



Overview of Electron / Positron Injector Linac Status

Kazuro Furukawa
<kazuro.furukawa@kek.jp>
for Linac division



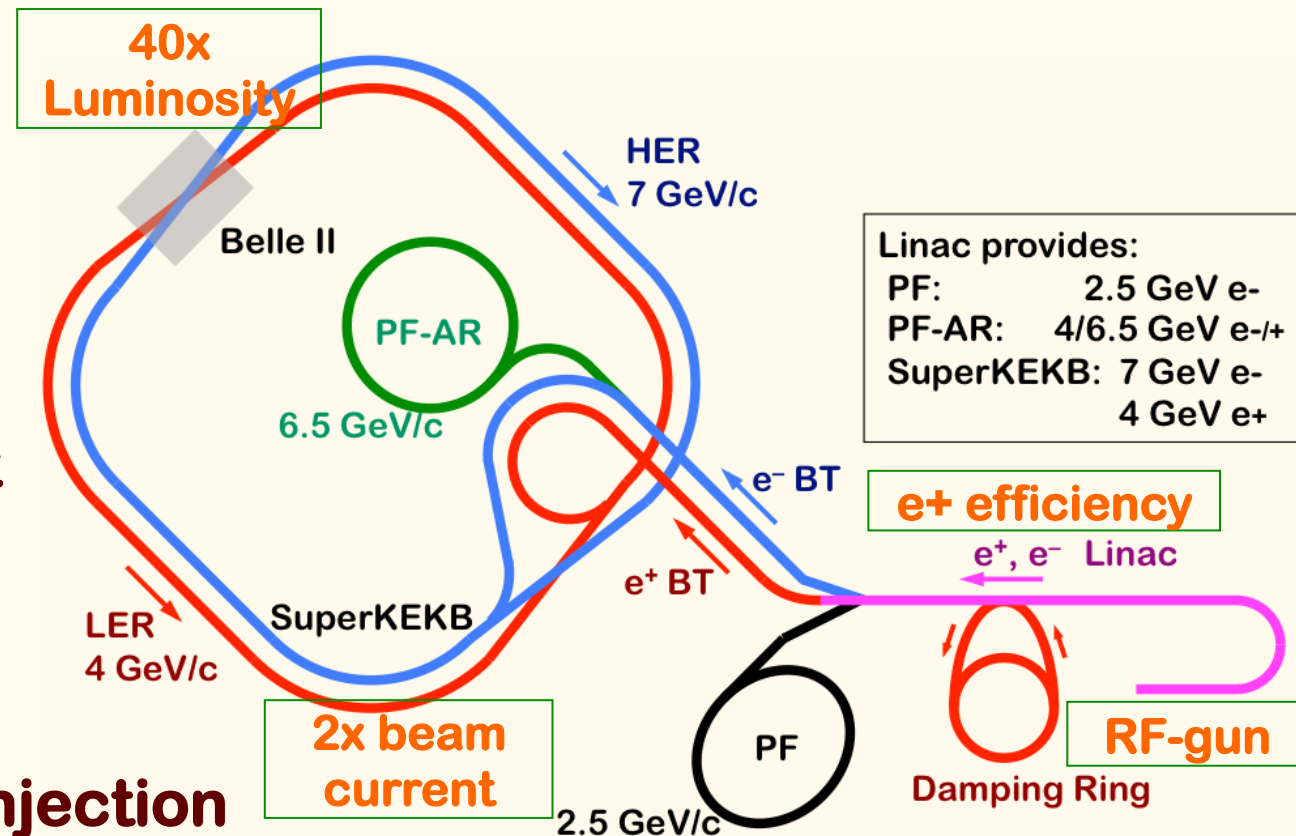
Mission of electron/positron Injector in SuperKEKB

◆ 40-times higher Luminosity

- ❖ Twice larger storage beam → Higher beam current at Linac
- ❖ 20-times higher collision rate with nano-beam scheme
 - ✧ → Low-emittance beam injection from Linac ($20\ \mu\text{m}$)
 - ✧ → Shorter storage lifetime (→ Higher Linac beam current)

◆ Linac challenges

- ❖ Low emittance e^-
 - ✧ with high-charge RF-gun
- ❖ Low emittance e^+
 - ✧ with damping ring
- ❖ Higher e^+ beam current
 - ✧ with new capture section
- ❖ Emittance preservation
 - ✧ with precise beam control
- ❖ 4+1 ring simultaneous injection





Review Items in 2012 and Reviewer's Comments

◆ Linac disaster recovery

- ❖ Earthquake is a natural disaster, a *Force Majeure*. In view of the manpower shortage in the Linac and Storage Ring groups, the committee suggests that the management team look into timeline, milestones and resources, and revise the schedule accordingly.

◆ RF gun and low-emittance transport

- ❖ Aggressively pursue a demonstration of the QTW gun with LaB₆ cathode and the full power laser.

