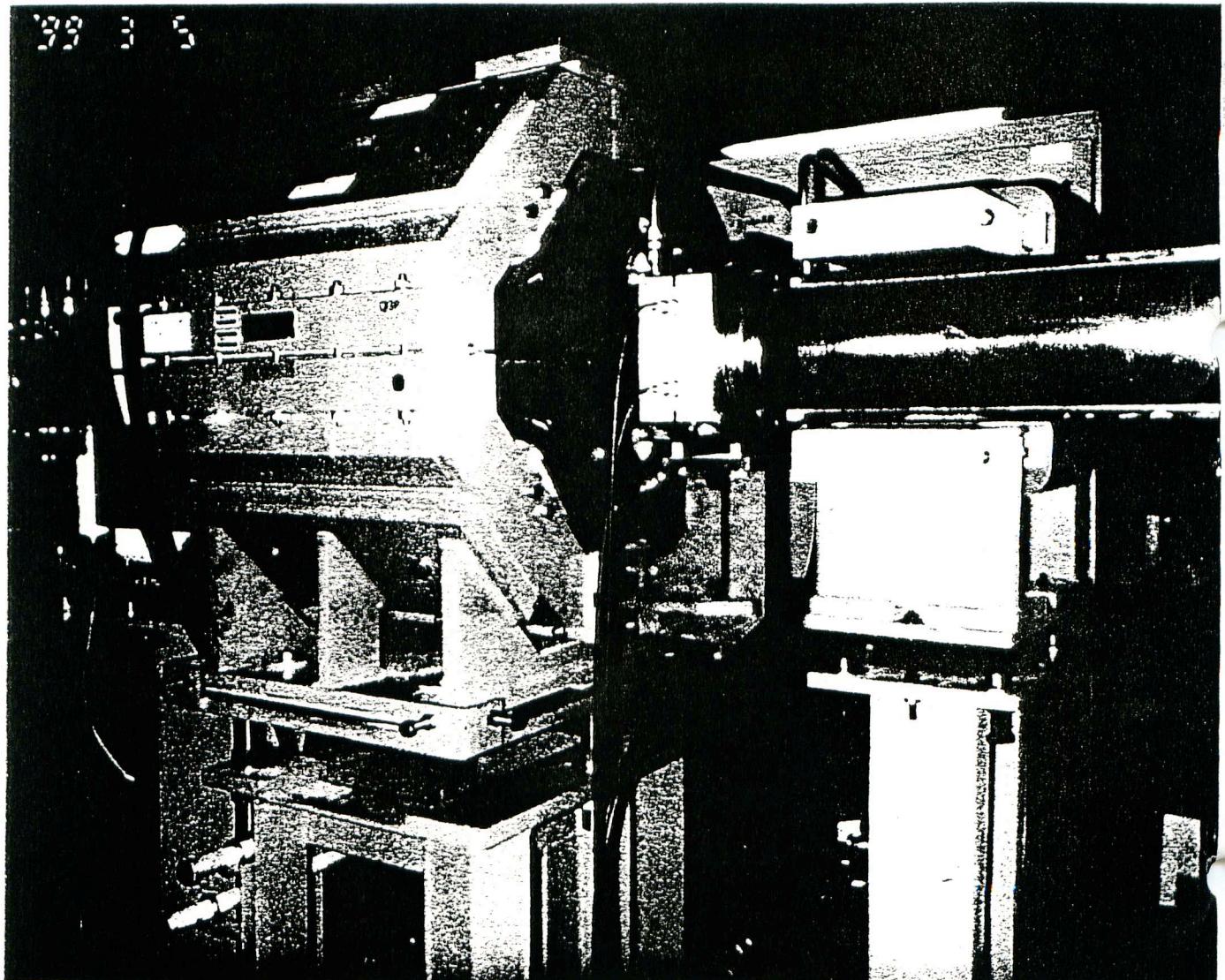
## 5-7 Special BPMs at IP

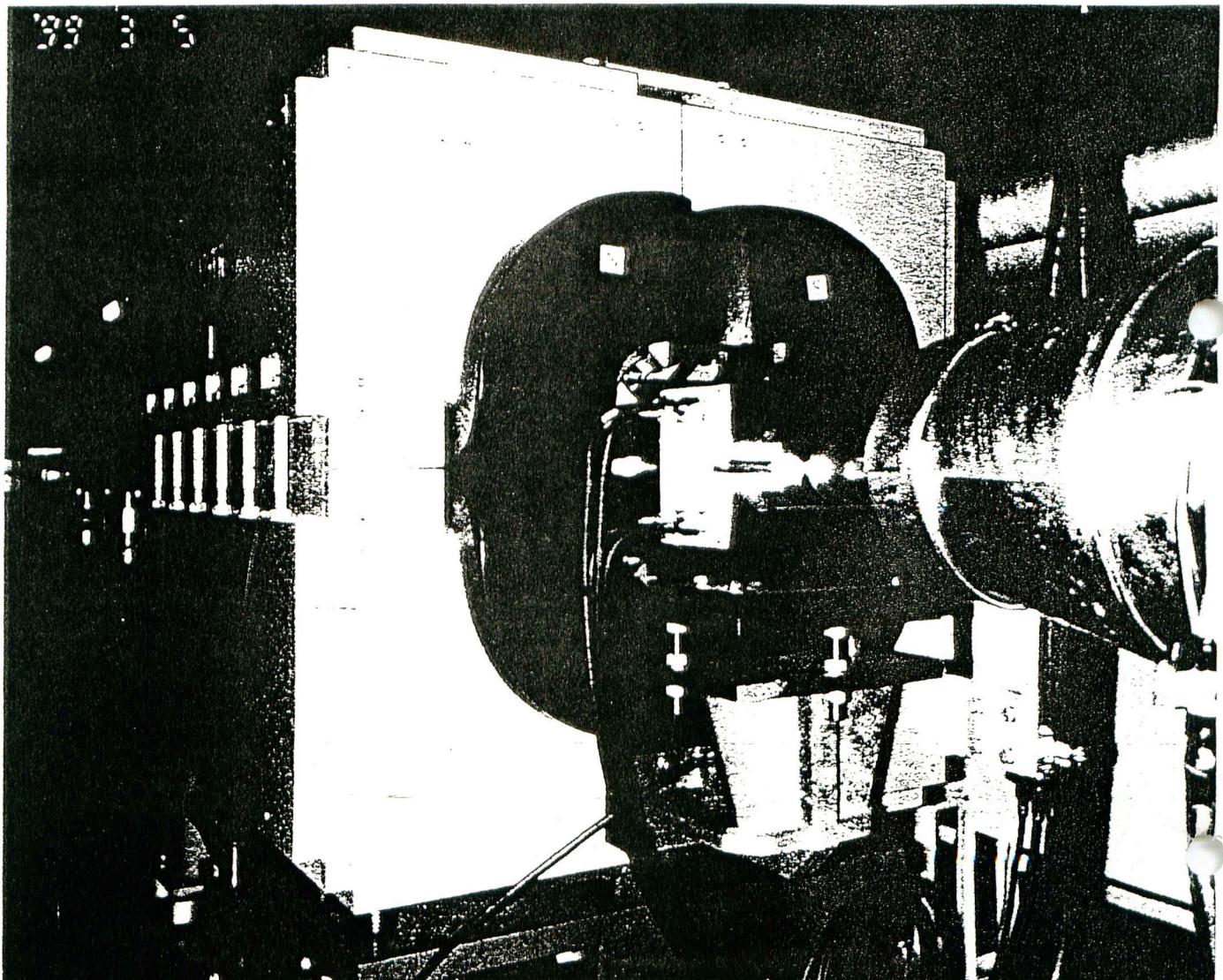
- Specially designed 4 BPMs were installed in the QCS beam chamber (55mm $\phi$  inner diameter) for the orbit feedback at IR.
  - \* Both of e<sup>-</sup> and e<sup>+</sup> pass the BPM signal pickup.
  - \* pickup; 8 buttons with 6mm $\phi$  diameter
  - \* e<sup>-</sup> orbit and e<sup>+</sup> orbit can be resolved separately by the nonlinearity of the pickup sensitivity ; expected resolution ~ a few  $\mu\text{m}$
- 2 of them will be operated routinely in the KEKB operation.
- 10Hz signal processing is available for the orbit feedback.
- Under installation of electronics.  
Operation will start in March.

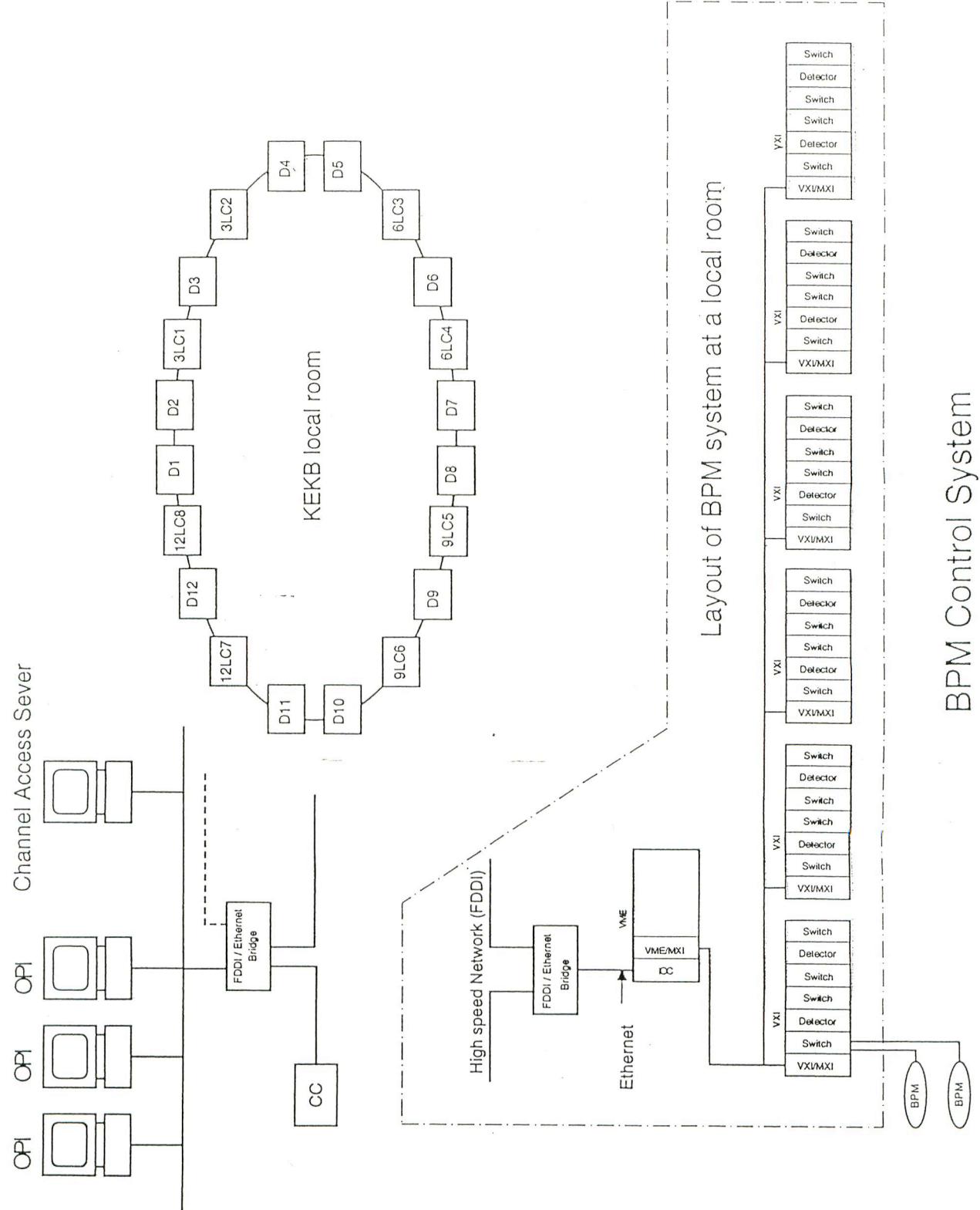
## 5-8 Bunch-by-feedback

- Transverse bunch-by-bunch feedback systems for HER/LER worked well and are indispensable to increase the beam current higher than 100mA.
- Memory system where the displacement of every bunch can be memorized during 4000 turns will be powerful to study FII & PEI.  
⇒ Details will be given in Kikutani's talk.

