



# Overview of Design Issues

17th KEKB Accelerator Review  
Feb. 20, 2012

Haruyo Koiso



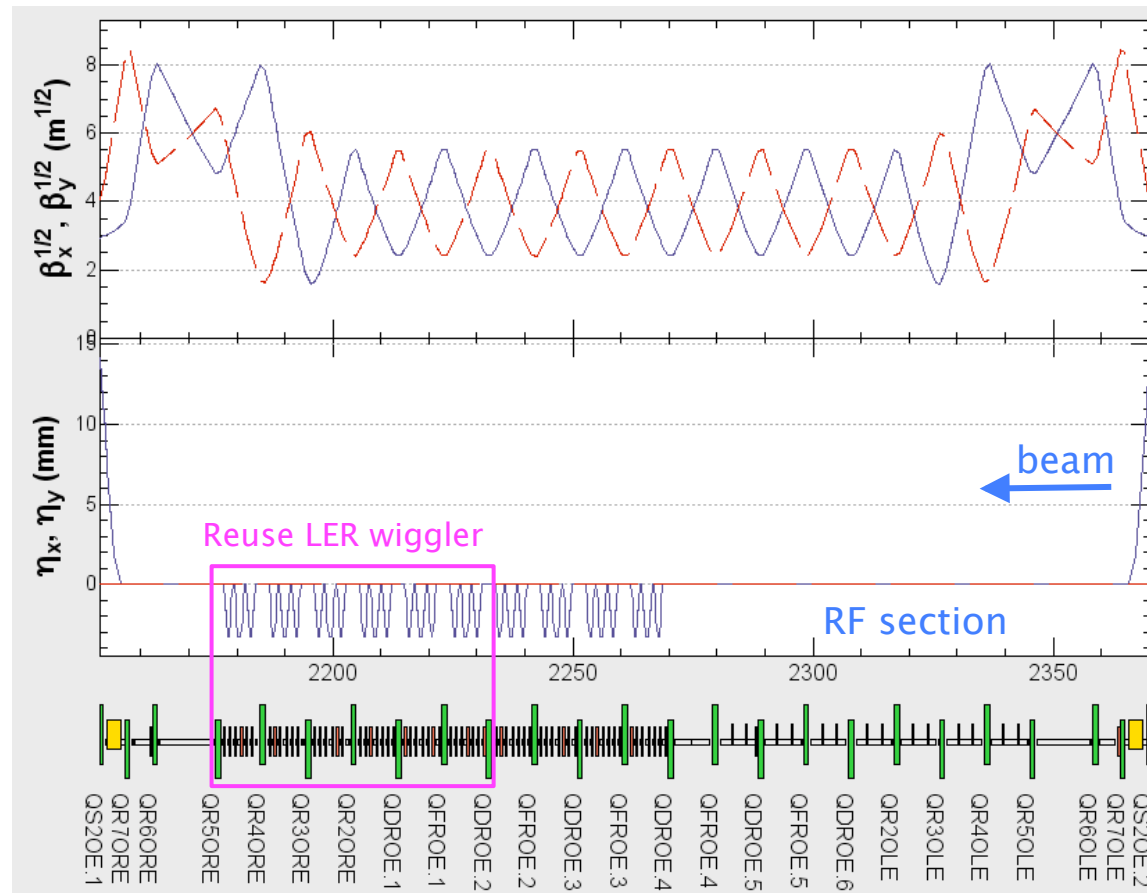
# Parameters

	2011 Feb. HER no wiggler	2012 Feb. HER 60% wigglers
Energy (GeV) (LER/HER)	4.0/7.00729	4.0/7.00729
$\beta_y^*$ (mm)	0.27/0.30	0.27/0.30
$\beta_x^*$ (mm)	32/25	32/25
$\varepsilon_x$ (nm)	3.2/5.3	3.2/4.6
$\varepsilon_y/\varepsilon_x$ (%)	0.27/0.24	0.27/0.28
$\sigma_y$ (nm)	48/62	48/62
$\xi_y$	0.0897/0.0807	0.0881/0.0801
$\sigma_z$ (mm)	6/5	6/5
$I_{\text{beam}}$ (A)	3.6/2.6	3.6/2.6
$N_{\text{bunches}}$	2500	2500
Luminosity ( $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ )	80	80

HER  $\varepsilon_x$  with 60% wigglers is used as the nominal value.  
 Lower HER  $\varepsilon_x$  can relax some other parameters ( $\beta_{x/y}^*$ ,  $\varepsilon_y/\varepsilon_x$ , etc. ).  
 At present, larger  $\varepsilon_y/\varepsilon_x$  in HER is adopted.