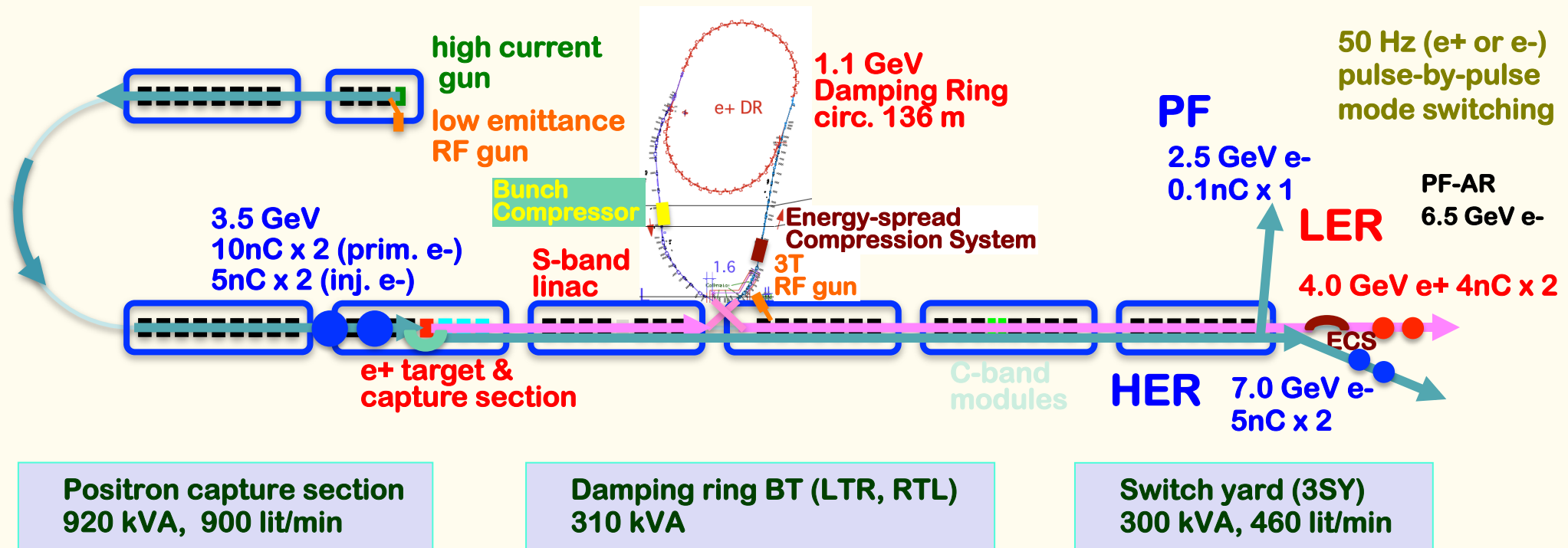
◆ Positron source

- ❖ CSR effects in the bunch compressor should be examined. A protection scheme for the target should be developed at least conceptually.

Facility Upgrade

Ohsawa et al.

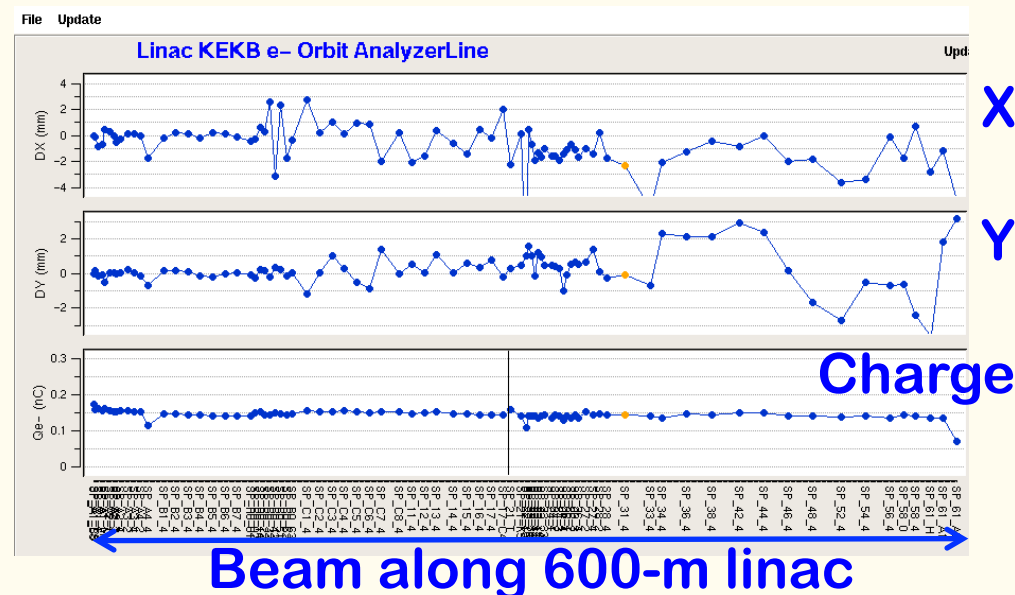
- ◆ Addition of electric power and cooling water is crucial for the upgrade
 - ❖ However, the facility division starts the design only after the budget is secured
 - ❖ It was only approved in JFY2012 (the facility budget is different from the project one)
- ◆ Basic schedule
 - ❖ Design JFY2012, Building JFY2013, Facility JFY2014
 - ❖ Should not affect PF and PF-AR operation
 - ❖ Not available during initial commissioning



Girder Recovery and Alignment

Higo et al.

- ◆ Re-constructing soft-structure girder into hard-structure
- ◆ Alignment with
 - ❖ 120m and 480m long-baseline laser between girders
 - ❖ Laser tracker within a girder (~10m)
 - ❖ Target: 0.1mm local / 0.3mm global alignment
 - ✧ Several iterations necessary for low-emittance beam transport
- ◆ Beam transport/acceleration test for 600m (Nov.2012)
 - ❖ For the first time after the earthquake



Microwave Power Source Upgrade

Michizono et al.

◆ Pulsed power modulators

- ❖ Nine compact modulators are introduced
- ❖ Share the same basic design for klystron, flux concentrator, and gun high voltage

◆ Fast LLRF controllers, power amplifiers, and LLRF monitors

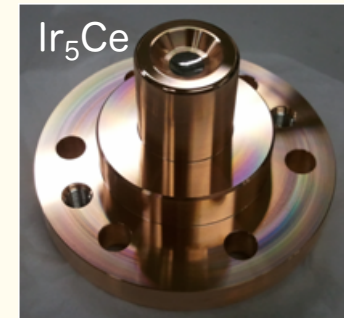
- ❖ For simultaneous injection and bucket selection
- ❖ Pulse-to-pulse stability monitor
- ❖ 50Hz event-based synchronized controls

RF Gun Development

Yoshida et al.