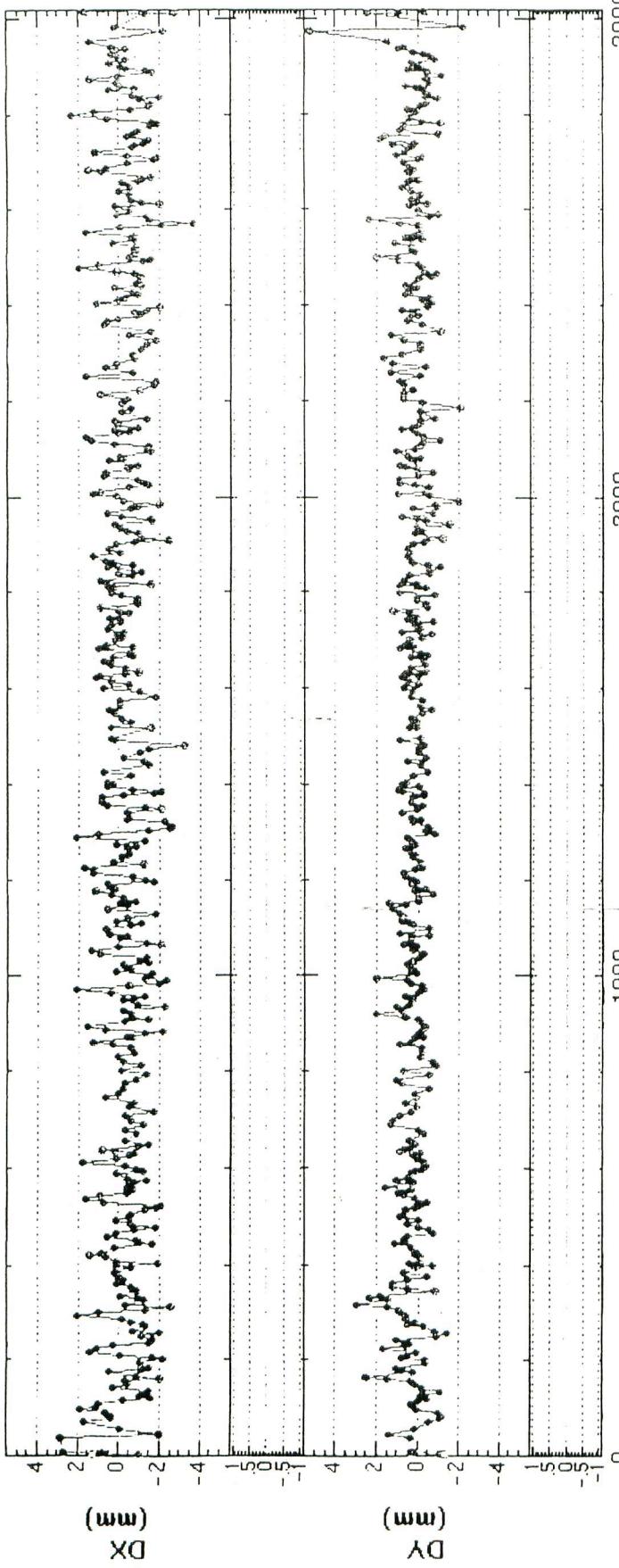
79 3 5







HER Orbit Correction



r.m.s = 1.083 mm  
 max. = 2.866 mm  
 @ M005QC3LE  
 min. = - 3.653 mm  
 @ M378QF4E

r.m.s. = .74 mm  
 max. = 5.217 mm  
 @ M439QC4RE  
 min. = -2.255 mm  
 @ M440QC3RE

300

2000

1000

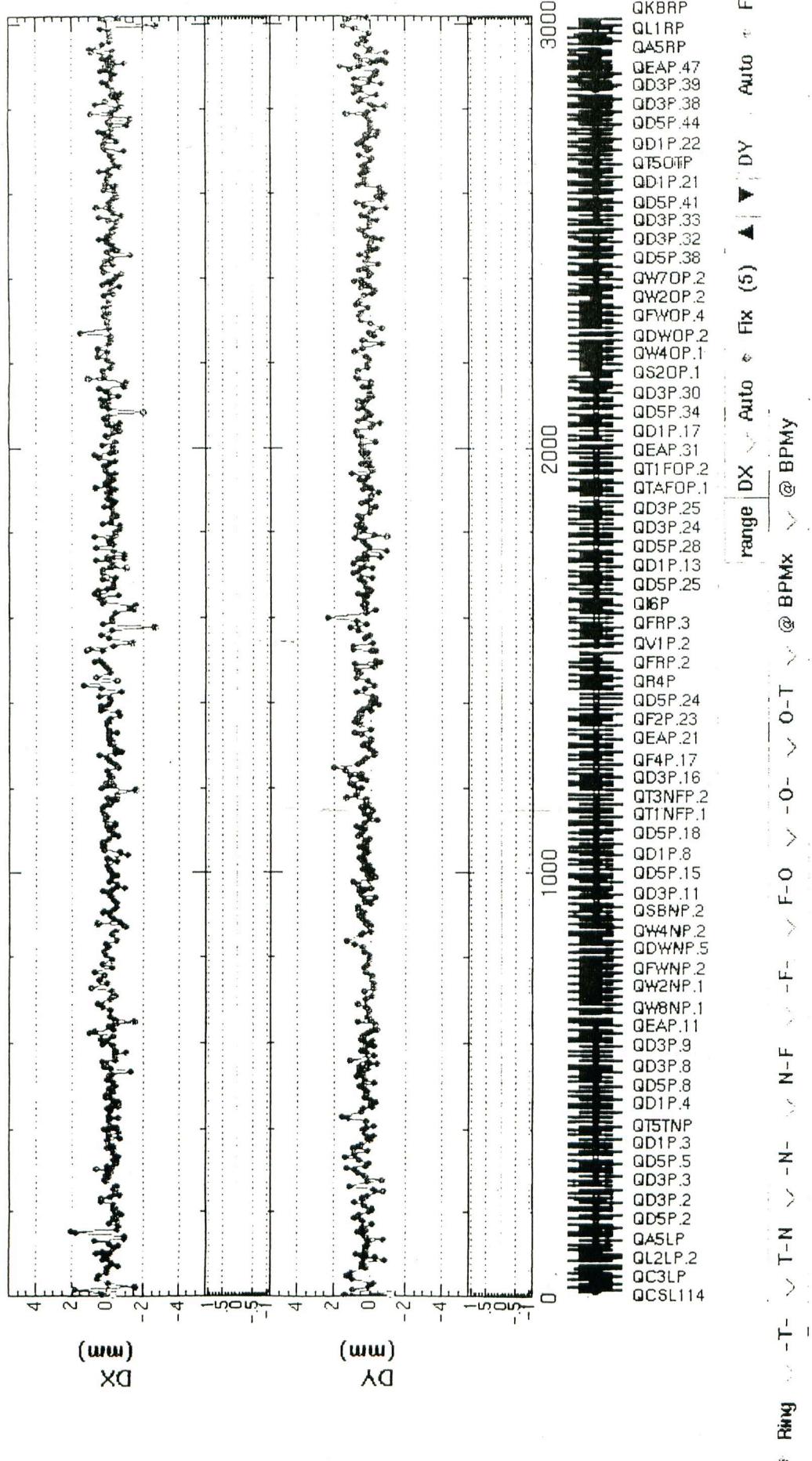
二

QKARE  
QKERE  
QS2TRE  
QD5E.47  
QF4E.39  
QD3E.38  
QD5E.44  
QD1E.22  
QT5OTE  
QD1E.21  
QD5E.41  
QD3E.33  
QD3E.32  
QD5E.38  
QR7OE.21  
QR3OE.21  
QFROE.41  
QDROE.21  
QR4OE.11  
QS8OE.11  
QD3E.30  
QD5E.34  
QD1E.17  
QD5E.31  
QT1FOE.21  
QT4FOE.11  
QD3E.25  
QD3E.24  
QD5E.28  
QD1E.13  
QF6E.13  
QM6E  
QX7E.2  
QX2E.2  
QX6E.1  
Q1SE  
QD5E.24  
QD1E.12  
QD5E.21  
QD3E.17  
QD3E.16  
QT3NFE.21  
QT1NFE.11  
QD5E.18  
QD1E.8  
QD5E.15  
QD3E.11  
QSBN.E.21  
QF4NE.21  
QDRNE.51  
QDRNE.31  
QR2NE.11  
QR7NE.11  
QD5E.11  
QD3E.9  
QD3E.8  
QD5E.8  
QD1E.4  
QT5TNE  
QD1E.3  
QD5E.5  
QD3E.3  
QD3E.2  
QD5E.2  
QS2TLE  
QC5LE  
QKALE  
QCSL114