# HER Wiggler Section

Oho Straight Section



- Decrease the horizontal emittance with wigglers.
- Only reuse LER wiggler magnets at T=0. (60%)
- Install more wigglers if possible. (40%)

# IR Design

- Design of IR (magnets, vacuum chamber, beam background estimation, collimation system, collision feedback system, etc) has been improved.
  - Iron yokes for 3 more superconducting quadrupoles (QC1LE, QC1RE, QC2RP)
  - More precise correction of higher multipoles
  - Optimization of solenoid field distribution
  - Optimization of physical aperture
  -
- Modeling of IR optics has also been improved by using 3D magnetic field calculation.
  - Touschek lifetime is marginally kept to be ~600 sec.
- Lattice design of IR (Tsukuba section + a part of arcs) is required to be finalized around the end of this fiscal year (March 31) to meet the construction schedule.

-> A. Morita, Ohuchi, Nakayama, Kanazawa, Funakoshi, et al.

# Injection

- The synchrotron injection (fully or partially) will be necessary in HER because the transverse aperture is not sufficiently large for the betatron injection.
- With the beam–beam interaction, simulations say that transient vertical blowup occurs after the betatron injection even in LER, which causes beam loss or background.
  - Optimization of phase space profile by octupole correctors may cure this blowup.
- Good qualities of injected beams with sufficient intensities are essential for stable operation with very short lifetimes.
  - Overall (Touschek, luminosity and beam–gas) lifetime: LER/HER 360/373 sec, estimated by A. Morita.
  - Needs optimization of beam distribution in Linac/BT lines.

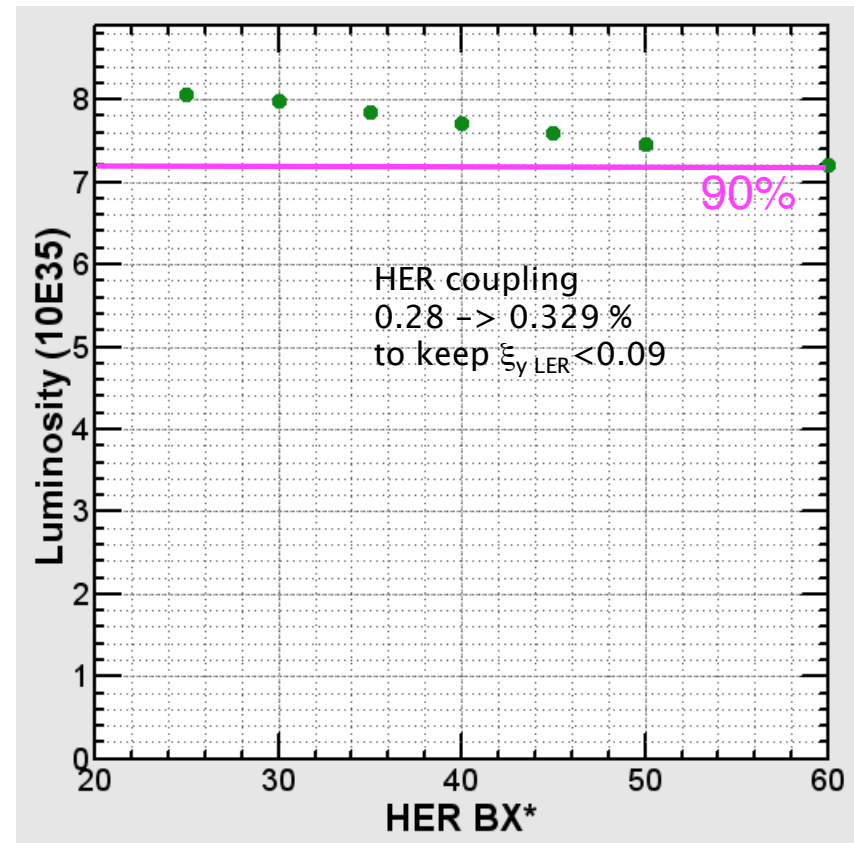
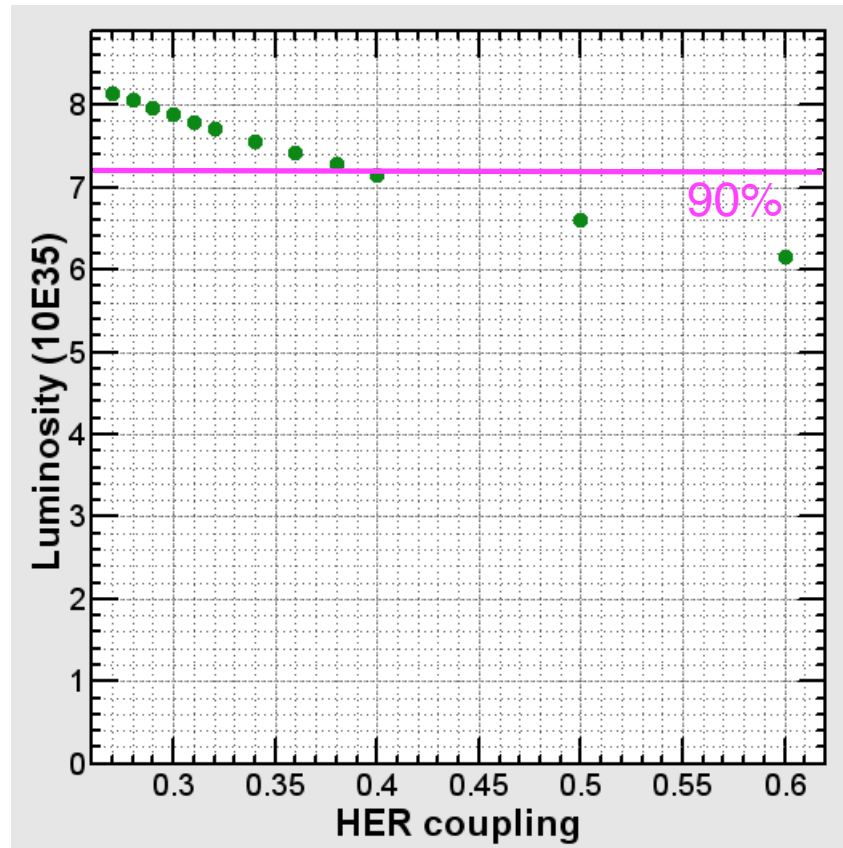
-> M. Yoshida, T. Kamitani, H. Ikeda, T. Mori, et al.