◆ Photo cathode : stability, longer life, efficiency

- ❖ At first LaB_6 , then Ir_5Ce \rightarrow 5nC / bunch

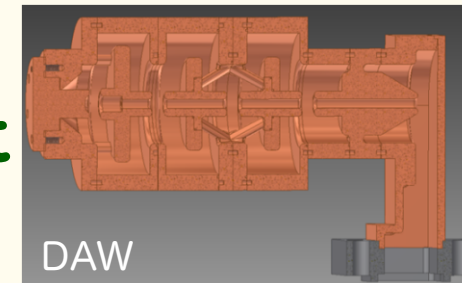


◆ Laser : higher power, pulse width control

- ❖ Nd:YAG medium, LD excitation \rightarrow \sim 1.5mJ / 30ps / pulse at 266nm
- ❖ Polarization control for slant irradiation
- ❖ Yb:YAG fiber laser is introduced

◆ Cavity : better focusing field, higher gradient

- ❖ DAW (Disk and washer) type cavity
- ❖ Development of quasi-travelling-wave side-coupled cavity as well



◆ Test stands

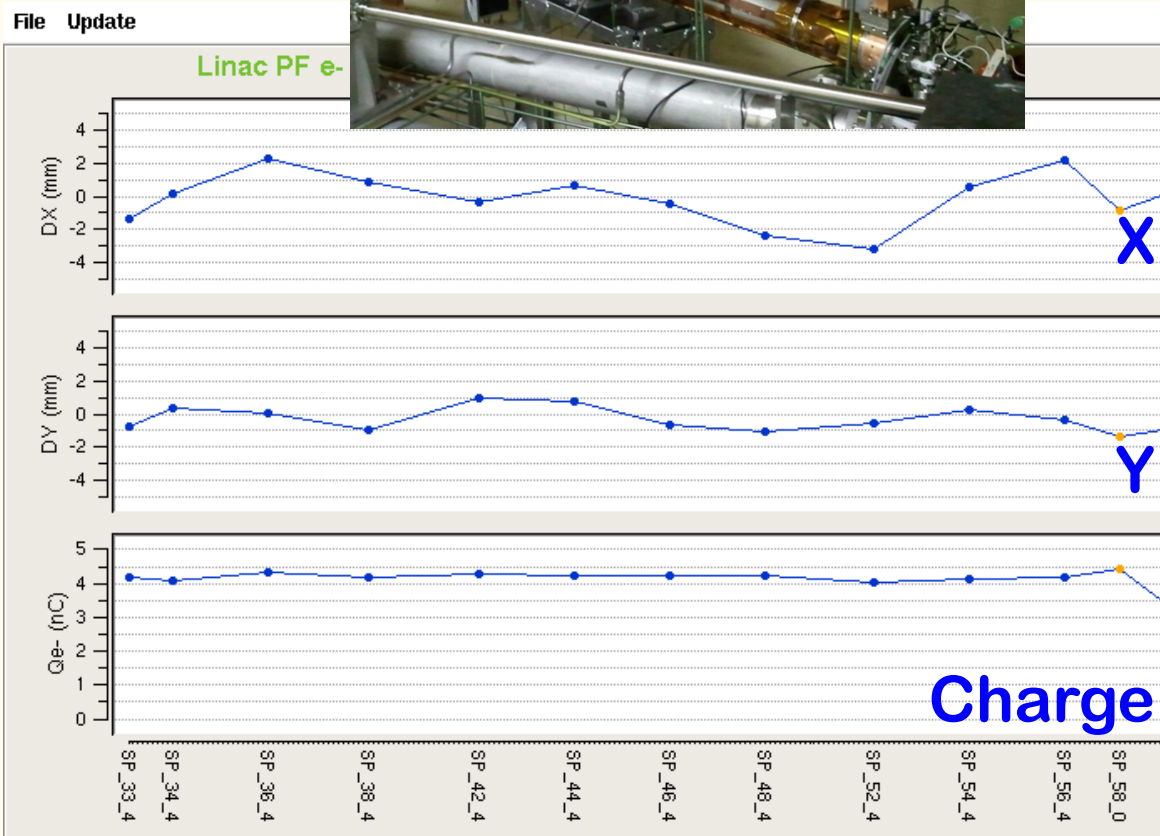
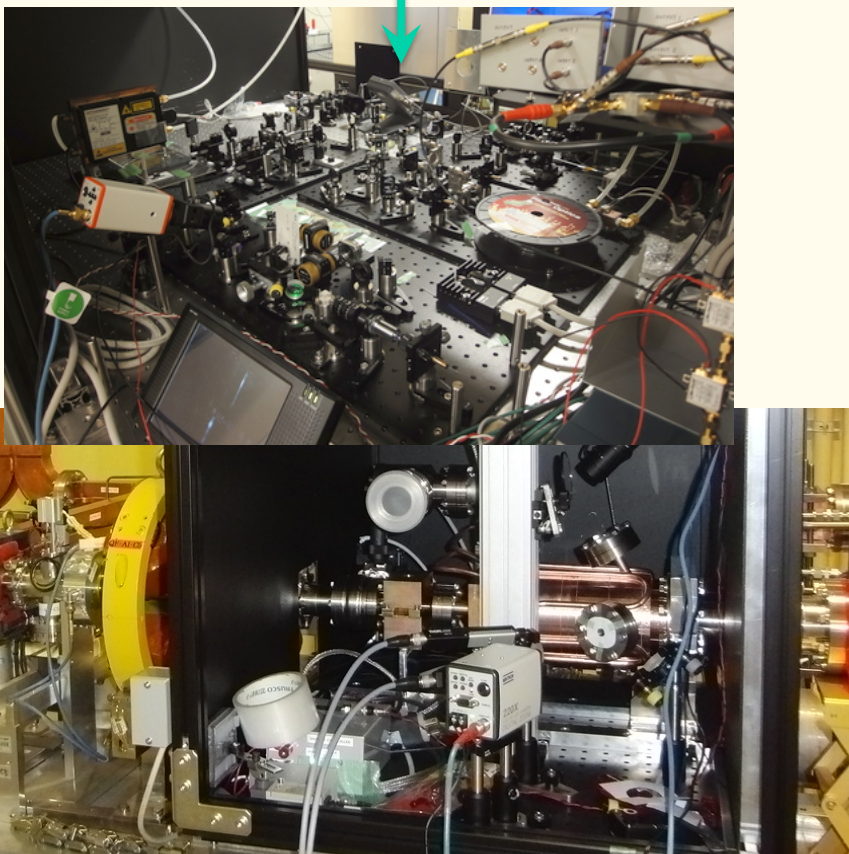
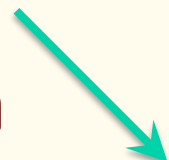
- ❖ RFgun at A-1 is constructed with fiber laser for SuperKEKB
- ❖ RFgun at 3-2 was used to inject into PF with proper synchronization
- ❖ Long-period demonstration will be performed