Feb. 21 12 : 42

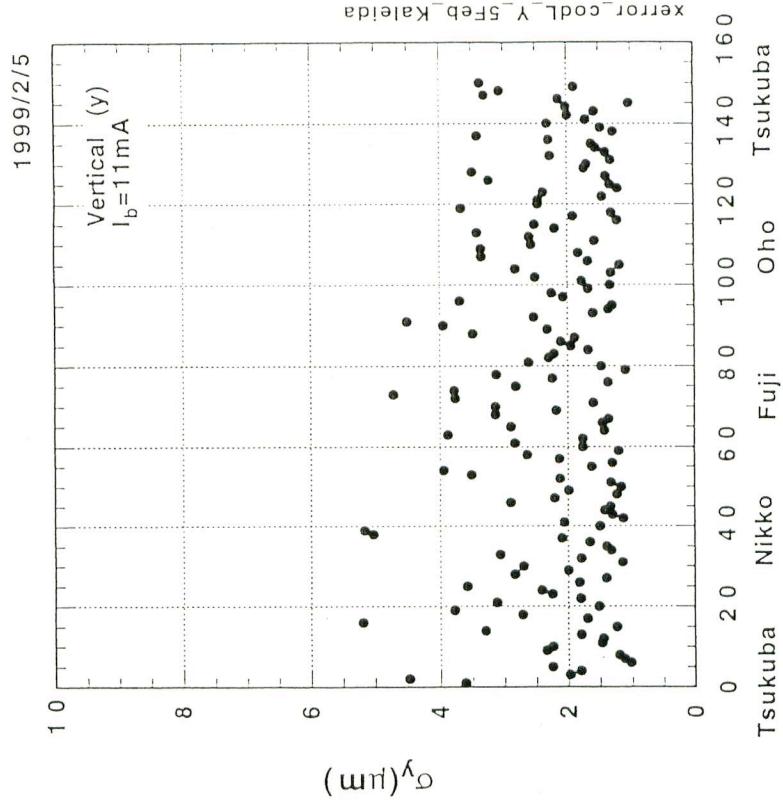
18.Dim A

## LER Orbit Correction



Feib. 28. 2017  
13:00:00

BPM/LER Resolution (y)

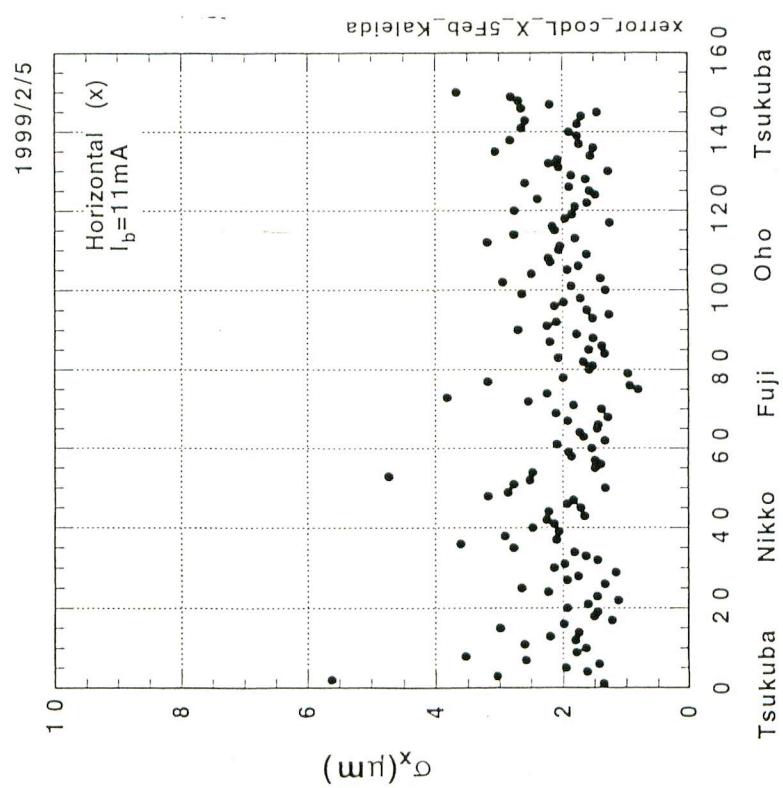


Number of 3-BPM set

BPM#(n-1); x<sub>1</sub> BPM#n; x<sub>2</sub> BPM#(n+1); x<sub>3</sub>

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\langle \{x_3 - (ax_1 + bx_2 + c)\}^2 \rangle}{1 + a^2 + b^2}}$$

BPM/LER Resolution (x)



Number of 3-BPM set

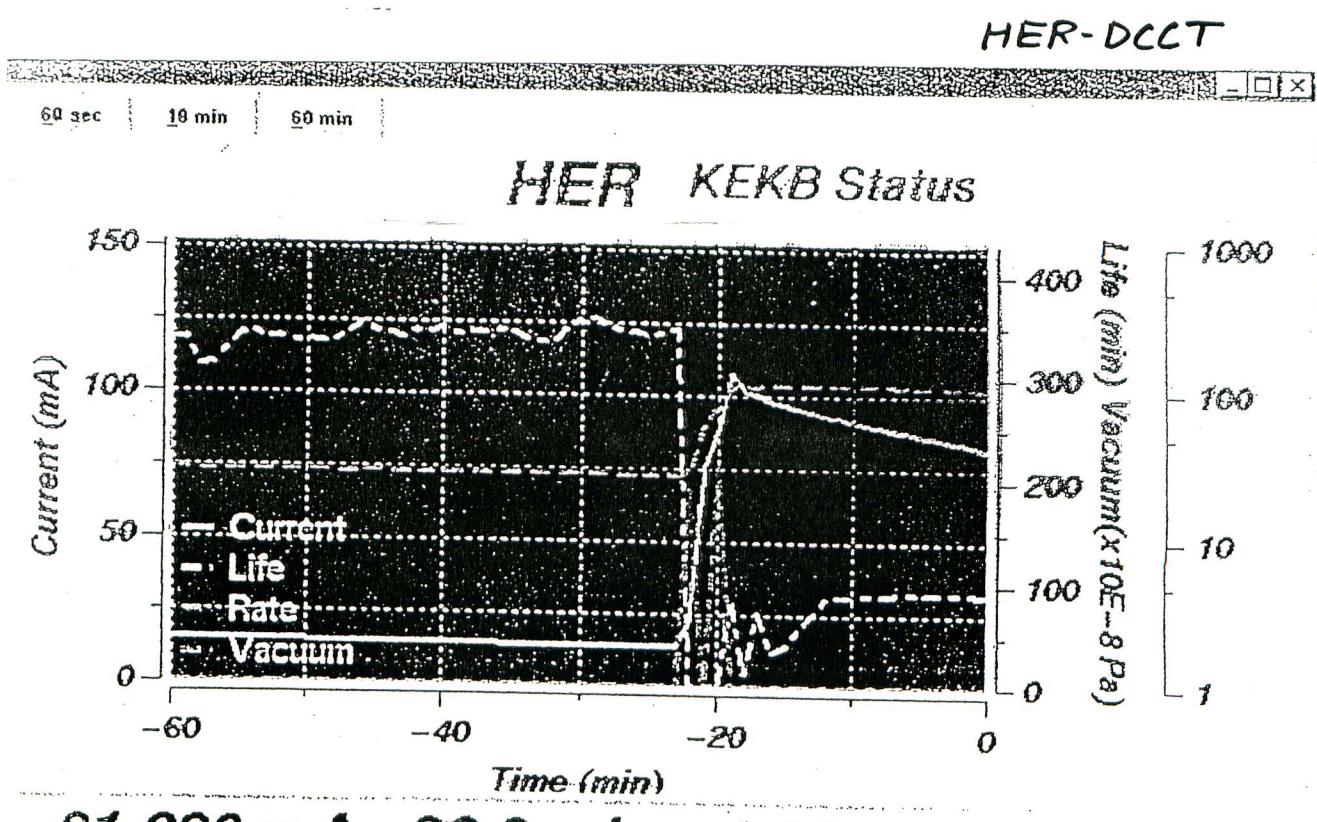
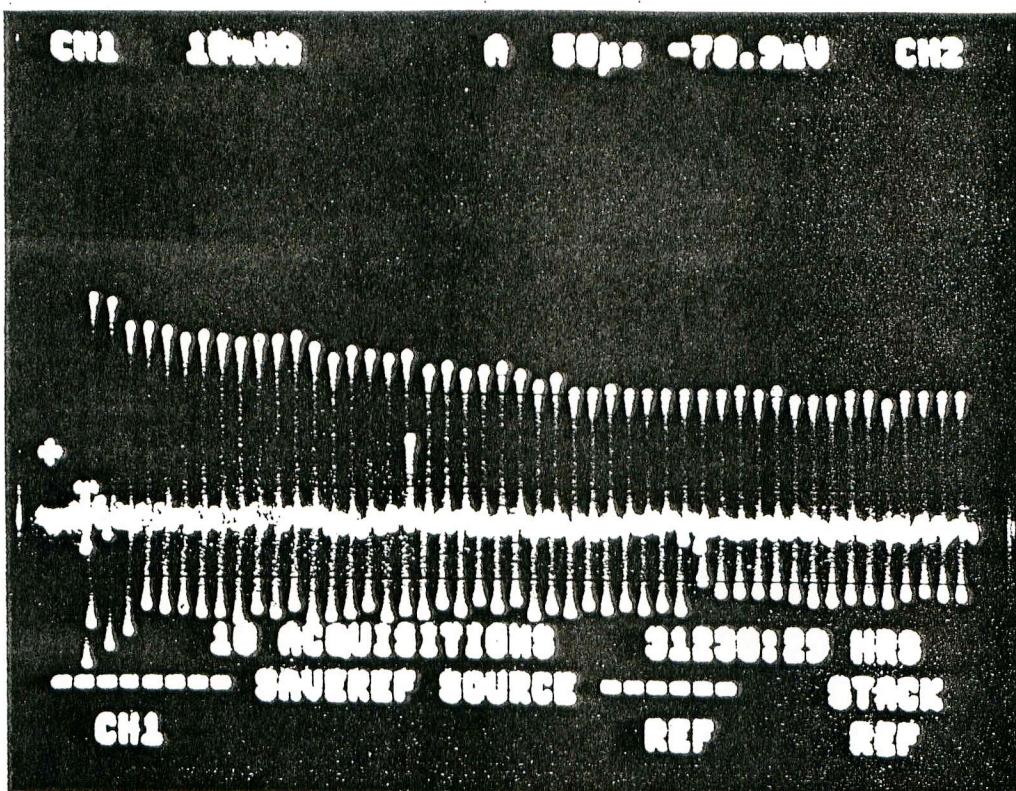
HER  
DCCT