# Error Correction

- Estimation of error tolerance and development of optics correction system have been in progress.
  - Requirements for beam diagnostics and control system (number of monitors, accuracy, speed, etc) are being decided step by step.
- Error tolerances of IR magnets ( vibration, ripple of power supplies, etc) are very small. Realistic solution to maintain good conditions of optics and collision should be developed.
- Sufficient correction and tuning knobs for optics correction and luminosity tuning should be equipped.
  - Correction winding of each quadrupole (0.5%)
  - Skew quadrupole windings of each sextupole ( $\Delta y \sim 1$  mm)
  - Rotated sextupoles or skew sextupoles to correct chromatic couplings
  - etc.

-> H. Sugimoto, Y. Funakoshi, et al.

# Example of Parameter Dependence



Luminosity degradation depending on some parameters are not so steep. We will find several ways to reach 90 % of the target luminosity.

backup



Luminosity:  $7.2070 \times 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

	Value	Min.	Max.		Value	Min.	Max.	
<b>LER</b>								
$\epsilon_{xL}$ :	3.2000	3.2000	3.2	nm	$\epsilon_{xH}$ :	4.6000	4.3000	5.3 nm
$\beta_{xL}$ :	32.0000	32.000	50	mm	$\beta_{xH}$ :	60.0000	25.000	INF mm
$\epsilon_{yL} / \epsilon_{xL}$ :	.2700	.2700	INF	%	$\epsilon_{yH} / \epsilon_{xH}$ :	.3290	.2400	INF %
$\beta_{yL}$ :	.2700	.2700	.27	mm	$\beta_{yH}$ :	.3000	.3000	INF mm
$\xi_{xL}$ :	.0028	.0000	INF		$\xi_{xH}$ :	.0029	.0000	INF
$\xi_{yL}$ :	.0896	.0000	.09		$\xi_{yH}$ :	.0807	.0000	.09
$I_L$ :	3.6000			A	$I_H$ :	2.6000		A
$\sigma_{zL}$ :	6.0000			mm	$\sigma_{zH}$ :	5.0000		mm
$E_L$ :	4.0000			GeV	$E_H$ :	7.0073		GeV
$\sigma_x$ :	10.119 $\mu\text{m}$	$\sigma_y$ :	48.299 nm		$\sigma_x$ :	16.613 $\mu\text{m}$	$\sigma_y$ :	67.381 nm
$\theta_{xh}$ :	41.5000	41.500	41.5	mrad	$N_b$ :	2500.0000	2500.0	2500