Beam Acceleration Test (RF-gun)

◆ Step-by-step beam tests

❖ 4.5nC 240m acceleration

❖ Fiber-laser-based RF-gun



Positron Generator Development

Kamitani et al.

◆ Flux concentrator

- ❖ Collaborations with BINP and IHEP
- ❖ Finalized optimization of field and mechanical design
- ❖ Fabricated 1st version of 2nd generation, being tested

◆ Large-aperture S-band (LAS) cavity structure

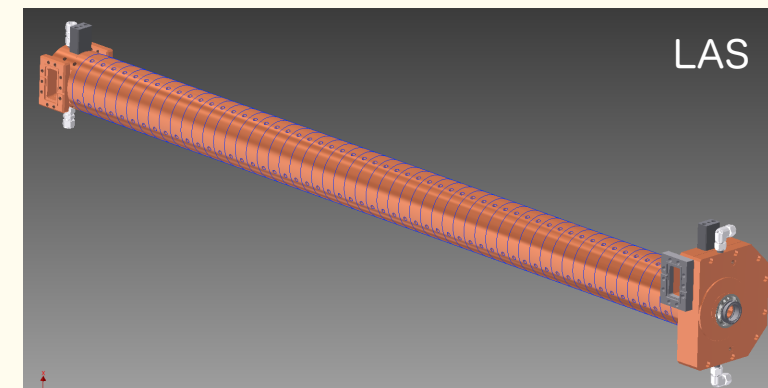
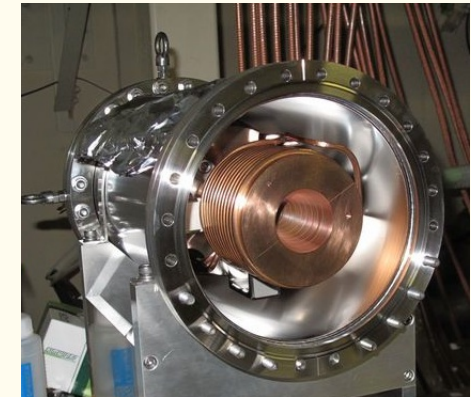
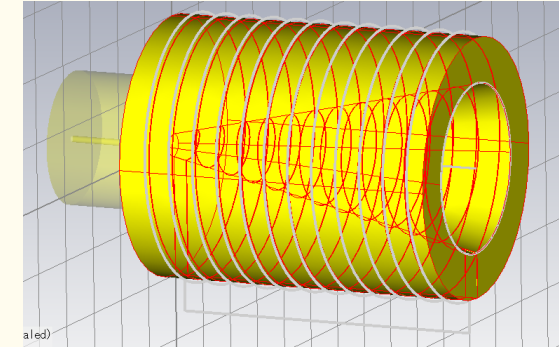
- ❖ Positron capture tracking simulation
- ❖ L-band structure as backup with co-linear load

◆ Magnet design and fabrication

- ❖ Solenoid and pulsed steering and quad magnet system

◆ Reliability

- ❖ Strategy for failed component replacement
- ❖ Acceleration gradient distribution and optimization with backups