↑  
HER  
C  
upper cell  
lower cell

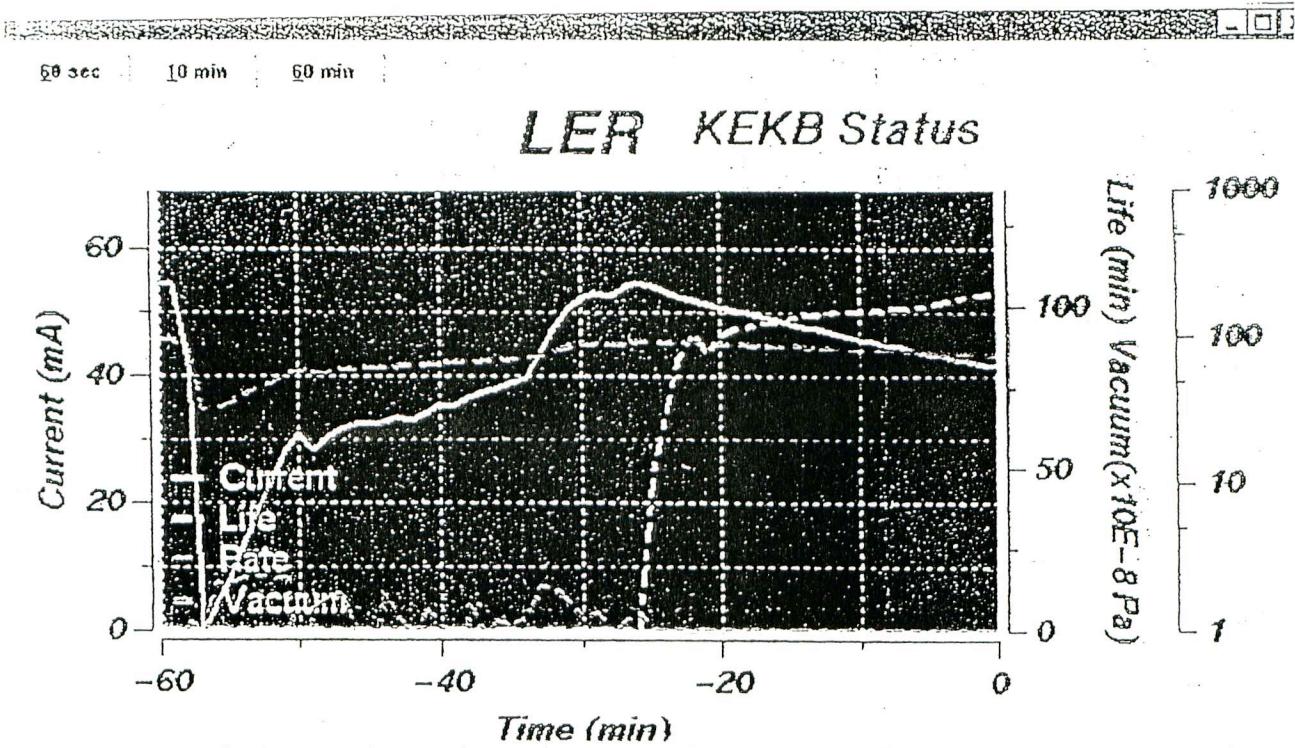
LER CT & DCCT

DCCT

CT



LER-DCCT



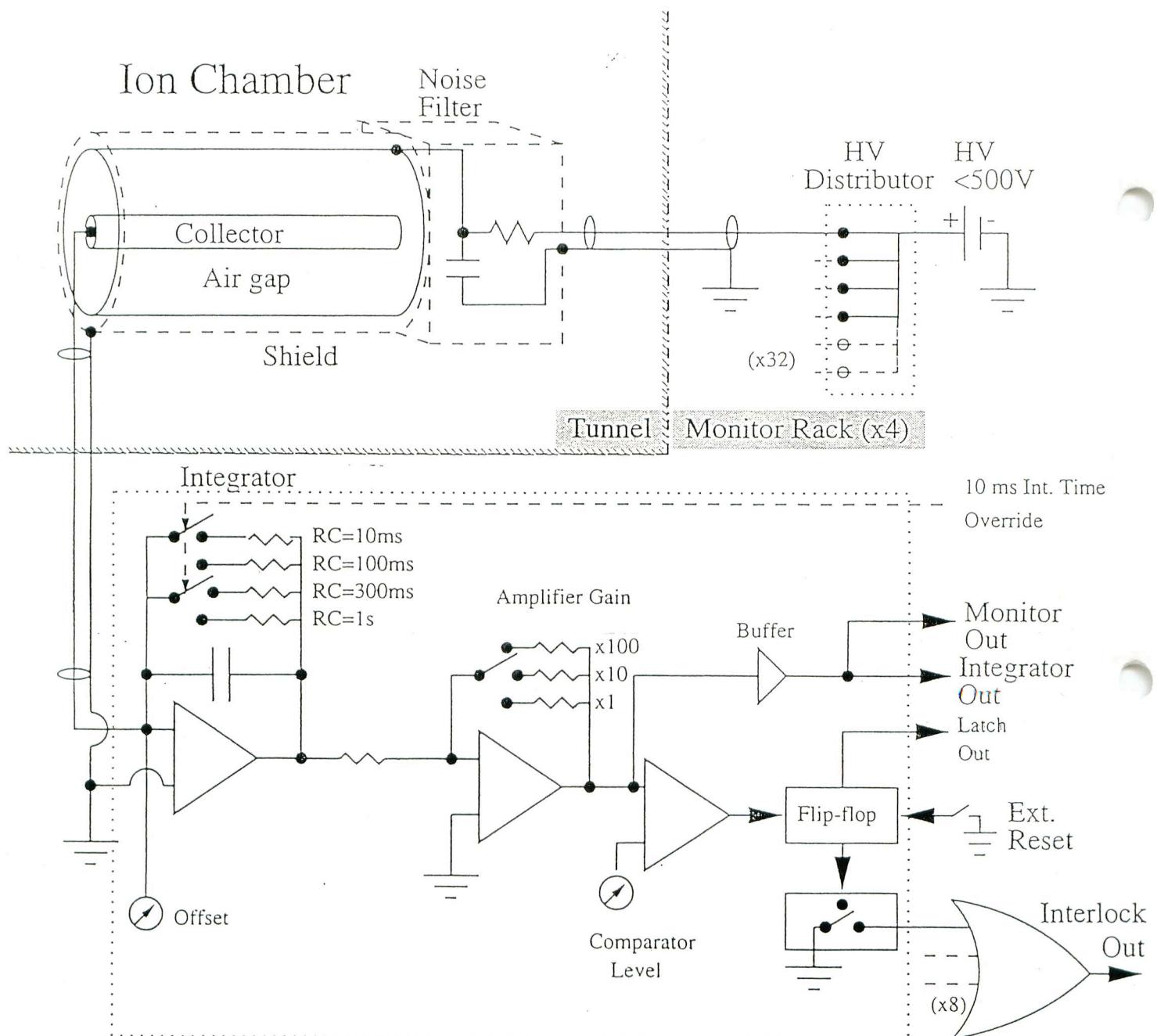
41.508 mA 104.9 min 7.67e-07 Pa

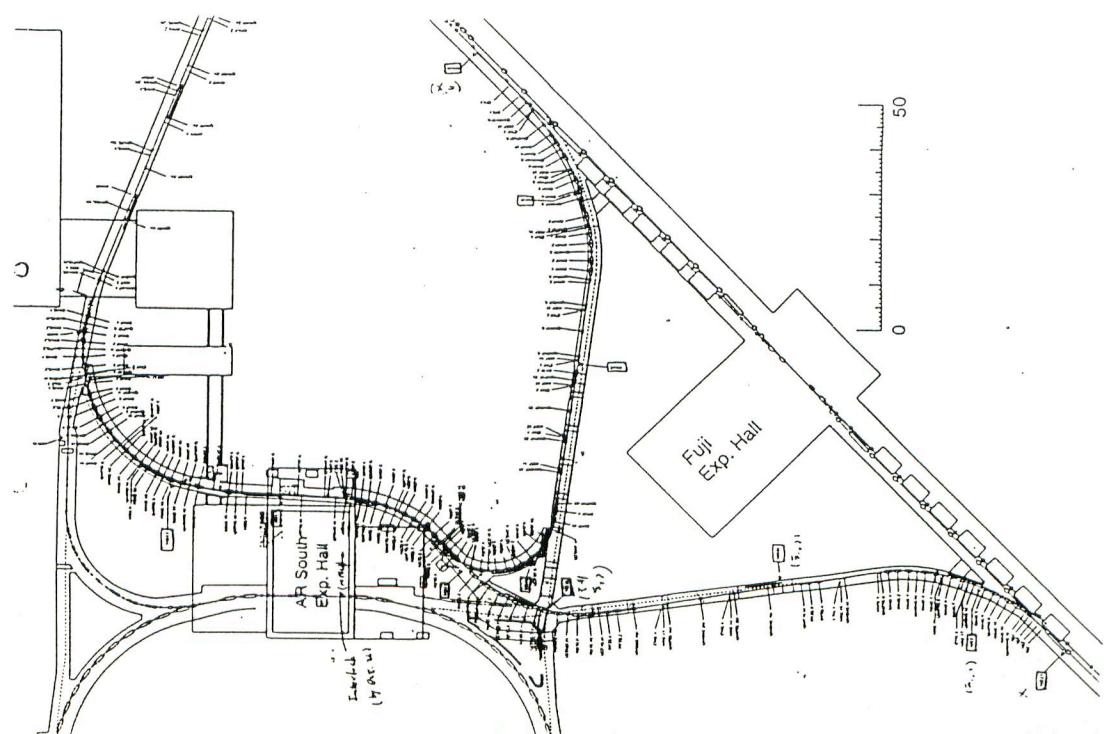
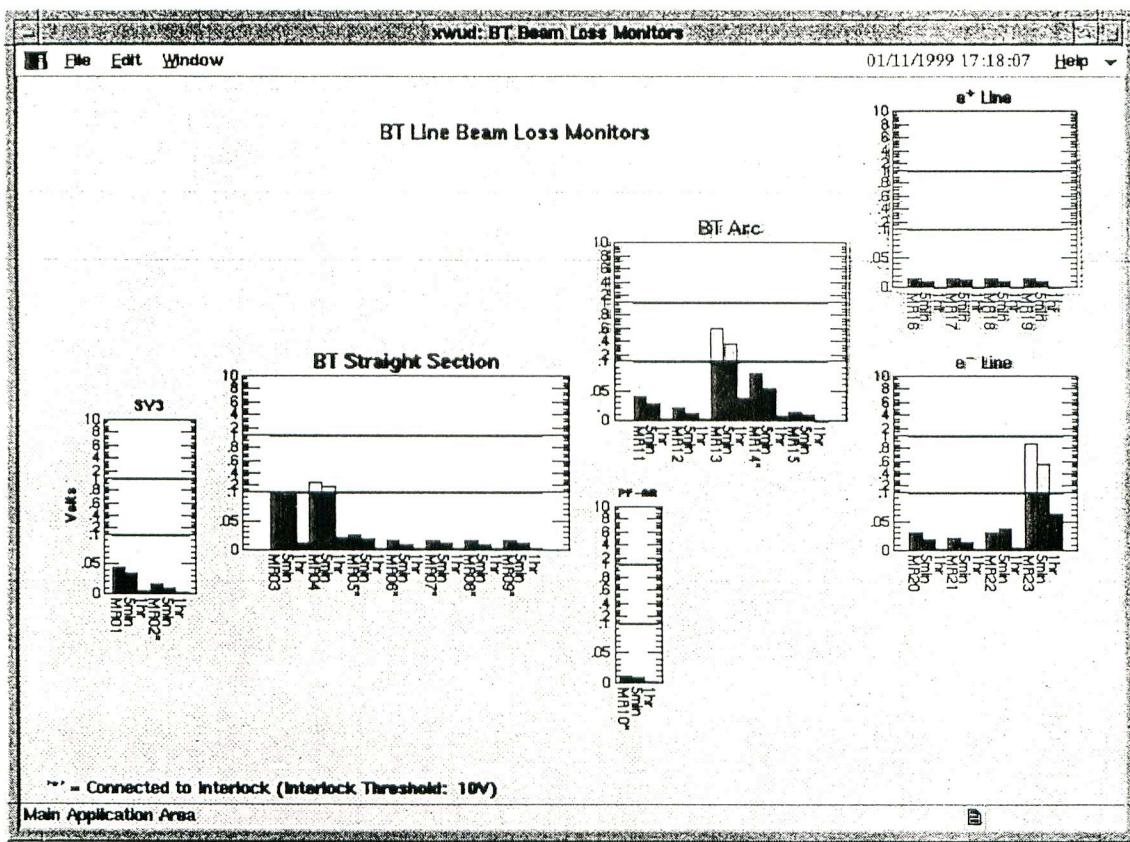
Tue Feb 23 08:34:26 1999

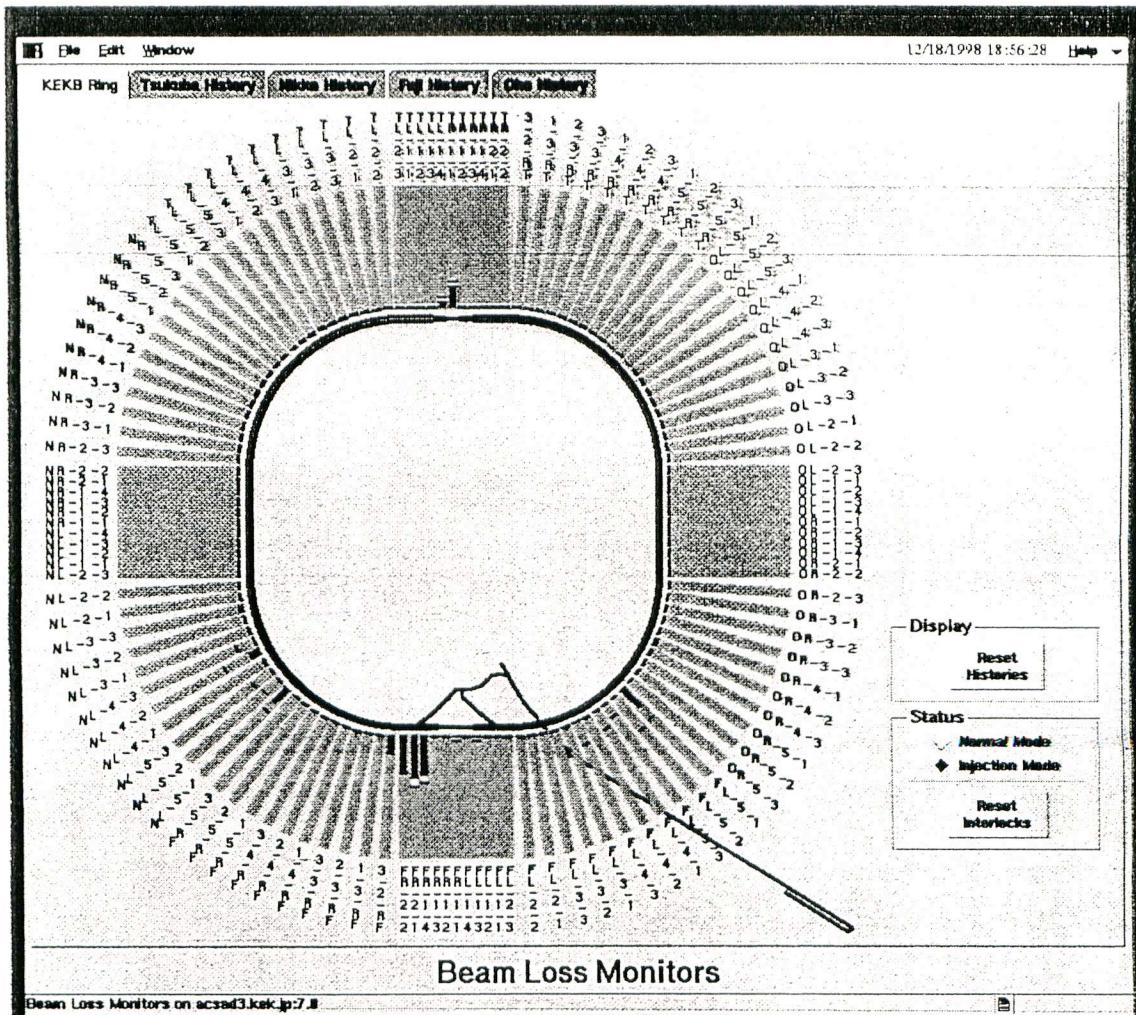
QUIT

*Ionization chamber*

# KEKB Ring Beam Loss Monitor Block Diagram

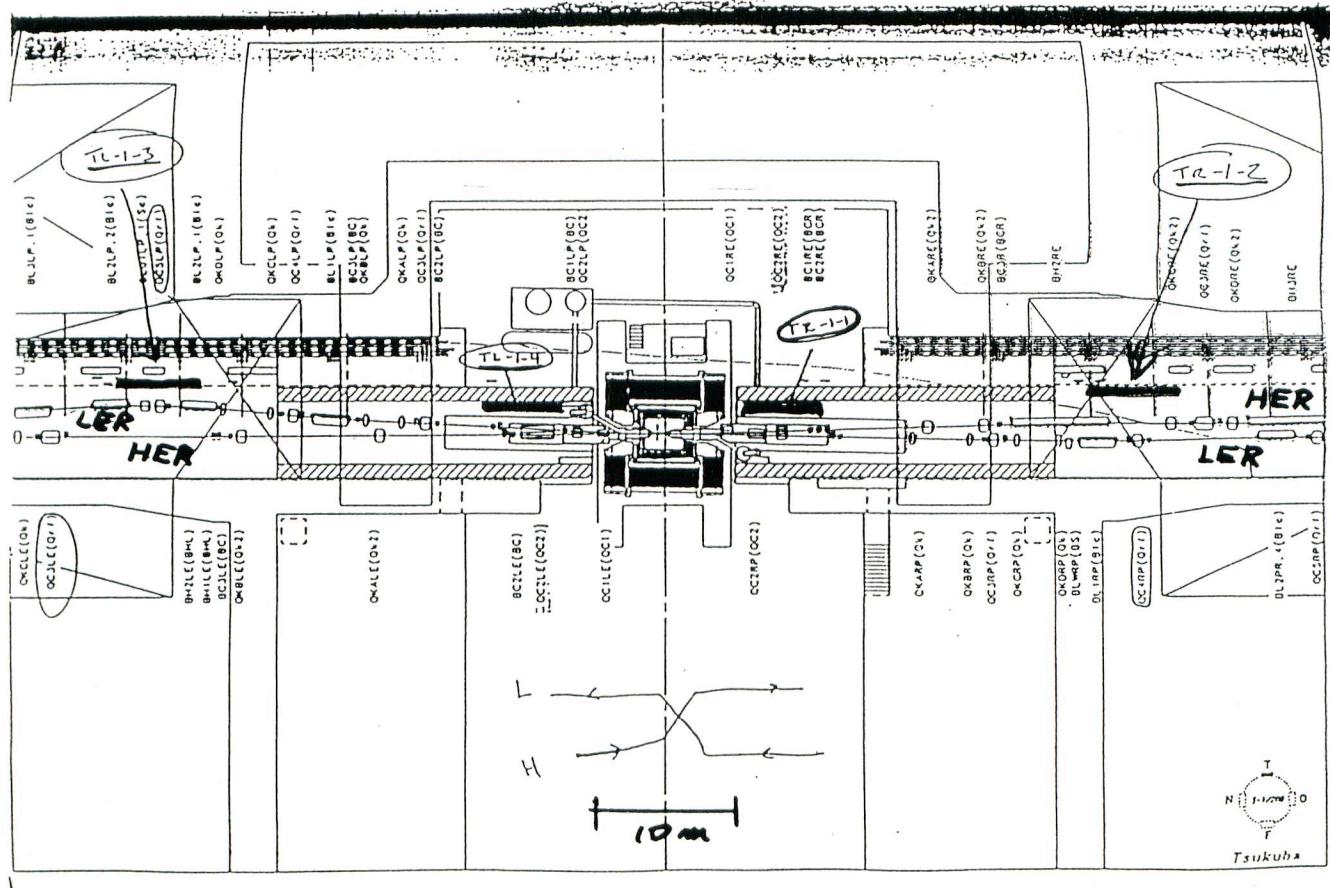
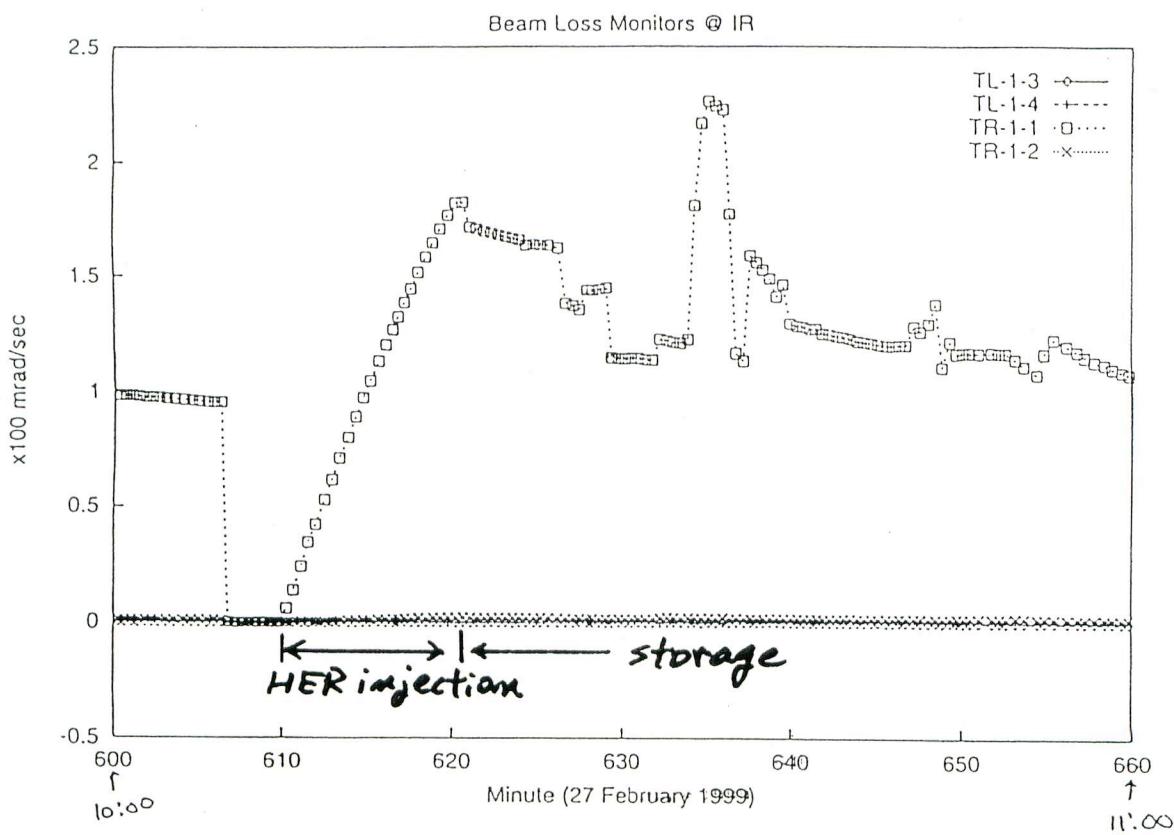