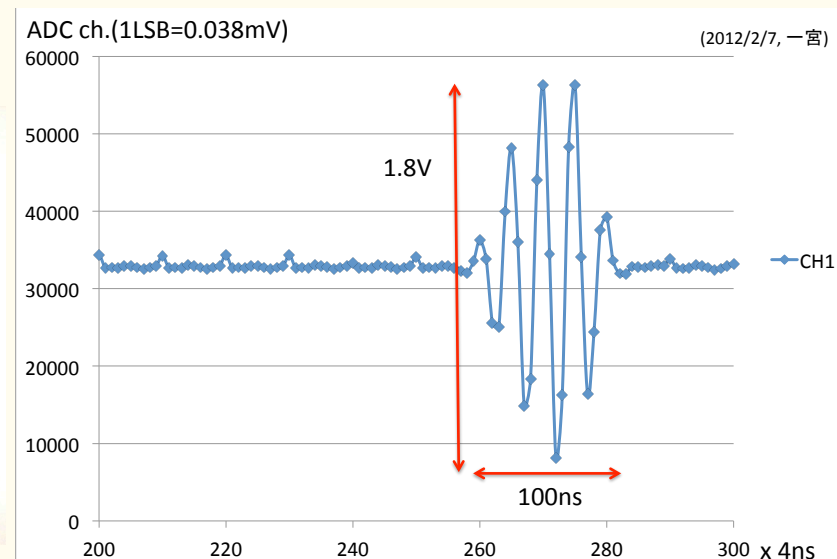
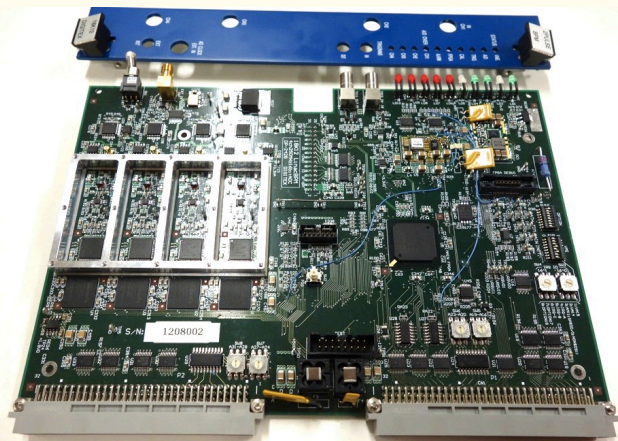


Beam Monitors: BPM and WS Suwada et al.

✧ Limited performance with present 8-bit 10GS/s digitizers (oscilloscopes)

◆ New BPM readout for precise orbit/emittance controls

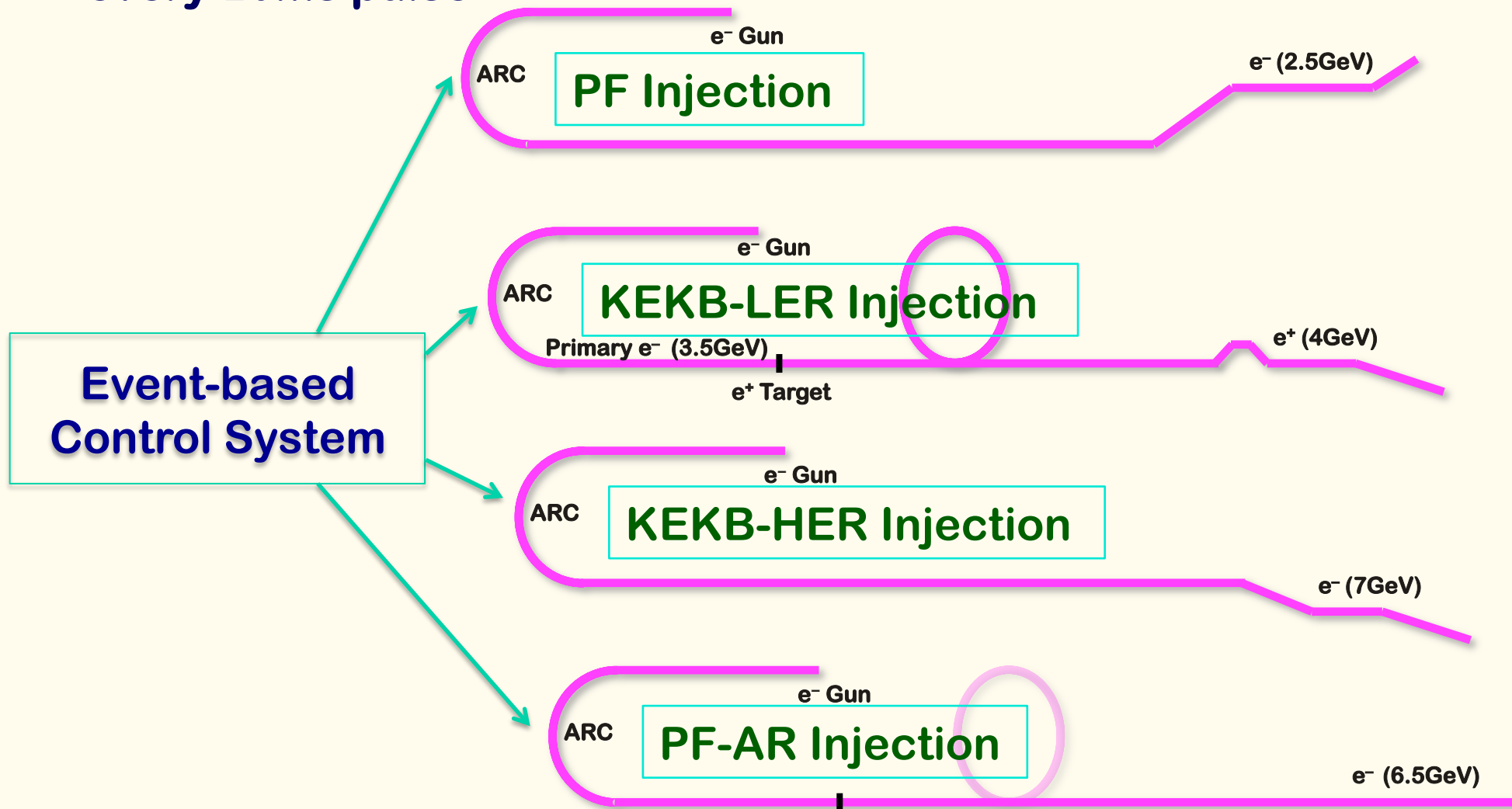
- ❖ Fast attenuator for 0.1-10nC (SuperKEKB, PF, PFAR) dynamic range
- ❖ Helical BSF (300MHz) for 2-bunch (96ns apart) readout
- ❖ 16bit 250MS/s ADC, FPGA data processing
- ❖ 50Hz event-control synchronization



◆ New wire scanner readout was also developed

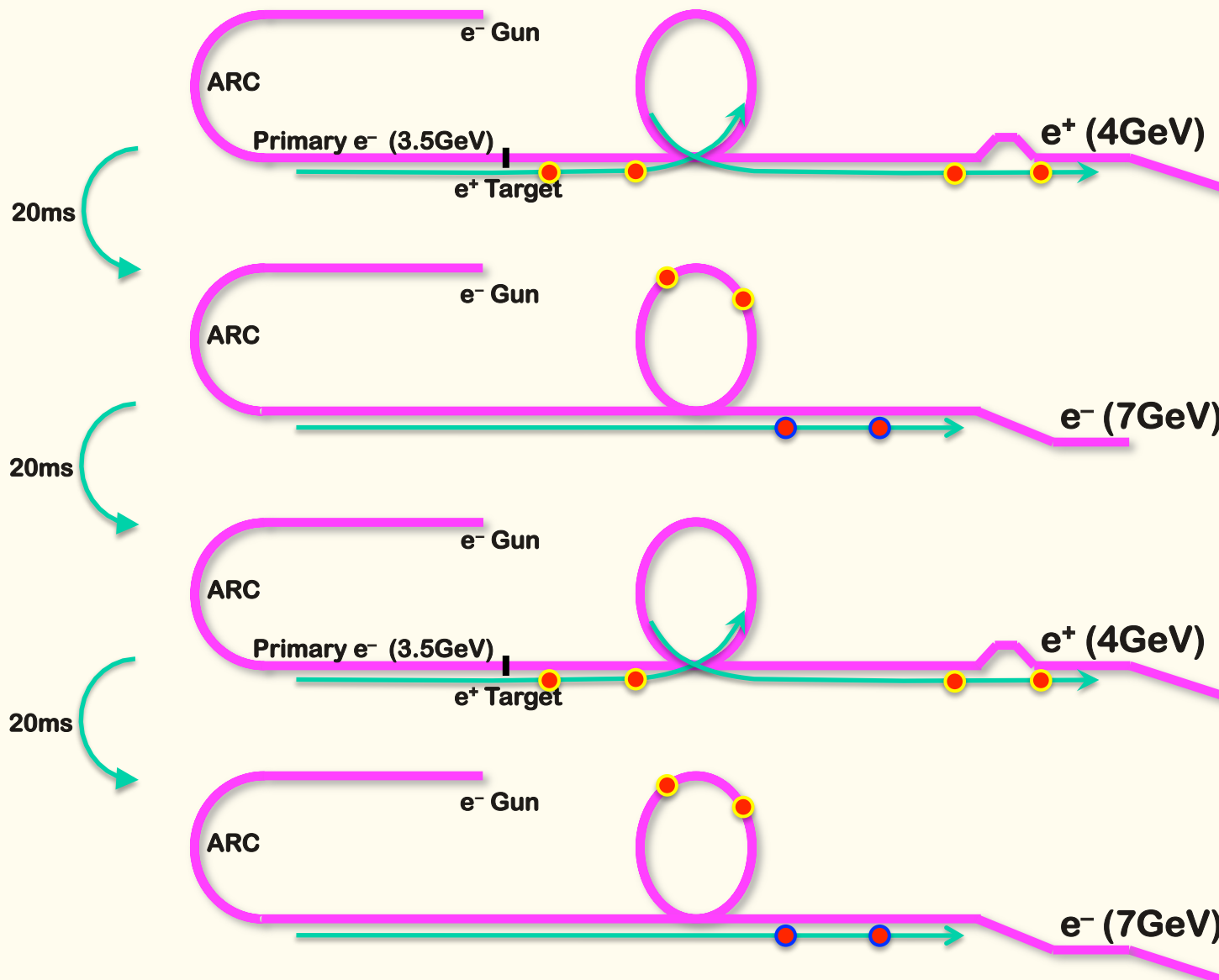
Single Machine, Multiple Virtual Accelerators (VAs)

- ◆ Simultaneous injection, one of the VAs is active at a time
- ◆ Independent parameter set for each VA, ~200 parameters are switched every 20ms pulse



Example of Beam Mode Pattern : e^+ 25Hz / e^- 25Hz

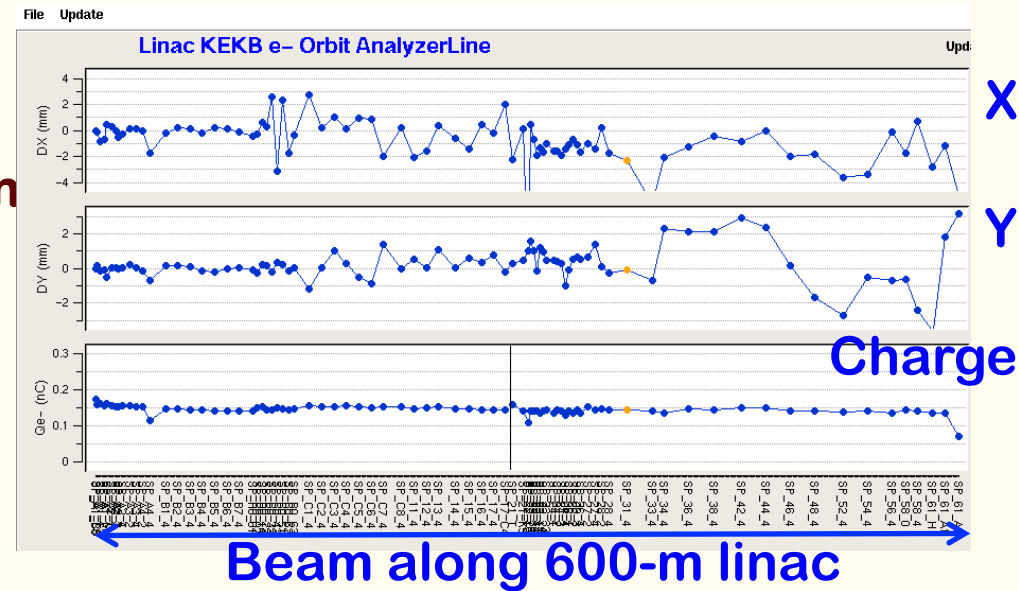
- ◆ Interleaved e^+ and e^- , dependency between pulses mostly decoupled
- ◆ With bucket selection at the both DR and MR