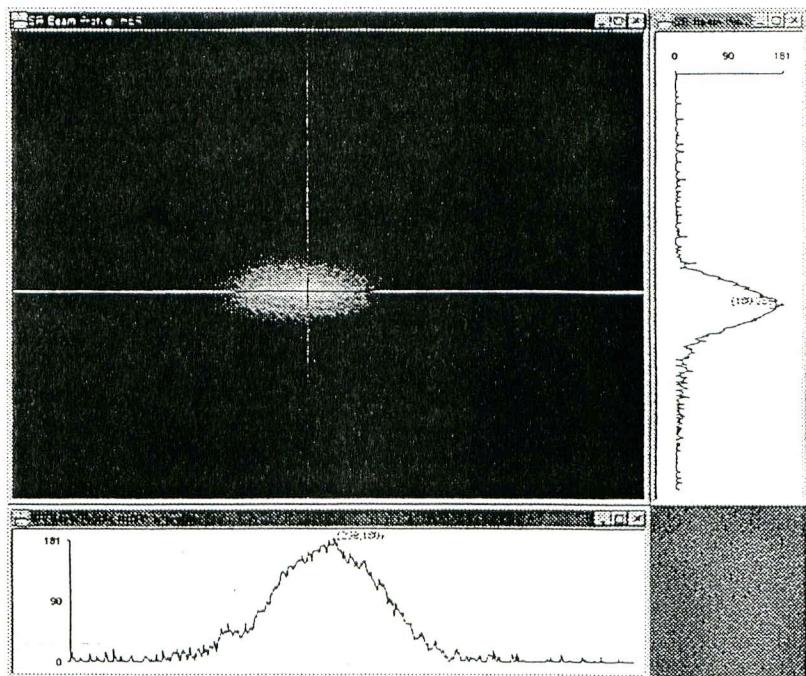


Beam loss monitor signal at IP during HER operation

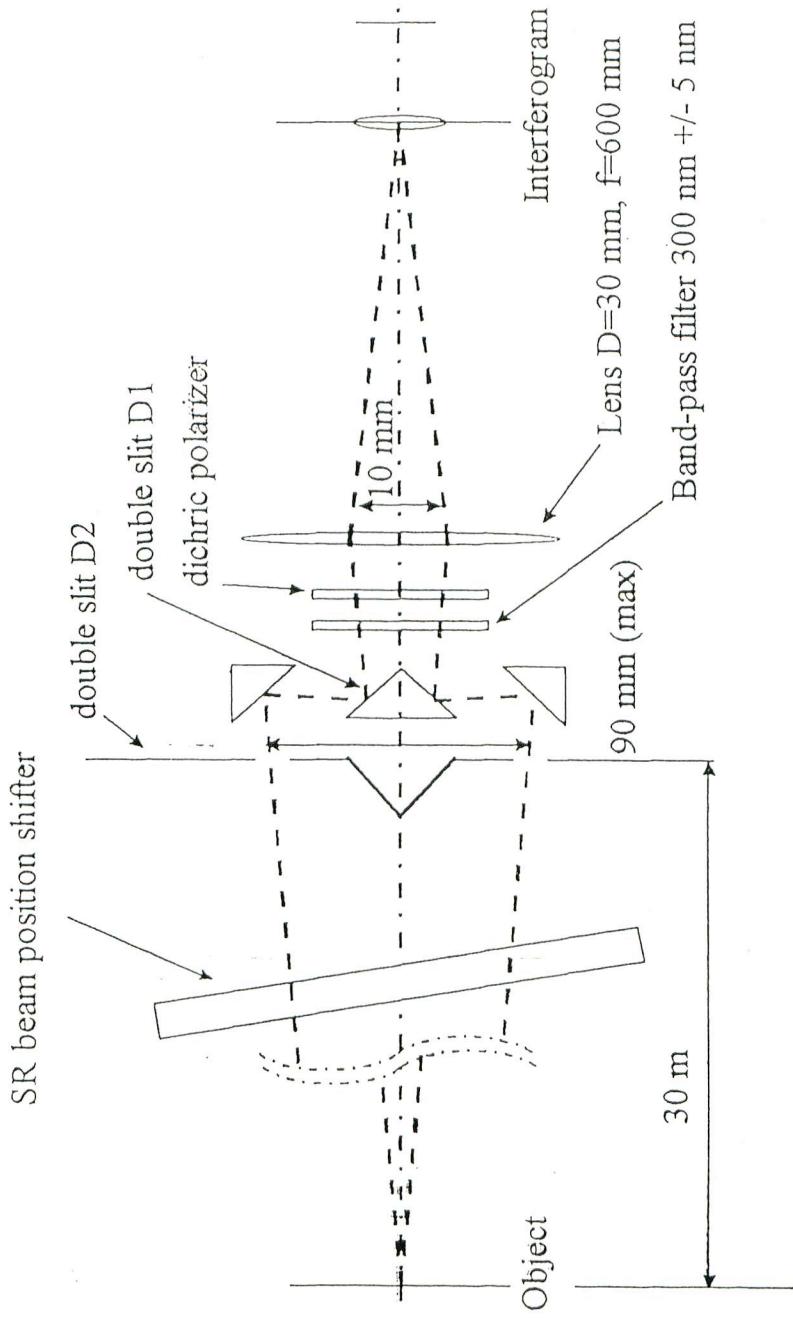
27 Feb. 1999  
10:00 - 11:00



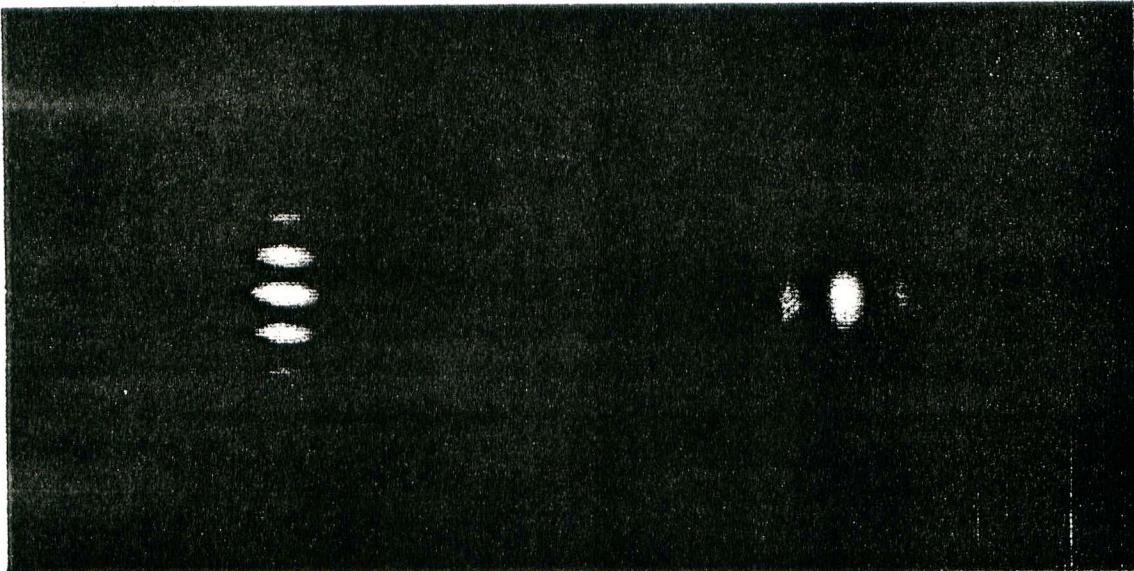
*SR image / HER*



# Double-slit interferometer

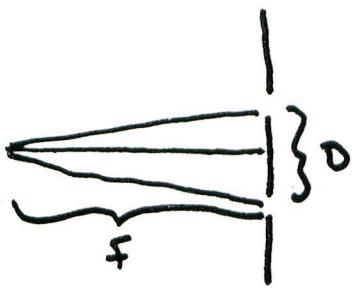


# H.E.R. (Double-slit interferometer)



$$\sigma_{\text{beam}} = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda^2 f^2}{2\pi^2 D^2} \ln\left(\frac{1}{\gamma}\right)}$$

;  $\gamma$  = VISIBILITY  
 $= \frac{\text{Peak - Valley}}{\text{Peak + Valley}}$

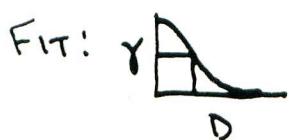


$\lambda = 0.0005 \text{ mm}$

$f = 37600 \text{ mm}$

$D = \text{slit separation mm}$

$\sigma_{\text{beam}} = \text{Beam size}$



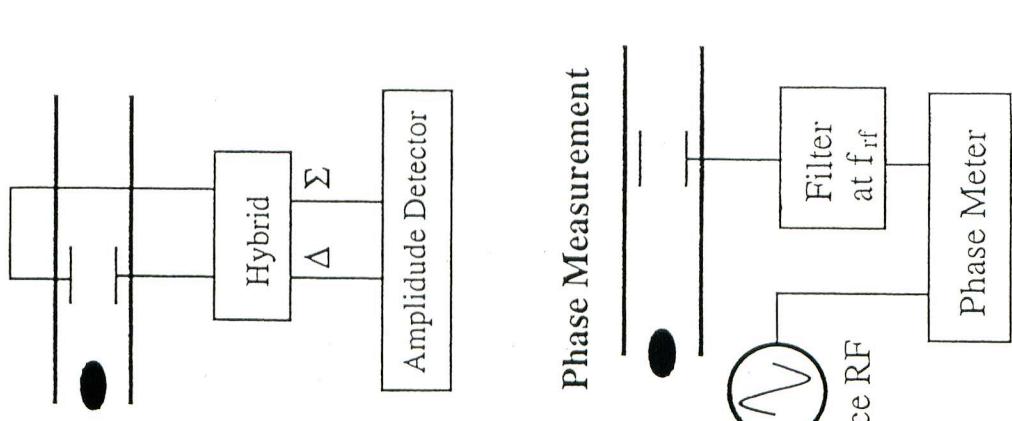
Then @  $D = 15, \gamma = 0.61 \Rightarrow \ln\frac{1}{\gamma} = 0.5$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{\text{beam}} = \frac{\lambda f}{2\pi D_{10}}$$

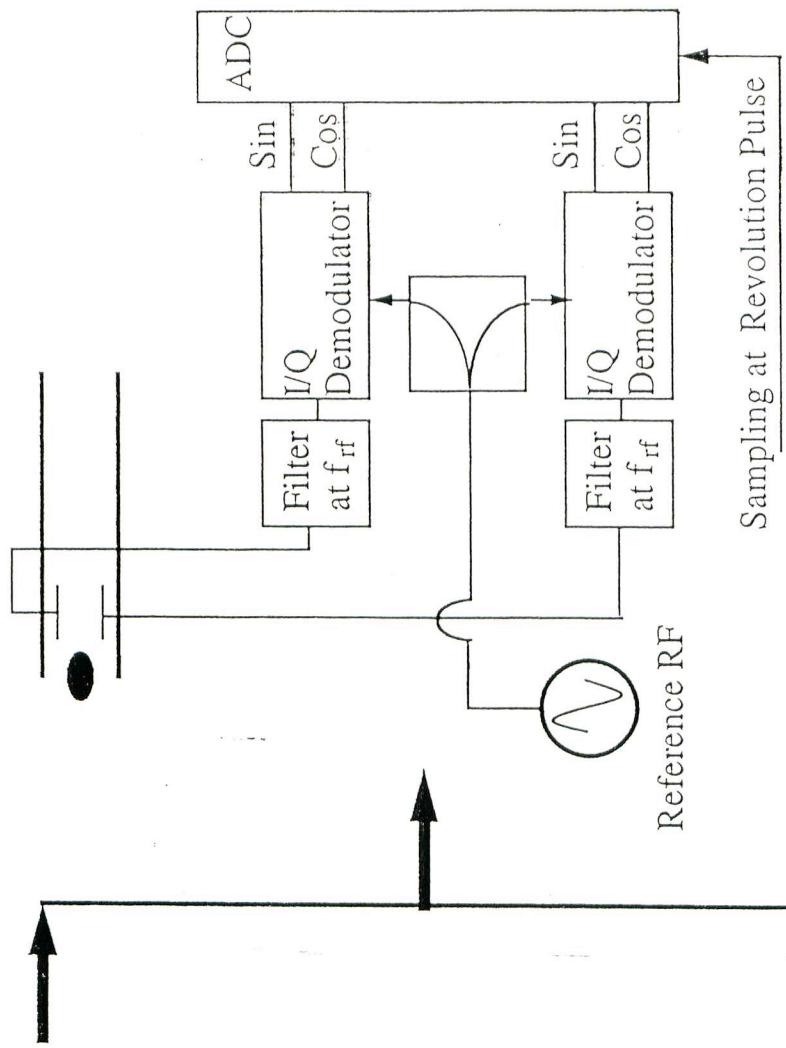
$$\sigma_y = 360 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\sigma_x = 548 \mu\text{m}$$

### Position Measurement



### Turn-by-Turn Position and Phase Measurement



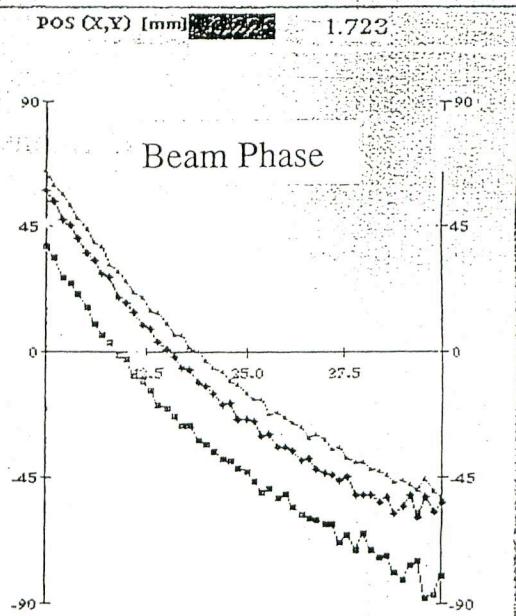
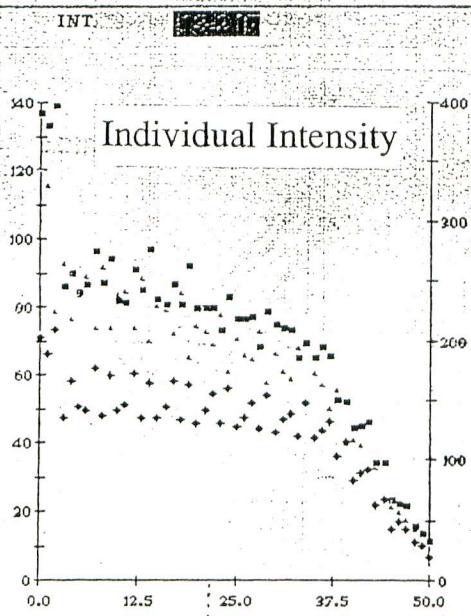
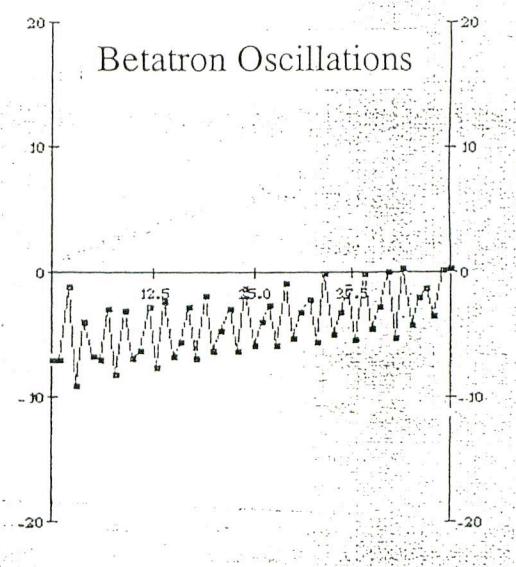
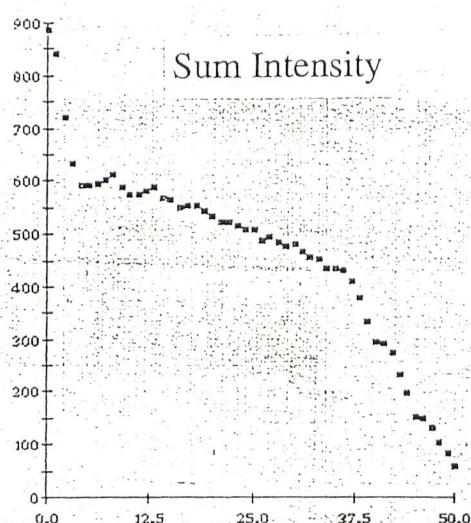
March 3, 1999  
T. Ieiri

Dec 13, 1998

## HER Injection without acceleration

14:22:53

	Set Atrr.
start	10 second
0	1
4 kW	Passive
EXT	1 second
CALC	
7558	8098.622
8981	8280.123
7173	8113.806
9104	8183.711
6228	8246.470
9146	8209.656
6941	8044.109
8987	8277.394



v (1,2,3,4) [m/s]

2.990

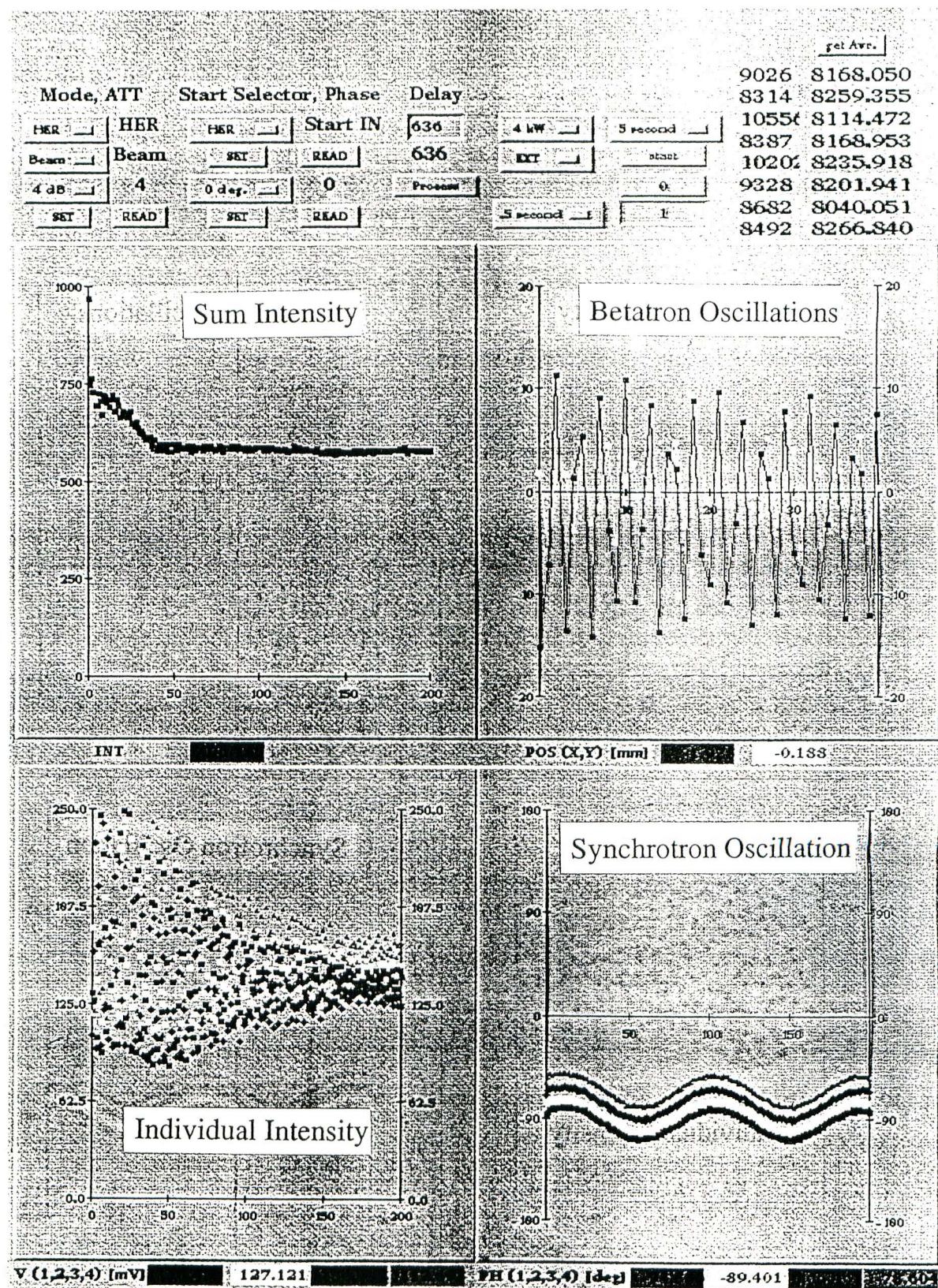
PH (1,2,3,4) [deg]

-13.361

Feb 6, 1999

## HER Single-Turn Injection

12:27:35



## KEKB Bunch Spectrum Monitor, BSM

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- Bunch length is obtained from the beam spectrum picked-up by a button electrode.
- The natural bunch length is designed to be 4 mm, so the spectrum extends to more than 10 GHz.
- However, detected frequency is less than 5 GHz, which requires a high resolution detector.
- The bunch length is monitored in real time with high resolution.