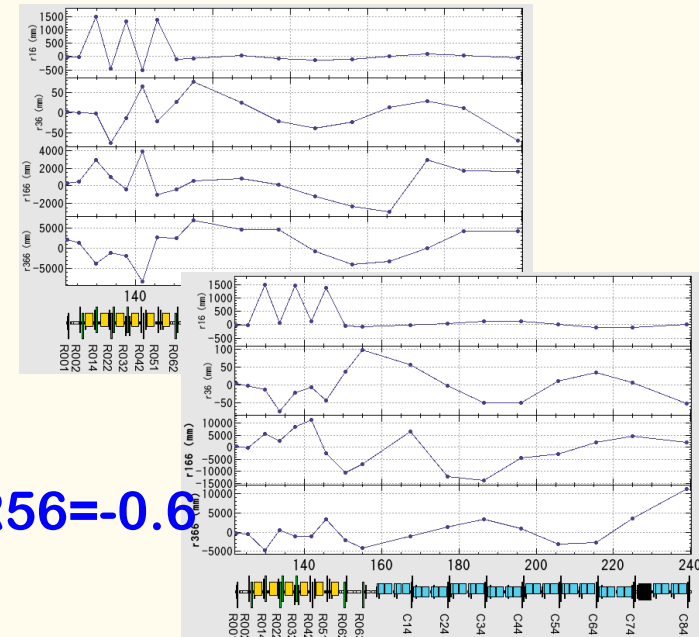
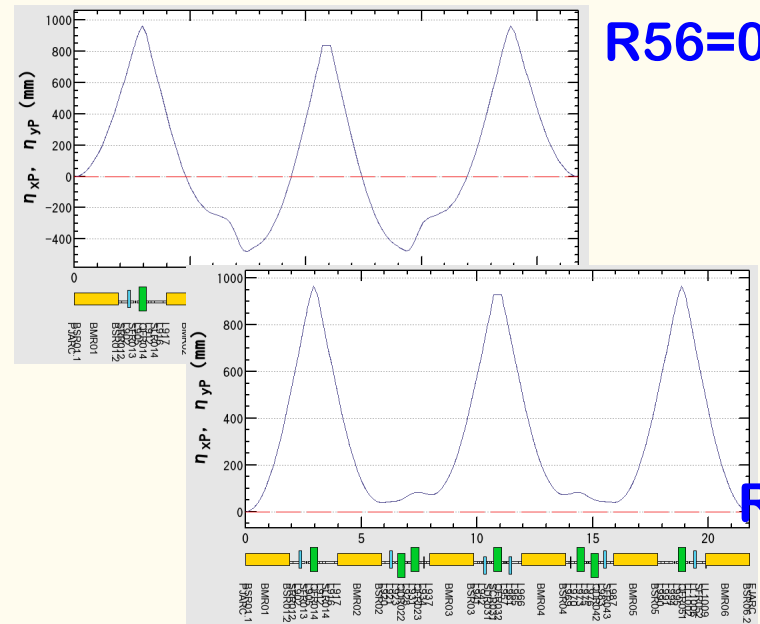


◆ Preliminary Beam Tests in Autumn 2012

- ❖ Beam test along 600-m Linac
- ❖ for the first time after the earthquake
- ❖ Latter half was tuned for PF/PFAR injection
- ❖ Alignment will be recovered by 2014
- ❖ For energy spread optimization
- ❖ Longitudinal beam profile management by photo-cathode RF-gun (30ps square shape) and bunch compression at the middle of linac are crucial



- ✧ Preliminary R56 control was performed
- ✧ Design and measurement of dispersion function with R56=0 and R56=-0.6





Schedule

- ◆ **Winter 2013 : DR switchyard / DR tunnel construction**
- ◆ **Spring 2013 : A1-RF-gun, Alignment**
- ◆ **Summer 2013 : Installation of many components**
 - ❖ ECS, FC (gen.2), DC solenoids, Klystron modulators, WS, etc
- ◆ **Autumn 2013 : e⁻ then e⁺ commissioning (limited current)**
 - ❖ Half Linac: PF injection, Day: construction, Night: commissioning
- ◆ **Spring 2014 : Pulsed steering, Alignment**
- ◆ **Summer 2014 : Installation of additional components**
 - ❖ Cooling water, FC (gen.3), BPM, Pulsed magnets, New PFAR BT, etc
- ◆ **Autumn 2014 : Linac Commissioning**
- ◆ **Winter 2015 : MR (then DR) injection commissioning**
- ◆ ...



Summary

- ◆ Much progress in disaster recovery and construction.
- ◆ Still expecting many challenging items to overcome
- ◆ Many items are connected with beam emittance and energy spread management
- ◆ Injector should start at first !

- ◆ RF Gun (M. Yoshida)
- ◆ Alignment and Support (T. Higo)
- ◆ Positron Source (T. Kamitani)
- ◆ Flux Concentrator Modulator Development (M. Akemoto)
- ◆ Commissioning of Electron Beam (M. Satoh)

- ◆ New Transport Line for PF-AR (H. Takaki)
- ◆ Construction status of the damping ring and the beam transport (N. Iida)
- ◆ Control (T. Nakamura)

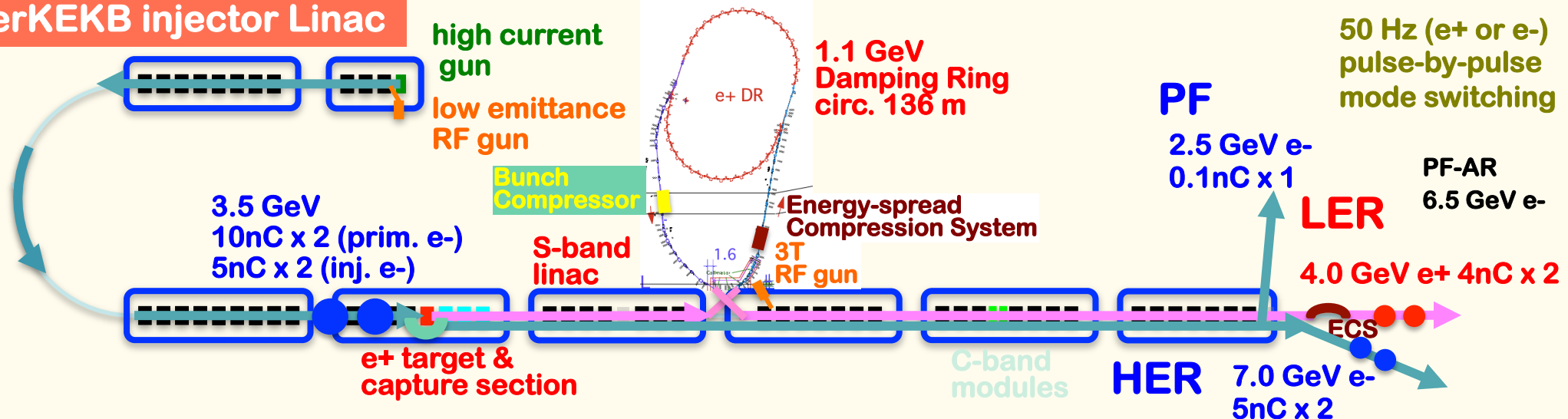


Thank you

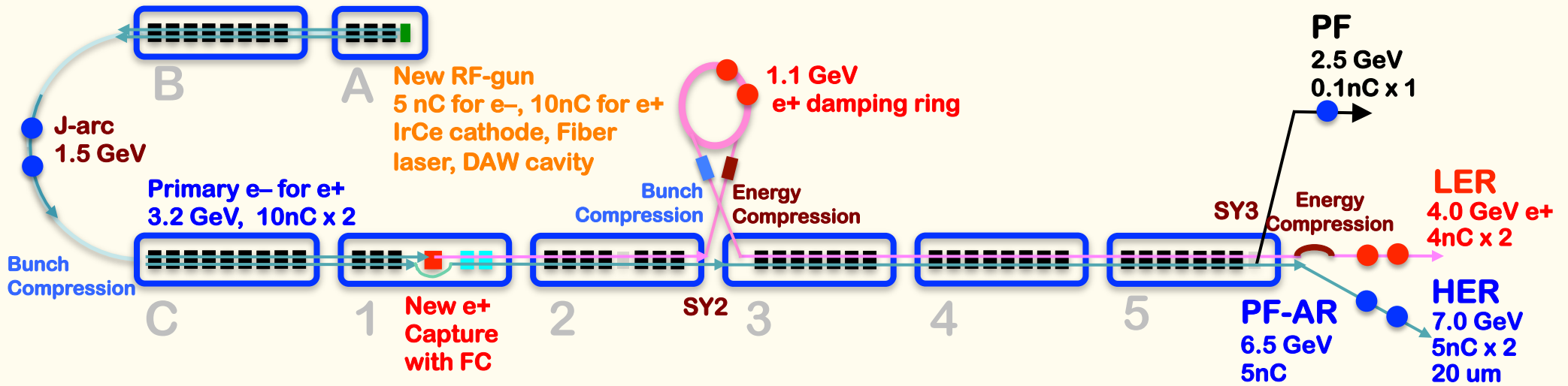
Linac Upgrade for SuperKEKB

- ◆ **Higher Injection Beam Current**
 - ❖ To Meet the larger stored beam current and shorter beam lifetime in the ring
 - ❖ 4~8-times larger bunch current for electron and positron
- ◆ **Lower-emittance Injection Beam**
 - ❖ To meet nano-beam scheme in the ring
 - ❖ Positron with a damping ring, Electron with a photo-cathode RF gun
 - ❖ Emittance preservation by alignment and beam instrumentation
- ◆ **Quasi-simultaneous injections into 4 storage rings**
 - ❖ SuperKEKB e^-/e^+ rings, and light sources of PF and PF-AR
 - ❖ Improvements to beam instrumentation, low-level RF, controls, timing, etc

SuperKEKB injector Linac



Linac Upgrade for SuperKEKB



- ◆ As a high-field (several Tesla) pulsed solenoid for the positron source of the SuperKEKB injector, KEK is going to fabricate a SLAC-type flux concentrator.
- ◆ Technical advices from the IHEP experts and design information by the IHEP drawings are quite useful in the development.