Feb 13, 1999

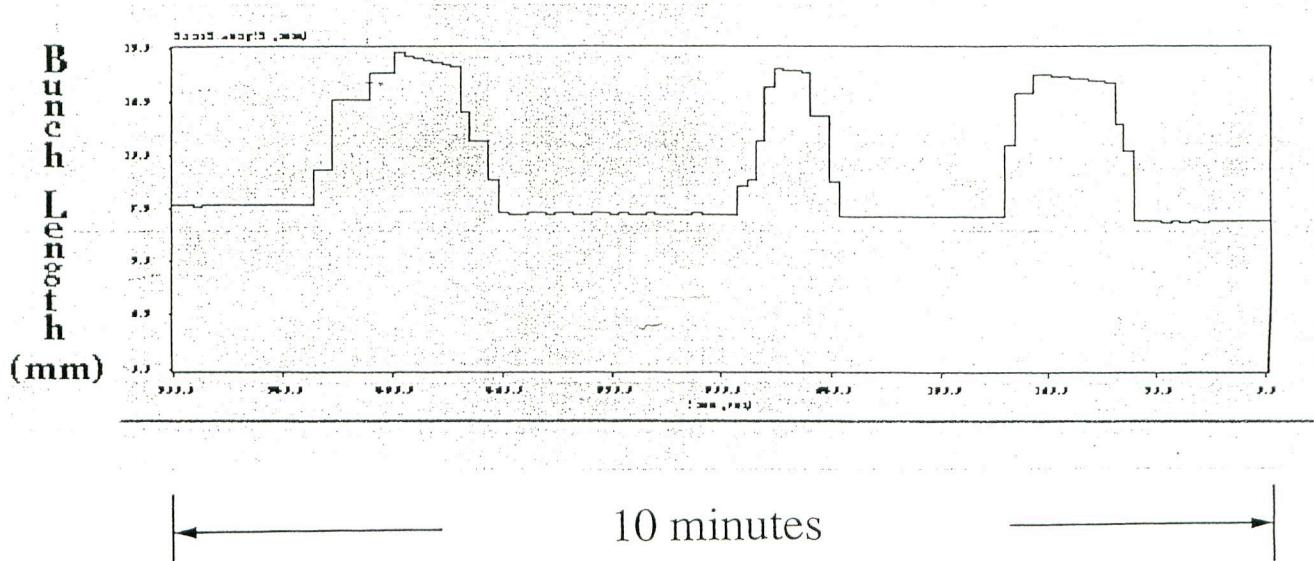
17:55:29

## HER/LER Bunch Spectrum Monitor

<b>RUN / STOP</b>	<b>RUN</b>	<b>EXIT</b>																
<table border="1"><tr><td><b>MODE</b></td><td><b>HIACCURACY</b></td><td><b>NORMAL</b></td><td><b>HIACCURACY</b></td></tr><tr><td><b>SPEED</b></td><td>7.5d</td><td>AUTO</td><td>3.5d</td></tr><tr><td><b>RESOLUTION</b></td><td>ON</td><td>OFF</td><td>ON</td></tr><tr><td><b>FILTER</b></td><td>8</td><td colspan="2">s</td></tr></table>			<b>MODE</b>	<b>HIACCURACY</b>	<b>NORMAL</b>	<b>HIACCURACY</b>	<b>SPEED</b>	7.5d	AUTO	3.5d	<b>RESOLUTION</b>	ON	OFF	ON	<b>FILTER</b>	8	s	
<b>MODE</b>	<b>HIACCURACY</b>	<b>NORMAL</b>	<b>HIACCURACY</b>															
<b>SPEED</b>	7.5d	AUTO	3.5d															
<b>RESOLUTION</b>	ON	OFF	ON															
<b>FILTER</b>	8	s																

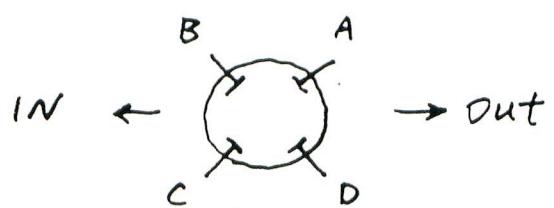
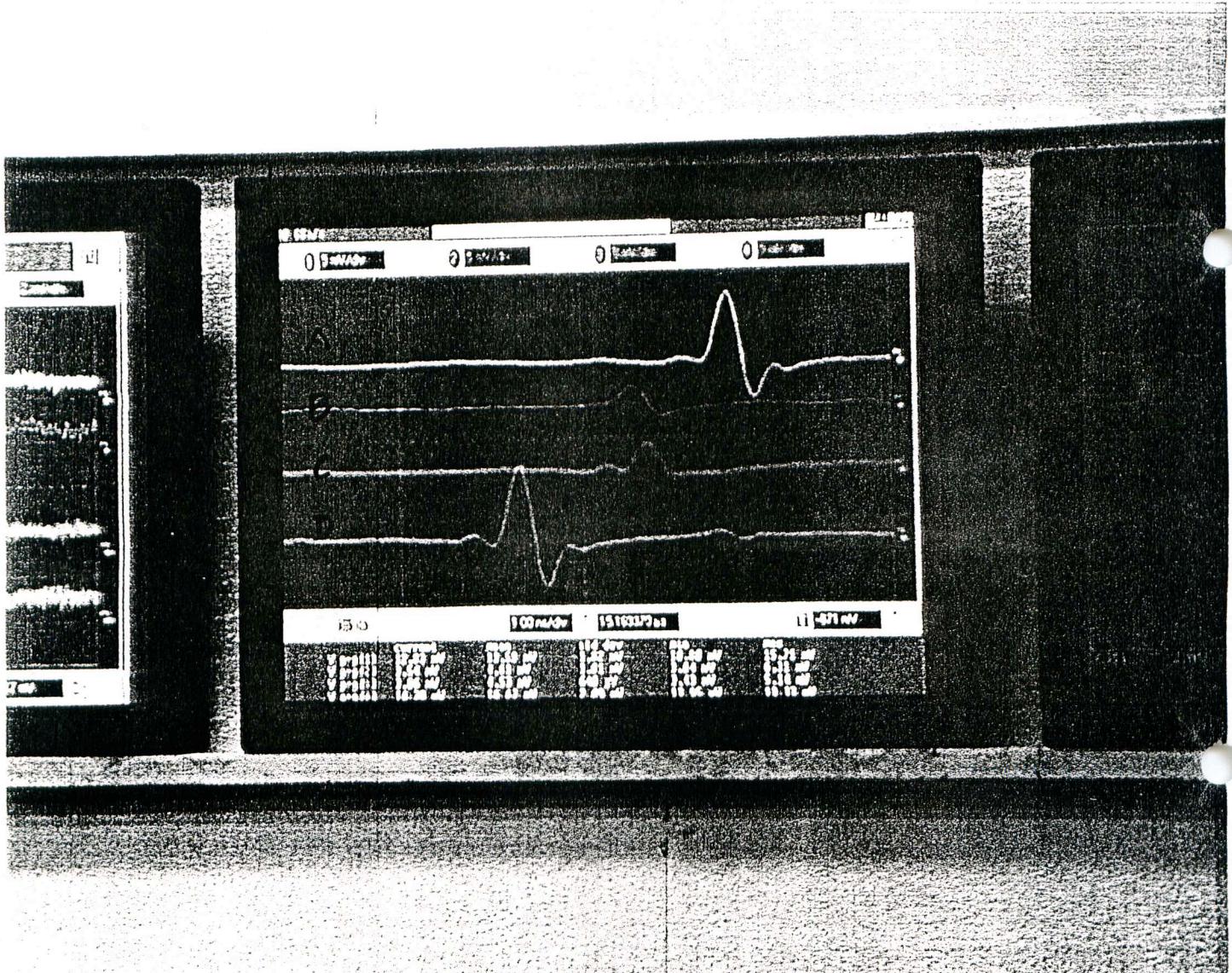
**BUNCH LENGTH 6.89 mm**

**V1 = 1.76223 V      V1 / V2 = 1.03124**



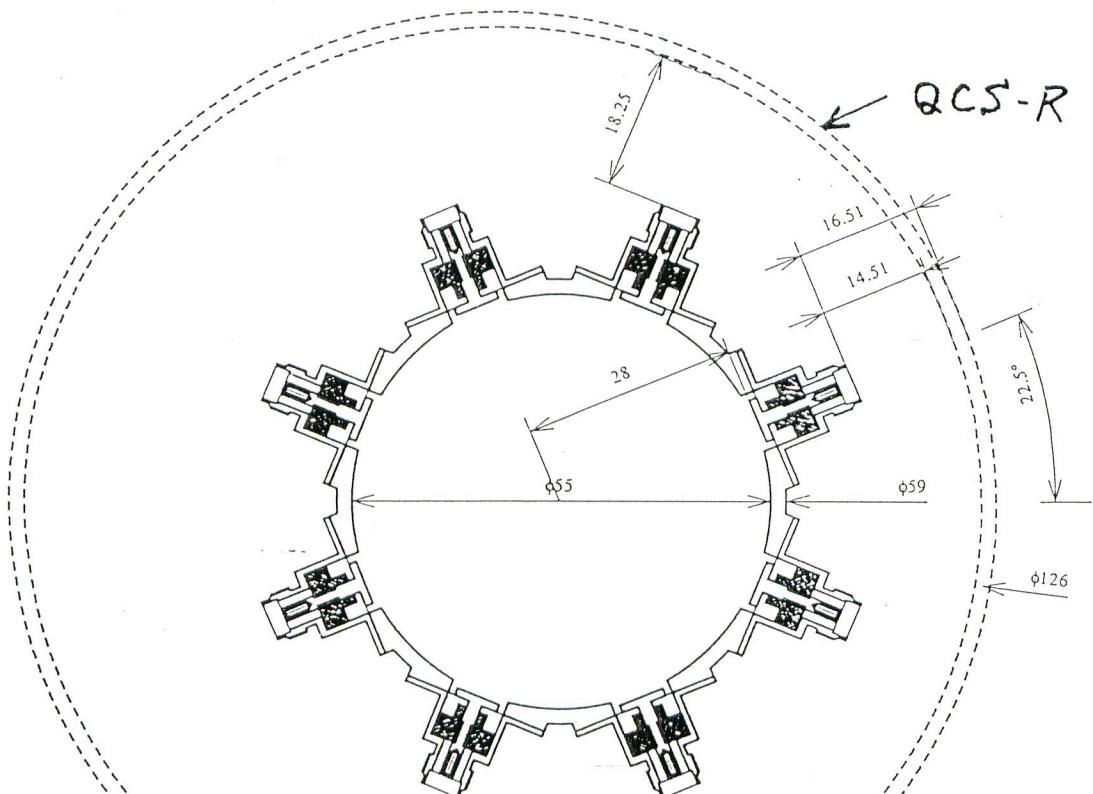
The Vc is changed to reduce single-bunch current at HER.  
The bunch length changes according to the Vc.

HER Bottom signal



# BPM at IP (in QCS)

QCS-R IR monitor (final plan)



作図 : M.Tobiyama 13/Feb/97

コネクタの取り合い  
内側の点線円は、QCSが  
最大近づいた時の限界

